

## DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men  
ESTABLISHED 1881.  
Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

If You Knew It,  
We believe you'd be after either a Black Dress Suit, Everyday Suit or Overcoat.

WHY?

Overcoats we don't want to carry till next year. What have we to go UNDER PRICE.

Black Suits!

We've made one lot \$18 that were \$25. Another lot \$22.50 down to \$16. The genuine Edward Harris Double and Twist Cassimere—the best goods made in this country—too many of them. Thousands sold at \$18. Today for balance of lot \$13.50

Men's Hats!

Knox's newest spring styles are here with just the curl of brim and cast of crown that fashion calls for. You can likewise see what other leading makers are doing in Silk, Derby, Felt. The spring Broadway Silks are Hat beauties, so are the new Derbies at \$3. A last word of the very special \$2 Derbies and the \$1.50 to \$3 Tourists' Soft Hats.

*The BIG DULUTH*  
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.  
Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

Talking It Over.

That House of Brown's! Dropping in Brown's the other day I was surprised to find it was a house of easy and also EVERYTHING looked. You remarked to Helen at the time that you couldn't understand how it was the Browns were making such headway in the world. "It is strange," replied that charming little woman, "but I think, dear, they buy their Furniture and Carpets on the installment plan." If you recall it you thought how dingy and cheerless was your own little home, despite the fact that it was more prettily appointed here and there in the fixtures. It was the contrast of Brown's place that made it seem shabbier than it really is. But you felt dissatisfied, and Helen was sort of hurt at a remark you made about Brown's wife being a woman of unusual tact. That was making in you.

Fact Is: Mrs. Brown isn't half the manager your own wife is. Brown planned the whole business. He opened an account with F. S. Kelly three years ago, and he has paid off his debts on time, and now he has paid all the bills in full. His wife and her husband saved enough of her table allowance to pay a dollar a week on that pretty Parlor Suit you and Helen thought so lovely. Yes, I told him that Folding Bed and the Bronze Ornaments, too, for the mantel. You see you bought what you have for cash. You feel that you want to deal that way, but you may seem able to get together enough ready money to make a second investment. You know your home looks shabby and you feel ashamed to invite your friends to see you.

That's Not Wise in You! Just determine you're going to make your home a scene of beauty and then come and see me. My arrangement with you will go a long way towards doing the rest. Costs more that way. Nonsense! Some irresponsible house may stick you, but you can rely on what I tell you. You can buy bonds and stocks on a safe investment plan more cheaply than you will pay cash for them at another store in this city.

GIVE THE CASE A TRIAL—Come to me and talk it over. You needn't buy unless you want to, and it will cost you nothing, but your time to examine the stock.

F. S. Kelly,  
EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME,  
EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE  
ON EASY PAYMENTS.  
710 and 712 West Superior Street.

J. M. GEIST,  
THE LEADING HOUSE IN  
Fine Watches,  
Diamonds,  
Jewelry, Etc.

If You Want  
A HAT—  
A STYLISH HAT.  
If You Want  
THE CORRECT  
THING IN A HAT—  
SPRING  
STYLES  
HAVE  
ARRIVED.

IN FACT,  
IF YOU WANT  
TO BE IN THE SWIM  
WEAR  
NOTHING BUT THE

Dunlap Hat!  
CATE & CLARKE,  
Sole Agents.

## THE SENATORS SHAKE

Several Members of the Upper Branch of the Legislature are Trembling in Their Boots.

They Promised to Vote Against Markham Bill and Constituents Making it Warm for Them.

A Democratic Caucus Tonight to Get the Democratic Senators in Line Against the Bill.

ST. PAUL, March 6.—[Special to The Herald.]—There was a slim attendance in the house this morning. A great many petitions are coming in against Wacek's anti-Sunday legislation.

The bill to reduce the expenses and salaries of the board of corrections and charities one-quarter, and Cairns' bill to prevent corrupt practices at elections and to regulate the expenses of the same were passed; also the bill to allow conveyances by separate deeds of property by husband and wife.

The measures which ought to be in the order of things reach final passage this week are the free textbook bill and several others.

The latter is not getting through any too soon, to allow the railroads to make their arrangements for seed. The bill appropriates \$75,000. The Weyman university bill should also go through this week and Winston's election bill will be well advanced.

This wish was opposed by a great

many of the members.

That the promotion was antagonized had a disheartening effect on Father Brady.

Recent developments in the coadjutorship question had added to his grief and contributed to undermine his health.

FRENCH ACADEMICIAN DEAD.

Hippolyte Taine Died Yesterday After a Year's Suffering.

PARIIS, March 6.—The death of Hippolyte Taine, member of the French academy, which was announced in these dispatches last night, was due to diabetes and pulmonary troubles. He had been suffering for a year. His condition became extremely critical a week ago and, acting upon the advice of M. Peugeot, he received injections of the fluid which he fluid which much so much was heard a year or so ago.

After the fluid had been injected M.

Taine rallied and such improvement was shown in his condition that his friends believed that would recover. On Saturday, however, he suffered a relapse.

While he recovered, he again made

warm for the bill, but their constituents have since made

it clear that the bill may pass, and if certain contingencies occur, according to the card it will go through by a substantial majority.

The strongest Democratic bosses in the state have been trying to array all the Democratic senators against this measure, and a cause is to be held tonight by the Democratic senators to get them all lined up against the bill. Much talk is up this cause.

It is probable that some amendment will be tacked upon the bill at any rate, if it passes.

SHE RECEIVED A CHECK.

Sudden End of a Suit Against a Vanderbilt for \$100,000.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The action of Mary E. Vanderbilt to recover \$100,000 damages from Capt. Jacob Vanderbilt was dismissed on consent by Judge Trux, of the supreme court, today. The action was brought for the alleged alienation of affection of the husband, Jacob Vanderbilt, got their heads together and Mrs. Vanderbilt, it is declared, received a check and gave Capt. Vanderbilt his release. She and Jacob were married in this city in the spring of 1885. Jacob was then a widower with two children. They had a son and daughter and assumed names, as Jacob said he did not want his father to know of the match.

To conceal the marriage, Jacob spent part of each week with his parents. He remained away a week, and came back a changed man, saying his son had died of consumption. He had wanted her to consent to a separation but she declined. She has an action pending against him for a limited divorce.

NOW THE OFFICE SEEKERS.

Sight Seers Leaving Washington and the Place Hunters Arriving.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—All the morning Pennsylvania avenue has echoed with the music of military bands escorting the returning delegations to the depot. The delightful weather elicits innumerable expressions of regret that like could not have been had on Saturday.

Thousands of visitors are leaving every hour, but nevertheless many thousands will remain for the concert in the inauguration ball room and the electrical illumination of the avenue and the fireworks tonight. As the sight-seers disperse, the office seekers begin to take their places.

NOW HIGHER WAGES.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Representatives of all railroads running into this city were waited upon at noon today by the engineering committee of the Switchmen's Union. All associations and represented with a request for an increase of five cents an hour in the wages of all switchmen employed in this city. The request included non-union men as well as union men, the former having empowered the representatives of the latter to act for them.

TRAGEDY IN IRELAND.

DUBLIN, March 6.—A tragedy is reported from Tralee in the county of Kerry, where political feelings run high between the factions. James Casey, the town clerk of Tralee, got into a quarrel with Whelan, the rate collector, in the board room and shot Whelan fatally. The latter is now dying. The affair has caused intense excitement.

WAS FATALLY BURNED.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 6.—The residence of James K. Miller, on East Twelfth street, was destroyed by fire at noon today. The fire was caused by an explosion of a gasometer. Mrs. Miller, a 4-year-old daughter of Mr. Miller was fatally burned. Mr. Miller was seriously injured in trying to rescue the child.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP BOOMERS.

CORNUCOPIA, March 6.—Two more

troops of cavalry passed through here

today en route to the Cherokee strip,

making six troops that have gone from

Fort Reno, and more will follow from

Fort Sill. They have orders to clear the

the语音 and the pitching and rolling

of the vessel made Senator Morgan ex-

tremely ill.

AN ACCIDENTAL ACCEPTANCE.

WICHITA, March 6.—The World's

fair commissioners and directors had an

interview with President Cleveland in

order to invite him to participate in the

opening of the World's fair May 1. The

president gave a conditional acceptance,

contingent on the state of public busi-

ness at the time.

IS ANOTHER ST. GEORGE.

On Thursday last the complaint was

filed in a divorce suit by John Cadot

against Philiom Cadot in which he

charged her with adultery with various

persons among them Joseph St. George.

St. George referred to is not Joseph

St. George who has lived on Minnesota

Point for years and is well known but is

supposed to be a man living at Port

Arthur.

THE PANTON & WATSON.

## KALID'S COUP FAILED.

The Son of the Dead Sultan of Zanzibar Tried to Succeed to the Throne.

Took Possession of the Palace But the British Threatened to Carry It By Storm.

Kalid Yielded and Was Made a Prisoner, While Hamid Was Proclaimed to Be Sultan.

ZANZIBAR, March 6.—Alibin Said, sultan of Zanzibar, is dead. He was a brother of the former sultans, Khalifa and Burghash, and succeeded to the sultanate on the death of the former in February, 1890. He was born in 1855. No sooner was it known that the sultan was dead than his son Kalid gained admittance to the palace by a back entrance, evidently with the intention of claiming the throne in defiance of British authority.

Kalid caused the portals of the palace to be closed and took refuge within, to defend himself in the structure which besides being the most magnificent residence in Zanzibar, is also very strongly built for defense.

Gen. Matthews, acting in the absence of Sir Charles Poole, who is en route to Uganda as British commissioner, to improve the situation of that country, took a prompt and vigorous course. Proceeding to the palace with a strong force of troops, he demanded that the gates be opened or otherwise the palace would be burnt down if necessary.

Kalid was dismayed by the resolute attitude of the British who were supported by the native authorities generally, and he saw no prospect of success if he should challenge a conflict. Many of the British troops had been sent to Zanzibar on account of British opposition to the slave trade and for other reasons, but they did not dare to come out openly in defiance of the British.

Kalid, and those who acted with him, concluded to yield and the British forces, who had been thrown upon him, were admitted to the palace under a guard of soldiers, and Hamid, who has been designated heir to the throne and recognized as such by the British, was proclaimed sultan of Zanzibar and installed on account of the British protectorate.

The reign of the late sultan was very eventful, he having in 1890 accepted a British protectorate over his domains in Africa which he ceded to Germany for 4,000,000 marks, and having taken vigorous steps to extinguish the slave traffic and also having recently declared Zanzibar a free port except as to wine, opium and tobacco.

The natives are reported to be thoroughly overawed by the energetic action of the British, and Hamid is quietly accepted as sovereign.

CHILEANS ARE PLEASED

The Inauguration of President Cleveland Gratifying to Them.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The Herald's Valparaiso correspondent cables: Mr. Cleveland's inauguration as president and the retirement of Mr. Harrison will result in the restoration of the friendly relations between that republic and Chile. The sentiment of Chileans on this subject is shown by the following message which was forwarded by cable to President Cleveland by the Chilean executive:

"Santiago, March 6.—President Cleveland, Washington. The government of Chile and the Chilean people, recognizing your political attitude in the past, consider that your re-election as chief magistrate of the United States is a pledge that your government will preserve the friendly relations which exist between our two countries.

"We are gratified to learn that the Chilean government has been appointed to a high position in the name of the Chilean nation as well as in my personal regard for you and your people and our deepest sympathy for you and them. Permit me to express the hope that your aims and motives will produce the best results for the people of the United States."

This message is endorsed by all Chileans, who have received with delight the announcement made yesterday that United States Minister Patrick Egan will forward his resignation to Washington Wednesday. It is learned that the resignation of Mr. Conger as minister to Brazil has already been sent to Washington.

All the newspapers published in Valparaiso print eulogistic editorials on President Cleveland. They express the opinion that his assumption of the presidency is a guarantee of peace of South America. American flags were displayed Saturday in many parts of the city in honor of Mr. Cleveland's inauguration and as an indication of the change of administration in Valparaiso concerning the change of administration.

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## REVOLT IN HONDURAS.

It May Lead to President Leiva's Overthrow and Involve all Central America in War.

Bonilla and Sierra Head the Revolutionists and They Make up a Very Strong Combination.

They Defeated Gen. Matute With Very Heavy Loss and Captured the Town of Choluteca.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The Herald's correspondent cables: A new revolution has broken out in southern Honduras which may lead to the overthrow of President Porfirio Leiva and possibly involve all the Central American republics in war. Bonilla is the leader of the new revolt. Gen. Terencio Sierra is chief of the revolutionary army which Bonilla has organized, and together they make up the strongest combination that could be formed in southern Honduras.

Bonilla's first victory was won yesterday at Choluteca, where he was supported by a force of 1500 men commanded by Gen. Matute. With an army of only 1000 men Bonilla and Gen. Sierra attacked the forces garrisoned at Choluteca. They met with resistance and a protracted battle was fought on the plaza.

The losses on each side were heavy and many buildings were destroyed, but the details of the fatalities have not yet reached this city. After more than two hours of fighting Gen. Matute's shattered army was forced to retreat leaving Choluteca and large amounts of arms and many prisoners in the hands of Bonilla's victorious army.

Excited by their victory and determined to make the most of it Gen. Sierra and his forces are pushing toward Tegucigalpa, hoping to capture the capital and proclaim the success of the revolution before the government has had time to recover from the surprise occasioned by the hard-won victory of Choluteca. Success at Tegucigalpa seems quite probable.

President Leiva is not at the capital. The revolutionists appear to have taken advantage of his absence to strike a decisive blow. He was warned of the outbreak at Comayagua and from there has long been trying to defend Tegucigalpa. A battle is expected to take place within a few days.

Meanwhile complications are arising which may bring about general war among the Central American republics. President Leiva accuses the government of Nicaragua of aiding Bonilla. It has telegraphed President Sacasa at Managua demanding an explanation.

President Leiva expects to have the aid of Guatemala, and should Sacasa attempt to reinforce Bonilla both Costa Rica and El Salvador declare war against Nicaragua, and thus involve all the Central American republics save one in bloodshed.

### BERING SEA ARBITRATION.

American and Canadian Commissioners Confer in London.

LONDON, March 6.—Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian high commissioner to London who represents Canada in the Bering sea arbitration, called today upon H. M. Foster, formerly United States secretary of state, who has charge of the American case before the court of arbitration.

Mr. Foster arrived at Southampton Sunday and at once proceeded to London where he is staying at Savoy Hotel. Sir Charles and Mr. Foster discussed the details of the conference at considerable length. Mr. Foster will return to Southampton to attend the banquet which is to be given in honor of the arrival there of the first steamer of the American line's fleet.

### THE BIG FOUR VICTORIOUS.

The Switchmen's Strike Has Been Finally Declared Off.

SPRINGFIELD, O., March 6.—The Big Four road has come out victorious in the switchmen's strike here. The switchmen declared the strike off yesterday and with a few exceptions made application to be reinstated in their old places.

Supt. Gibson says the applications are passed upon just as the men were new appointed and will be accepted and accepted upon their merits. The strike has been on a month now Monday. It is understood that the road made no concessions regarding payment of overtime for which the men struck.

### Capt. McCullough Dead.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Police Captain John A. McCullough died at the Thirtieth street police station at 6 o'clock this morning. His death was caused by purulent meningitis. Capt. McCullough, who was 53 years old, has been connected with the New York police department since 1864 and was considered one of the most efficient officers on the force.

### Hans Mattson Dead.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 6.—Ex-Secretary of State Hans Mattson died yesterday of fatal degeneration. He was a member of the commandant of the Third Minnesota volunteers and did active service at the time of Sioux outbreak. He was 69 years of age. He served two terms as secretary of state.

### A Lumberman Killed.

STILLWATER, Minn., March 6.—An accident occurred on the Northwestern road, near Baraboo, Wis., at 11:30 Saturday night, in which John Glaspie, the well-known millionaire lumberman of this city, was instantly killed. Glaspie was about 40 years old and had resided in Stillwater for many years.

### He Will Recover.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Ex-Postmaster General James D. Smith, who is ill with pneumonia, is reported as improving, and his physicians express the hope that he will have entirely recovered in a few days.

### Republican Victories.

MADRID, March 6.—The election here

yesterday has resulted in the choice of six Republicans and two ministerialists. Several provinces have made a Republican majority. The civil governor of Madrid has resigned.

**SCENE IN A CHURCH.**  
Bishop O'Farrell's Letter Could Not be Read by the Priest.

SWEDENSBORO, N. J., March 6.—Rev. Wm. Tracy and his brother yesterday created a scene when Rev. Father Leahy, who was sent here by Bishop O'Farrell to take charge of the parish, attempted to read the bishop's letter to the parishers.

Rev. Wm. Tracy stood dramatically upon the altar and loudly commanded Father Leahy not to read the letter. The priest was accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Garrison and Constable Taylor whom he ordered to arrest Father Leahy if the latter persisted in reading the letter.

There was instant excitement in the church and a serious outbreak was imminent. Father Leahy saw that the letter was to be almost unsinkable.

The Treasurers are in possession of the rectory and openly defy the authority of Monsignor Satelli and Bishop O'Farrell. They say Rome alone can control them. Legal means will be taken by Father Leahy to secure possession of the rectory.

### A POLL OF THE SENATE.

How the New Senate Stands on Three Leading Questions.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The World prints the result of a poll of the new senators on the three leading questions of the day, viz.: The repeal of the Sherman silver law; the repeal of the McKinley tariff; the action of Hawaii.

As far as the entire thirty-nine senators are in favor of the repeal of the Sherman silver law, twenty-eight opposed to repeal, while sixteen are non-committal.

In regard to the McKinley law forty-one senators declare themselves in favor of repeal, thirty-three oppose the repeal and nine are non-committal.

On the Hawaiian question forty vote in favor of annexation when opportunity offers, while twenty oppose it, twenty-six declining to express their views on the subject.

### MITCHELL STILL IN DANGER.

May Be Arrested For His Share in the Sullivan-Kilrain Fight.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Charles Mitchell is still in danger of arrest for his share in the Sullivan-Kilrain fight. Two deputy sheriffs who are after the reward are expected this morning.

The Crescent City club will have to see Mr. Mitchell through. It guaranteed him \$1000 to remain here.

The young man claimed that the contracts were given to him in Chicago for the purpose of making collections on behalf of the miners and that when he forged money it was not aware of it. An investigation was made by the police and it was learned that the young man's story was true and he has been discharged from custody.

### MORE GOLD SHIPPED.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The Allard, sailing for Europe tomorrow, will take out \$1,300,000 gold shipped by Heidelberg,ickelheimer & Co., and \$1,000,000 by Lazard Frères, making a total of \$2,300,000.

### Visitors Are Growing More Numerous.

CINCINNATI, O., March 6.—The Dennis Thompson "Old Homestead" company left here yesterday without George Beane, one of its leading members. Mr. Beane was stricken Saturday night with apoplexy. His life was in danger yesterday but toward evening he grew somewhat better.

The attack of apoplexy was followed by paralysis and the physicians fear the last attack will prove fatal. Mr. Beane is one of the oldest and best known comedians in America. He is 64 years old and has been Thompson's leading support for fifteen years.

### WAS CRUSHED TO DEATH.

A Rear End Collision in Which a Woman Was Killed.

ST. PAUL, March 6.—A bad rear end collision occurred at Bellingham yesterday. A mixed train was standing at the station when a freight train crashed into it. The mail and passenger coaches were telescoped.

Fires broke out immediately and the cars were soon destroyed. Mrs. Fernand of Bellingham, had just taken a seat in the coach and was crushed to death.

### GIVEN UP.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 6.—Four roads said Con. O'Leary, of Toronto, known as the "Great Western," a game scientific golf contest last night at a road house near this city. The principals entered the ring about 11:30 o'clock and after fighting eight hot rounds in which Maloy was severely punished, Richard Fails, who was beaten and Maloy, tossed the sponge into the ring.

### LOWED THE RECORD.

ST. PAUL, March 6.—S. D. Smith, of this city, yesterday lowered the world's skating record for twenty-five miles. The principals entered the ring about 11:30 o'clock and after fighting eight hot rounds in which Maloy was severely punished, Richard Fails, who was beaten and Maloy, tossed the sponge into the ring.

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### MANY VESSELS OVERDUE.

Steamship Men in New York Now Guessing Their Fate.

**SCENE IN A CHURCH.**  
Bishop O'Farrell's Letter Could Not be Read by the Priest.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Grim old ocean is still holding the secret of the non-appearance of a small fleet of ocean steamships all overdue from four days to a fortnight, and the most experienced and shrewdest men in the steamship business wonder what news from the fleet will be received and what its nature will be when it comes.

On the maritime exchange today, groups of shipping men discussed the probable fate of the big new freighter, the White Star Line, which wondered if she has anything to do with the delay in the arrival of the National Line, Italy and the Saint Enoch, which are both overdue and pass over the same ocean path as the White Star.

On board the liner, the crew of the Albatross, left Antwerp Feb. 17, and the Pomerian from Glasgow, which is overdue three days, is also a mystery. Of all this fleet the Albatross is the only steamship fitted with the latest wireless equipment, and the crew are believed to be almost unsinkable.

The Treasurers are in possession of the rectory and openly defy the authority of Monsignor Satelli and Bishop O'Farrell. They say Rome alone can control them. Legal means will be taken by Father Leahy to secure possession of the rectory.

### WHAT CAN BE USED IN CHINA.

Lead From British Columbia Mines For the Mongolians.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 6.—The steamship Empress of China sails today for the Orient. Among her passengers is Walter Davidson, of London, England, who has been in this city for some months investigating into the mines here.

He thinks a good market for lead from these mines could be found in China, where it could be extensively used in the manufacture of tea chests. China uses 100,000 tons annually, the bulk coming from England. Mr. Davidson will go to China and look into the matter.

### HIS STORY WAS TRUE.

A Young Man Charged With Uttering Forged Papers Released.

BOSTON, March 6.—Lewis Fresco, 22 years old, was arrested in this city last Friday charged with attempting to obtain money by uttering forged paper contracts for advertising in a Chicago publication.

The young man claimed that the contracts were given to him in Chicago for the purpose of making collections on behalf of the miners and that he forged money it was not aware of it. An investigation was made by the police and it was learned that the young man's story was true and he has been discharged from custody.

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Lead From British Columbia Mines For the Mongol

## HEARTILY WELCOMED.

An Ovation Tendered to ex-President Harrison on His Return to His Old Home Today.

Five Thousand People Gathered at the Union Station and Cheered Him When He Appeared.

He Will be Given a Grand Public Reception at the State House This Evening.

INDIANAPOLIS. March 6.—Ex-President Benjamin Harrison arrived home today in a special train over the Pennsylvania road. He was given a reception as a citizen of Indianapolis that was far greater than any he ever received during his term in the United States. The crowd was larger than that which bade him God speed when he left for inauguration four years ago.

The members of the committee met him at Knightstown. When the popular ex-president entered Union station he was greeted with cheers from 5000 spectators and as the ex-president walked through the depot with Mrs. McKeen, he was tendered an ovation. From the gates of the depot to the carriage a twenty-foot path had been laid with carpeting. The path, each side of the path was thronged with women who had come to welcome the great man.

As the ex-president passed along, many of these touched him and waved handkerchiefs in his face and cheered. When he reached his home where the ex-president, Mrs. McKeen and the other members of the family were seated in the front carriage. About this carriage delegations from the Columbia and Marion clubs formed an escort of honor. The American Consul and travelers were also represented. Various other organizations sent delegates.

In the second carriage, Rev. Matthews and Judges Woods and Baker of the federal court were seated. The carriage and their constituents strolled slowly through the great throng and passed up Illinois street to Washington street and thence by way of Pennsylvania street to the Denison house. Along the line of march the buildings were all decorated with flags and portraits and from every window, bankeholders and hats were waved.

The carriages stopped momentarily at the Denison, but the ex-president did not alight. After explaining his indisposition to address the crowd, the carriage was driven down, ran up Delaware street to the home where the members of the reception committee were dismissed and the ex-president went into domestic privacy. Tonight at the state house he will be given a reception of a public character.

THE CABINET CONFIRMED.

President Cleveland's Selections Met With the Senate's Approval.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—At 11:50 Mai Pruden, the president's executive clerk, appeared on the floor of the senate bearing the nominations of officers of President Cleveland's cabinet as follows:

Walter O. Gresham, of Illinois, to be secretary of state; John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, to be secretary of the treasury; Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, to be secretary of war; Robert C. V. of Massachusetts, to be attorney general; Wilson S. Bissell, of New York, to be postmaster general; Hillary A. Herbert, of Alabama, to be secretary of the navy; Hoke Smith, of Georgia, to be secretary of the interior; Julius Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, to be secretary of agriculture.

After the journal of Saturday's session was read Mr. Pruden presented his message and on motion of Senator Harris the senate went into executive session.

The senate sat in session confirming the cabinet nominations.

Mr. Call introduced the resolution which he had offered last session in relation to the public lands in Florida and to the interference of railroad companies in that state with the election of senators, but no objection was made by Mr. Wolcott and the resolution went over without action.

Mr. Sherman said that he desired to introduce a joint resolution to amend the constitution.

Mr. Harris—"Did I understand the senator to say 'joint resolution'?"

Mr. Sherman—"Yes; I simply want to introduce it for reference."

The joint resolution was read. It proposed that the terms of office of president and vice president should be for six years and that they should continue in office until the day of the next election of the 30th of April, 1897; that the senators whose terms would expire on the 4th of March, 1897, shall continue in office until noon of the 30th of April; and that that time should thereafter be appointed for the next March 4th the commencement and termination of the official terms of the president, vice president, senators and representatives in congress.

Mr. Harris—"Let the joint resolution lie on the table for the present."

The joint resolution was laid on the table and at 12:35 the senate adjourned until Thursday next at noon.

War on Engineers.

OSSOSSO, Mich., March 6.—War has been declared on the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers by the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railroads. It is announced here to-day that Chief Arthur is about to break all the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan road's connections at all points.

Judge Gresham Resigned.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Judge Gresham has filed his resignation as judge of the Seventh circuit and it has been accepted.

NARROW PARTISANSHIP.

The Small Spirit Exhibited By Certain News papers.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Kindly permit me through the columns of your paper to say a few words

regarding what some newspapers (and the News Tribune this morning especially), think are pleasing to their readers. The editorials one finds within their columns are surely amazing. Now the News Tribune seems to think its readers are a set of narrow minded, un-patriotic, senseless individuals.

The way the News tries to steer President Harrison and several other states to power is ridiculous and shows a little spiteful disposition. The experience of that writer has no doubt been confined to the rural districts and he is rather startled by language not of the stereotyped speech of the political editorials of speech. Cleveland is honest; he does not deny it. Cleveland speaks the truth when he spoke of personal attachment. Speaking the truth the News calls egotism.

Cleveland inaugurates a period where parenthesis carried to extreme limits is not to be tolerated, and the country will be the better for it, and such papers as the News would give more pleasure to their reader, of whatever political faith, in trying to stir up a strong feeling on important occasions as is the swearing in of our president, instead of trying to baffle such great events.

Critics are supposed to possess superior ability which enables them to criticize to be considered worthy of the News' attention. The editor of the News Tribune can hardly pass as the censor of the president, for hardly think the public will consider that even the editorial department of the News is able to improve upon the president's address—judging from their able editorial. I should say I hardly think so myself.

J. LANGSTON.

Duluth, March 6.

EX-JUDGE PAXSON.

He Surprised His Friends by Resigning an Honorable and Lucrative Office.

The chief justice of Pennsylvania holds the same rank as Edward Everett, who was 80 years old when he was senior judge when Chief Justice Paxson resigned that place to become one of the receivers of the Reading railroad combination. He is succeeded by the senior associate justice, James P. Bunnell, of Bryn Mawr, Pa., James Malcolm W. Ford, A. Maffett, Joseph F. Doneghey, C. L. Nicoll, W. C. Johnson, Mortimer Remington, C. A. J. Quackenbush, P. J. Berle and A. F. Copeland.

Duluth, March 6.

THE CHERRY DIAMOND NO MORE.

A Receiver Will Sell the Manhattan Athletic Club's Home.

The most ambitious athletic club in America—the Manhattan A. C. of New York city has joined the ranks of many of the clubs which have merged in. The Manhattan club house on Madison avenue and Forty-fifth street has been closed, and the receiver of the organization's affairs will sell the big building for the benefit of numerous enterprises. The clubhouse was erected in 1880 at a cost of over \$1,000,000 and is probably the finest structure of the kind in America.

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**EVENING HERALD.**  
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE  
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.  
Business and editorial rooms in The Herald  
Building, 220 West Superior street, Duluth—  
Business office, 2d floor, two rings; editorial rooms  
2d, three rings.  
Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York.  
A. E. Story, Manager.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**  
Daily, per copy ..... \$1.00  
Daily, per three months ..... 1.80  
Daily, per month ..... .60  
Weekly per year ..... 1.50

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

Entered at the post office at Duluth, Minn., as  
second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER REPORTER, DULUTH, Minn.,  
March 6.—Generally fair weather prevails in all  
sections, with a slight abatement of the cold in  
the north. The lake is still open, though the  
north of Lake Superior, moving northwest,  
is beyond reach of the wind.

The temperature is below zero; the warmest spot at Memphis, Tenn., it is 6  
below zero; St. Paul, 2°; La Crosse, 1°; Duluth, 1°;  
Milwaukee, 13°; Chicago, 22°; Cincinnati, 30°;  
St. Louis, 32°.

No precipitation fell in the country yesterday  
except a light snow flurry at Ste. Marie, Mich.  
The temperature at Duluth was 32° yesterday  
falling again to 6° during the night.

DULUTH, March 6.—Continued fair weather;  
slightly warmer, variable winds. H. B. Bassett,  
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 6.—For Wisconsin: Fair,  
followed by local snows. Tuesday and Wednesday  
night, a general snowfall, with moderate  
temperatures. Wednesday night, for Minnesota: Fair;  
followed by local snows in northern portion;  
warmer Tuesday night, with moderate winds.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new  
building at 220 West Superior street, mid-  
way between Second and Third avenues,  
where it will be able to handle its  
rapidly expanding business to better ad-  
vantage. The business office will be  
found on the first floor and the editorial  
rooms on the third floor from the Su-  
perior street main entrance.

The Power of the Press.

The conviction of Volanti Tuboli in  
district court on Saturday for one of the  
grossest crimes on the calendar is a case  
where justice has been done. It is due  
almost entirely to The Herald, that this  
result has been reached. Repeated  
efforts were made by people cognizant  
of the facts to induce the county attorney  
to take proceedings and order Tu-  
boli's arrest, but they were unsuccessful.  
Finally they came to The Herald and  
asked if something could not be done to  
secure the justice that they were denied  
at the county attorney's office.

An investigation of the case was at  
once made by The Herald, and once  
more the facts were laid before the  
county attorney. He again declined to  
trust his direction, the navy department  
has made great strides. This is also  
true of the interior department, where a  
more liberal policy towards the Western  
settlers has been pursued with advan-  
tage to both the government and the  
settlers. The war department  
has been well maintained, and the  
department of justice was excellently ad-  
ministered. Secretary Ruska has made  
the department of agriculture one of the  
most efficient and important portfolios  
in the cabinet, and Mr. Wanamaker has  
improved the postal service in some re-  
spects although he has made several  
glaring mistakes.

Under Mr. Blaine's direction the de-  
partment of state was highly successful  
in its management of foreign relations  
and asserted the American policy in a  
vigorous manner that commanded re-  
spect. His work in extending the re-  
ciprocity treaties with various countries  
will stand as a perpetual monument to  
his far-sighted judgment and statesman-  
like ability. Mr. Foster, who succeeded him  
in this portfolio, closely followed the  
course which had been initiated.

Determined that the wrong done this  
poor girl should be avenged, The  
Herald published the facts, although  
when the county attorney learned of this  
intention he endeavored to prevent the  
publication by promising to lay the  
matter before the grand jury when it  
was convened. The Herald was satisfied,  
however, that before the grand jury met  
Tuboli would be far distant from  
Duluth. It was not mistaken. The pub-  
lication of the story forced the county  
attorney to take action, and not too soon, because it was  
found by the officer who was dispatched  
to make the arrest that Tuboli had dis-  
posed of all his property and was pre-  
paring to leave the country.

To the Herald, therefore, belongs the  
credit of having secured justice in this  
case. It is also noteworthy that it is the  
only criminal case of a serious nature  
at the present term of court in which the  
defendant has been convicted.

The Proper Bridge.

While all the bridge bills are now  
buried for a year, or until the next con-  
gress assembly, it will do no harm to  
continue the discussion of the question  
and endeavor to reach some agreement  
on the part of the people of Duluth and  
Superior. By the term the people, The  
Herald does not mean two or three people  
who are interested in securing bridge  
franchises, but the mass of citizens who  
pay the taxes and will be compelled to  
pay for these bridges whenever the two  
municipalities decide to purchase them  
from the construction companies.

The Herald has already expressed its  
opinion that the Rice's Point bridge  
should provide for steam cars as well as  
other forms of traffic, and it is pleased  
to notice that this view is endorsed by Capt. Alex.  
McDougall. Heretofore it has been  
supposed that he was opposed to another  
bridge at this point, but a recent inter-  
view which he gave to a reporter shows  
that he has concluded that the erection  
of a bridge would be a great conven-  
ience to the people of the two cities and  
that any little delay in navigation which  
it would occasion cannot be allowed to  
stand in the way of the interests of the  
two cities.

The captain also sensibly declares that  
when a bridge is being built it should be  
a large one that will accommodate steam  
cars as well as electric cars and foot and  
wagon traffic, thus obviating the  
necessity of another bridge in the  
near future and consequently another  
interference to some extent with navigation. "Let us make it  
ample to accommodate steam cars as  
well as electric cars," he said to an in-  
terviewer. "If we don't, the first thing

we know the railroads will get permission  
to build their bridge alongside the  
first one. Greater strides have been  
made in steel bridge building during the  
last ten years than in almost any other  
class of work, and as a result you can  
get a finer structure at a cost much less  
than ten years ago. I am in favor of  
making the bridge wide enough for two  
steam railroad tracks say on the east  
side and two electric railway tracks on  
the west side, each of the latter being  
planked by a sidewalk. We want no  
high bridge—the wind might blow it  
over some day."

Capt. McDougall has the correct view  
on this question. It is the view that  
must finally prevail.

The Late Administration.

The achievements of President Harri-  
son's administration can hardly be re-  
viewed at this time without some degree  
of bias or prejudice. It will remain for  
the future historian to calmly review the  
record and do the administration justice.  
Looking at this question, however, in as  
fair a manner as is possible to one who  
has lived in the country during the four  
years that the administration held office,  
it must be conceded that President Har-  
rison well and faithfully performed his  
duty.

While there was little brilliant about  
the administration outside the state de-  
partment, it was conservative, sagacious,  
strong and intensely American. That  
the standard of the public service was  
raised there can be no doubt. Mr. Har-  
rison's appointments as a rule were  
good; his judicial appointments  
were particularly good. Aside from the  
scandals which appear to be insepar-  
able from the pension office, and which  
there is good reason to believe are origi-  
nated by the pension agent sharks when  
they find a commissioner to their scheming, there  
has been no odium connected with the  
administration. All the departments  
have been well managed.

Secretary Foster's conduct of the trea-  
sury department in a difficult period has  
been sagacious, and under Secretary  
Tracy's direction the navy department  
has made great strides. This is also  
true of the interior department, where a  
more liberal policy towards the Western  
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"Ben Hur" will produce at the  
Temple two nights commencing next  
Friday evening.

Why?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Ruby." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it "Ruby." \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old. It is grand in sickness and a strengthening cordial. Its taste will be superfluous as it is the same affair in every respect ever seen here. A great strong was present last evening and every seat had an occupant.

"Ben Hur" will produce at the  
Temple two nights commencing next  
Friday evening.

For the Ladies' Offices

For rent, offices in the new Herald building on  
the ground floor. Call and inspect them.  
Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Callum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

Collum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

For rent, in the Houghton block, 405, 407 West Superior street, Apply to Stryker, Manley & Buck.

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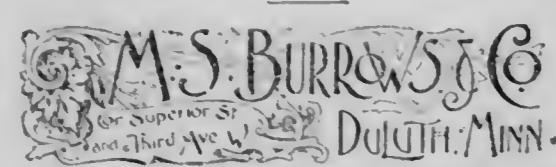


The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West. The Pioneers of Low Prices.

**TONIGHT ONLY**  
CHOICE  
Suits  
And  
Overcoats,  
AT

**\$15.00**

**TONIGHT ONLY!**  
Choice any Tailor-made  
Trousers. **\$5.00**



CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.  
Smoke Endion cigar, W. A. Foote & Co.  
Dr. Schifman fills teeth without pain.  
"Gill's Best" flour, the home manufacture of Duluth, is the best in the market.

Wanted—One good boy at Woodland or Hunter's Park to deliver The Evening Herald. Inquire of the circulator at the mailing room after 4 p.m. Geo. W. Laux, circulator.

There was held no meeting Saturday night owing to the fact that no quorum was present.

Supt. Denfield is almost covered up with the large amount of business that accumulated during his trip to the East.

A marriage license was issued to Henry Mattila and Hanna Korvela this morning.

Letters of administration were issued this morning by Judge Ayer to Henry Baldwin on the estate of Herman Schade.

In the case in the United States court of John Swenson vs. Arno Shephard, Clare E. Shephard and W. G. Jocins, the plaintiff has filed a motion asking the court to order the defendant to show cause why he did not appear and was remanded back to the state district court, because the same was not properly removed to the United States court.

The W. C. T. U. meet in the Congregational church tomorrow afternoon. The subject will be "Jail Work." Leader, Mrs. A. W. Bradley.

Liesl Peary's ability as an instructive and able teacher has highly spoken of and he receives favorable commendations everywhere. He speaks at the Temple on Tuesday, March 14, under the auspices of Palestine Lodge, A. F. & A. M.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Murray has returned from Chicago. R. A. Taussig went to Chicago Saturday afternoon.

Oscar Saune, of Milwaukee, is visiting P. S. Anneke.

J. H. McFadzean went to Marquette Saturday evening.

Mrs. N. R. Jenkinson has gone to Taunton, Mass., for an extended visit.

John G. Hirkle, of St. Paul, is in the city.

W. J. Rattie, the Cleveland chemist, is in the city.

E. L. Brown, of the St. Paul & Duluth, is in the city.

Otto E. Greeley, of Minneapolis, is here today.

Sam, Grant, of Sioux Falls, S. D., is in the city.

W. A. Carpenter came up from St. Paul this morning.

A. H. Comstock, of Saginaw, is at the Spiegelberg Hotel.

J. P. Weyerhaeuser, of Rock Island, Ills., arrived in the city yesterday.

Alderman elect Fred O'neill returned yesterday from his visit to the old home in Maine and before noon today was called upon by several candidates for city clerk.

Captain Alex Coombs, one of the pioneer miners of the Lake Superior region, is here today visiting his numerous friends.

Mrs. A. C. Weiss left this afternoon for a six weeks' visit at St. Louis, Mo., and points in southern Illinois.

Want Them Dismissed.

On Feb. 11 three damage cases were filed in the United States court against the Northern Pacific, Great Northern, Alex Johnson, Andrew W. Larson and John Rehuberg respectively. The total damages asked for being about \$40,000. The defendants now come forward and represent that its place of business is St. Paul outside the limits of the United States circuit court for the district of Minnesota and that therefore the court here has no jurisdiction. Judge Nelson will give a hearing on this representation on March 7 at St. Paul.

**GROFF'S**  
Flavoring  
Extracts  
ARE  
absolutely pure.

## THE FINAL MEETING.

The Present City Council Will Meet This Evening and Wind up Its Existence Tomorrow.

Mayor d'Autremont, It is Whispered, Will Show in Several Communications as a Parting Shot.

A Michigan Street Sewer is Filled With Gas and an Explosion is Among the Possibilities.

The last working session of the present council takes place this evening. After the business is disposed of an adjournment will be taken until tomorrow night, at which time the old will step out and the new step in. So far as can be learned there is no business of extreme importance to come up tonight. It can never be told before hand, however, what extent a prospectively tame and quiet meeting may be forced.

The mayor has half a dozen carefully prepared and concealed communications which will be sprung this evening when his hour has come. One will bear on the recommendations of the W. C. T. U. to the commissioners, the jail accommodations for women and boys. Another is supposed to be in reference to the ordinance to be introduced granting certain forms or privileges to the Calumet Improvement Co. His Honor was evidently spending much gray hair over the matter and said strict injunctions upon the city officials to keep them secret and allow no inquisitive reporters "to paw them over." Consequently none of the disreputable news-gatherers have done so.

MY GO HEAVENWARD.

A Michigan Street Sewer is Filled With Gas Which May Explode.

There is a large intercepting sewer on Michigan street and if at any time that sewer and the buildings along it on Michigan street from Third to Sixth avenues west are to fly to heavenward simultaneously with a loud report, the inquisitive public would know that there has been some explosion there. The sewer is well filled with gas from the leaky mains of the Duluth Gas and Water Co. The explosion will not occur, however, until the air in the sewer is sufficiently mixed with gas and that condition has not yet been reached. For an employee of the gas company the other day had a candle and no explosion ensued. The gas was so thick, however, that the workman was compelled to retire after entering a few feet.

When City Engineer Reed heard of the procedure he sent word to his staff that it must be stopped. He has given orders for all workmen to keep away from there with lights. There is also gas in smaller mains in the sewer at Second street and First avenue east. Some years ago, Mr. Reed states, an explosion of gas in a sewer at Rock Island, the amount of gas extending half a million dollars and killed half a dozen people. Manager Craig, of the water works company has been notified of his leaky gas mains and has received a promise to repair them.

Mr. Reed has stated to the Herald reporter this morning that the month of February has been a hard one on the engineering department. Sewers have frozen up, streets blocked with snow have been cleared and much extra work has been developed upon the streets generally. When the snow has been cleared off the expense of conducting the work of the department has been \$800 greater than for January. When to that is added \$450 expense incurred by searching for the ruins of the St. Louis hotel for bodies of victims of the fire, the total has increased to about \$1250. The engineer's future to the management of the affairs of the Moose Mining company, of which he is president. He will reside here with his family.

A Delightful Affair.

The "Afternoon in a Studio" given by Misses Monk, Macomber and Proctor and Sidney Brown was a delightful affair and fully 200 guests were present. A fine musical program was given. The rooms were prettily decorated and some fine specimens of art, Miss Proctor's work, were shown. Tea was served by Miss McLellan and the receiving ladies were Mrs. McLaren, "Misses" Sharpe, Maggie, Harris and McLaren.

Going to Superior.

The Choral union of Superior, has ex-

ited to the Travesty club an invitation to present "Romeo and Juliet" at Superior on March 15. The club has accepted and will go over on that day with a large party to call scenes used here. A large party will be over with them. Dr. Putnam, of Superior, will take the part of Romeo.

Wanted.

One good boy at Woodland or Hun-

ter's Park to deliver The Evening Herald. Inquire of the circulator at the mailing room after 4 p.m.

GEO. W. LAUX,  
Circulator.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,  
G. M. SMITH,  
City Tkt. Agt.

G. M. SMITH,  
Genl. Agt.

Time is Money.

Save three hours in time on your next trip to Chicago, the South or East, by taking the "Chicago Special" by the Northwestern. This is a solid, fast train. Duluth daily at 10 a.m. arriving at Milwaukee 7:35 and Chicago 7:45 a.m. The "Omaha" is the only line from Duluth to St. Paul and Minneapolis, running Pullman sleepers and the only line from Duluth running all its trains solid to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,  
City Ticket Agent.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth prop., Portland, Endion and East Duluth.

E. W. MARKELL,  
7 Phoenix blk.

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: MONDAY MARCH 6, 1893.

## FORECAST FOR

Mondays, March 6. Slightly fair; con-

tinued warmer; variable winds.

U. S. Weather Signals,

Pioneer Fuel Co.

Interpretation of Flags:

1. White indicates Fair Weather.

2. Blue indicates Rain or Snow.

3. Black center indicates a Cold Wave.

4. Red, black center indicates a Blizzard.

5. White and blue indicates Local Storm.

6. Black triangular, (Temperature signal) indicates warm when above zero; cold when below zero.

CITY SALES OFFICE:

226 W. Superior St. Telephone, No. 161.

## A DOUBLE ATTRACTION

Municipal Candidates on 8th Sides in

West Duluth Addressed an Audience

Saturday Evening.

J. G. Mallory Declared Himself in Favor

Granting Liquor Licenses in Accord-

ance with the Law.

John M. Martin Also Spoke Briefly and

Judge Himebaugh Roasted the

Boyd Council.

The most interesting meeting of the political campaign was held on Saturday evening at the Scandinavian hall on Grand avenue. An invitation had previously been sent out to the leaders of both parties to appear and address the people on the issues now pending, and the double attraction called out a large audience. J. W. Peterson acted as chairman.

Amos Sheppard, register of deeds, in-

strument recorded, 1010; receipts,

\$2,000; expenses, salaries, etc., \$813.40;

balance remaining in treasury, \$77.04;

smallest day's receipts, \$12.25; largest,

\$68.75. E. J. Crossett, treasurer, re-

ported a salary list of \$416.08.

W. S. Fullerton, county physician,

made the following hospital report:

Patients in hospital Feb. 28, 10; St. Luke's, 7; St. Mary's, 1; St. Mary's 2;

St. Mary's, 0; discharged from hos-

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# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR

TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

*Minn Hist Soc*

The Gigantic Removal Sale  
OF THE Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

Begins Monday, March 6th,  
And Continues Until Further Notice.

**20% DISCOUNT**

WILL BE GIVEN FROM OUR REGULAR PRICES TO  
ALL SPOT CASH CUSTOMERS.

The Sale Will Not Include Carpetings.

Only as far as relates to old patterns and remnants. We have been to a great deal of trouble and expense in getting together our elegant stock of NEW SPRING CARPETS, which are already in, and it should hardly be expected of us to sacrifice this stock when the market East is comparatively bare of the choice styles which we have to offer the Duluth trade this season.

**THIS SALE** does not include Office Furniture nor Crockery and Glassware—but all other goods in our stock will be subject to this sweeping reduction.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.  
Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of our business your consideration? It is just and equitable. Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages. Write us.  
\$1.00 on \$20.00 Bought.  
\$2.00 on 40.00 Bought.  
10.00 on 50.00 Bought.  
20.00 on 100.00 Bought.  
NO INTEREST CHARGED!

We have the Largest Stock of Furniture!  
We have the Largest Stock of Carpets!  
We have the Largest Stock of Everything pertaining to House-Furnishing in the city of Duluth.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,  
222-224 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

**FOR SALE!**

Two very desirable Dwellings on London Road in Lester Park CHEAP. In other words, UNDER VALUE. Good reasons for selling. View of Lake Superior unobstructed. Look them up.

**FIRE INSURANCE.**  
HARRY D. PEARSON, 303 Burron's Building.

**Fine Sleighs and Cutters!**  
RUSSIAN AND FORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.  
REMOVED TO 416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

**M. W. TURNER.**

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
In large or small amounts, on IMPROVED PROPERTY,  
at the LOWEST RATES.  
McGIFFERT & WHITE, 212 FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

**Magazines for March!**  
**Fashion Books for March!**  
CALL ON US FOR THE PARTICULAR ONE YOU WANT.

**CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR,**  
323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.  
Fine Stationery Daily and Illustrated Papers.

**J. M. GEIST,** THE LEADING HOUSE IN  
Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

**J. S. LANE,**  
Merchant Tailor,

Largest and finest line of Spring Woolens in the city to select your Spring Overcoat or Suit from.

**AGREED TO ADJOURN.**

A Joint Resolution for Final Adjournment of the Legislature on April 10 Passed the House.

Further Action on the Markham Bill Postponed for a Week Owing to Senator Allen's Illness.

The Bill for an Additional Judge for This District Passed the House Unanimously Today.

**ST. PAUL, March 7.**—[Special to The Herald.]—The Democratic senators claim this morning that they only discussed the free text book bill at their caucus last night and agreed not to act upon it as a party measure. Several Democratic senators absented themselves for fear the Markham bill would make a party measure, or rather that its defeat would be made the party policy.

The following bills were introduced this morning: By Eaton, a bill amending the law relating to high schools and a diploma of a high school teacher as first grade teacher's certificates for two years; by Donnelly, a bill providing an amendment to the bills relating to vacation proceedings; by Nelson, a bill amending the general statutes providing for drawing of the country financial statement.

The senate and house passed a joint resolution of respect for Col. Hans Matteson.

Mr. McMillan's bill to transfer all the funds of the soldiers' relief fund in the treasury at the end of the financial year to the general revenue fund passed under suspension of the rules.

The house file 152 relating to corporations passed; also McMillan's bill providing for sale of village and municipal franchises.

Cotton's bill creating the office of additional judge in the Eleventh judicial district passed the house this morning unanimously. O'Brien's bill passed making the state accessible road not liable for the indebtedness of a town.

The bill to appropriate \$75,000 for seed wheat for the farmers who lost their crops by hail came up for discussion today on special orders and there was decided opposition on the part of Senator Grandin.

Sen. Jacobson called up the resolution making April 10 the date of adjournment of the legislature.

House file 40, which passed the senate yesterday, and which provides that notes for premium of insurance shall hold the same to exclude marine insurance. The house today concurred in the amendment.

House file 292, providing for division and formation of new counties, was reconsidered this morning, and amended, and then passed under suspension of the rules.

After a long discussion and several amendments were voted down the resolution fixing April 10 as the date of adjournment was passed.

Consideration of the Markham land tax bill was postponed in the senate from this afternoon to one week from now, or Tuesday, March 14, owing to the illness of Senator Allen, who has the bill in charge. The bill appropriating \$75,000 for seed passed the senate.

**TEN PEASANTS KILLED.**

Serious Conflict Between Troops and Peasants in Servia.

**VIENNA, March 7.**—A serious conflict has occurred between troops and peasants at Gonashitsche, Servia. The peasants appear to have risen against the authorities on account of political agitation and troops were summoned to suppress the disorder.

The peasants seized the principal building and obtained an absolute resistance. The soldiers, who only succeeded after a desperate struggle in driving the peasants from the building. Ten of the peasants were killed and eleven persons, including four passengers, were swept overboard and lost.

**THE READING RECEIVERS.**

**PHILADELPHIA, March 7.**—Receiver Pearson of the Reading railroad denies that application will be immediately to the court for permission to issue receivers' certificates. In giving denial to the rumors the judge said: "Indeed, I do not know now that such action will be necessary. If it is, however, we shall not hesitate to make such application."

The forthcoming and probably most important of the receivers is still a matter of conjecture.

**ARMED FOR REBELS SEIZED.**

**NEW YORK, March 7.**—The Herald's Valparaiso correspondent cables: "The government of Brazil has seized six ships of arms destined for the rebels who are besieging Santa Ana. The cargo of the schooner Carmelita has also fallen into the hands of government troops.

**RAISED THE STARS AND STRIPES.**

**NEW YORK, March 7.**—The stars and stripes were raised over the steamer Paris of the new American line at noon today by Miss Francis C. Griscom, daughter of the president of the International Steamship company. She was assisted by a few persons living at her place. Only a few persons guests of the company, were present. They were served with a collation in the dining room of the steamship.

**RAILROAD TO BE SOLD.**

**PORTLAND, Ore., March 7.**—The sale of the Oregon Pacific railroad will take place at Corvallis on April 10 according to an order issued by Judge Fullerton, who on Saturday last removed Edgerton Hogg as receiver and appointed E. W. Hadley of Carbovalis, in his place.

**COEUR D'ALENE MINERS WIN.**

**WASHINGTON, March 7.**—In an opinion delivered by Justice Blatchford for Chief Justice Fuller in the case of George Grimes and others v. King Co. of the United States, the court decided in favor of the miners and directed that the injunction against them be quashed.

**THE NEW ORLEANS FIGHTS.**

**NEW ORLEANS, March 7.**—The interest taken here in the pugilistic events for tonight and tomorrow night is not to be compared with the furor created last September by the first carnival in which Corbett and Corbett cut such a prominent figure.

When the delegation from the East arrived here last night expecting to find Fitzsimmons a hot favorite and they would get their money on a advantage, they found matters just the reverse and Hall was the favorite by too to 70.

Another decided change in the betting has taken place, as Fitzsimmons' quotations have gone up while the Hall stock has decreased. It is now odds of 10 to 11 to Hall at \$100 to \$100. Hall claims to be in good condition and in no way affected by the long journey and numerous delays.

Charley Mitchell joined the party last night, and at about half hour this morning he was joined by Harry and John Kline to put Hall through a course of sports. At 12:30 when they returned, Hall was looking well and said he never felt better in his life. He was thoroughly rubbed down.

While the delegation from the East

**GROVER FELT JOVIAL.**

**OFFICE SEEKERS WHO PAID THEIR RESPECTS TO THE PRESIDENT FOUND HIM IN EXCELLENT HUMOR.**

**HE CRACKED JOKES WITH OLD FRIENDS WHOM HE HAD NOT SEEN FOR FOUR YEARS.**

**THE APPLICANTS FOR PLACE VERY DISCREETLY REFRAINED FROM PRESSING THEIR CLAIMS AT THIS TIME.**

**WASHINGTON, March 7.**—The steady tramp, tramp of the office-seekers sounded through the White House all day. There was practically no cessation in the line of people who ascended the stairway leading to the president's room, and nearly all who came saw Mr. Cleveland. They found him in a jovial humor and he cracked jokes with old acquaintances whom he has not seen since his departure from Washington four years ago.

While a large number of those who saw the president are candidates for the circuit bench, this appointment was not among them. The nomination of President Cleveland and the nomination of Judge Jenkins will be among the first appointments sent to the senate.

The members of the supreme court, with the exception of Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Harlan, came in accordance with custom.

Congressman Meredith of Virginia came with a delegation of friends; Congressman Henderson of North Carolina was on similar duty. Congressmen Blanton of Tennessee, who have been in the house since the close when he went into Mr. Cleveland's room; Congressman Holloman of Indiana, "the watch dog of the treasury," cracked his joke with the president.

Ex-congressman Rogers of Arkansas, who was mentioned as a candidate for the attorney generalship in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet, came so late, he said, to renew his acquaintance.

Only the intimate friends of both officers were present, including Mrs. George Bryan, Bryan of Nebraska, and Mrs. and M. Hippolyte Desprez, parents of the groom. No formal invitations have been issued for the religious ceremony of today.

**DAVENPORT WAS PAID.**

**RECEIVED A BIG AMOUNT FOR HIS SERVICES IN NOVEMBER.**

**NEW YORK, March 7.**—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says that Comptroller Matthews has paid Supervisor John I. Davenport his claim for \$3,000 for services rendered at the last national election. It will be recalled that the Attorney General Miller did not approve the claim.

When it left the department of state and was sent to the treasury department the attorney general's objection to the claim was accompanied by Comptroller Matthews, who thought differently.

He said that under the law Mr. Davenport was entitled to the money and so Mr. Davenport got it.

**TRAIN ROBBER'S TRIAL.**

**ST. LOUIS, March 7.**—The case of Michael Herzer, accused of complicity in the robbery of the Adams Express company's train at Glendale station, Nov. 30, 1891, was called in the circuit court at St. Charles yesterday. Judge Hughes granted a continuance and set the trial for next session of court at 10 a.m. The court adjourned until the 10th instant.

**THE GREAT BULL OF THE VISITORS.**

**NEW YORK, March 7.**—A number of Republicans were disappointed when they learned that there were a number of Democrats in the throng, among them being Senator Mitchell with a party of gentlemen from Oregon; Senator Manderson with several ladies and gentlemen from Nebraska, and Congressman O'Brien and Dailey.

Another caller was Charles H. Taylor, of Kansas City, ex-minister to Liberia, who is after the scalp of Senator Bruce of Mississippi, the recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia.

John Rockwell, Sen. Hill's

great friend, was also numbered among the elect who were admitted to the president's room.

Mr. Cleveland was so busy receiving callers in his office that he did not go down stairs to see the distinguished people who had come to call on him in the east room.

The room became so crowded and the crowd outside awaiting admittance was so great that east room was cleared, and a line formed so that people might pass in and out and thus have a better opportunity of seeing the apartment.

Fully 500 people went through the White House in this disarranged manner.

**SENATORS ARE PARCELLING OUT THE GOOD COMMISSIONS.**

**DEMOCRATS ARE PARCELLING OUT THE GOOD COMMISSIONS.**

**WASHINGTON, March 7.**—The Democratic members of the Senate went to work this morning and are discussing the distribution of the commissions. It will be impossible to get anything like a definite idea of the situation until late in the day, as there is every possibility of a lengthy session.

Up to the present moment absolutely nothing has been done beyond the distribution of individual visitors.

The Senate contemplates the reorganization of the committee first, although it is given out on good authority that before the caucus is over it will dispose of the elective officers.

The time of the caucus so far has been devoted to the consideration of the committee changes and chairmanships.

The Republicans concluded their caucus last night without arriving at any definite result, for the reason that they were all at sea and will be in that condition for some time to come.

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**SENATOR MORAN IMPROVED.**

**SOUTHERN UPRISING, March 7.**—The condition of Senator John T. Morgan, who is suffering from a slight attack of erysipelas here, has materially improved since yesterday. He expects to be able to proceed to London in two or three days and will shortly after start for Paris to attend as one of the representatives of the United States, the sessions of the Bering sea court of arbitration.

**CHARLES G. QUINCY.**

**ASHLAND, Wis., March 7.**—F. C. Collier was nominated to the chair of George Finney at Marquette yesterday. The assailant attempted to kill his victim and would have succeeded but for timely interference. Finney is under arrest.

**JOSEPH QUINCY.**

**WISCONSIN, March 7.**—Hon. Josiah Quincy of Massachusetts was yesterday formally tendered the position of assistant secretary of state by Secretary Gresham, which he accepted. Mr. Quincy is a member of the national committee. He is a graduate of Harvard and a lawyer by profession.

**QUINCY AND JENKINS.**

**THE MASSACHUSETTS MAN WILL BE ASSISTANT TO GRESHAM.**

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## TO CONSIDER HAWAII.

The New Cabinet Will Discuss the Question of Annexing Hawaii at its First Meeting.

Commissioners and Representatives of De-throned Queen to be Heard Before Any Action is Taken.

One of the Points to be Considered is the American Flag Now Flying Over Hawaii.

**N**EW YORK, March 7.—The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs that while it is not certain what President Cleveland will do in the matter of appointing a commission to visit Hawaii, before acting on the annexation question, one decision has been reached, and that is that the commissioners and the representatives of the de-throned queen and of the heirs apparent shall be heard before action of any kind is taken.

Secretary of State, who gave the serious consideration its importance demanded, but declined to even intimate what the course of procedure would likely be.

One of the first questions to be considered by the cabinet is as to the course to be pursued in regard to the American flag now flying over Hawaii. If the action of the past administration is not to be upheld, then this flag would have to come down and instructions to that effect sent to Mr. Stevens. This is one of the points which it is understood would be decided at the first cabinet meeting.

## A ROW NEAR HONOLULU.

American and British Sailors Have a Little Collision.

**S**AN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The schooner Carrier Dove arrived late last night from Honolulu bringing advice up to Feb. 18. An incident that occurred on the night of Feb. 16 came near resulting in serious consequences.

A party of sailors from the British corvette Garnet were on shore at Liberty and visited a saloon where a number of the British sailors had assembled. The Britons began to sing "Rule Britannia" and then made sneering remarks about the Yankees and the Stars and Stripes. The men lined up for a fight, and but for the interference of a party officer of the Marine there would have been a pitched battle.

As it was, one of the American tars drove his fist into the face of a Briton, felling him to the floor. A crowd of Kanakas had gathered during the dispute, ready to take a hand in the row. Mr. Stevens says all his information leads to the belief that the natives will support any action the United States may adopt.

The United States man-of-war Alliance arrived at Honolulu Feb. 16, from San-mo, India, and the American naval vessels were there to three vessels.

The following letter conveys the latest intelligence from the islands, under date of Honolulu, Feb. 16: As the work of the provisional government progresses, the differences between the old and new regiments become apparent. No outbreak of kind has occurred, though it lacks but little of being one month since the old order of things was overturned. The inspection of the barracks was made today by the United Presidents, and everything was found in good order and prepared for any emergency.

The forces of the provisional government number at present eighty-five men under regular pay, in addition to which three companies of volunteers of the same nationalities which are now formed, two companies now having about their requisite quota. The men are armed with Springfield rifles, Baffington shot, and Winchester carbines, which were inherited from the monarchy.

In addition to these, there are several eight- and ten-piece gun crews, field pieces ready for action, and one getting guns forming the battery, as one of the officers stated, that would prove an insurmountable barrier against attack. The American vessels in the harbor are the same as when used by Admiral Skerit as a temporary flag ship; the Boston, which still remains under the command of Capt. Wilts, and the Alliance, which arrived today.

Admiral Skerit in a interview had with him stated that he was preparing a surprise for the stars and stripes, waiting over the government building on the arrival of the Mohican here. "I called on United States Minister Stevens," he said, "who informed me of the circumstances and can say I was glad to see the flag up." With a few exceptions, the population of the island take the American side."

Admiral Skerit said he had no information as to what would be done at Washington, but he was inclined to think that President Cleveland would take what he could in the matter. He had no information concerning the Adams and the Ranger, but their commanders had been notified some time ago to hold their vessels in readiness for immediate service. The admiral declined to state what the orders had received from Washington were, but it is understood that they are very full and explicit.

He had heard a rumor that the German squadron, comprising the Alexandria, Sophie and Leipzig, now at Callao, were to be sent to the islands, but saw no reason for doing so. He knew of no prospect for trouble with any power growing out of the situation here, and especially none with Germany, whose interests are amply protected by German representatives and American officials.

Capt. Gordon, commanding the barracks under the present military organization, said today that while there was some question as to whether a general uprising of native Hawaiians could be induced, it was not because they lacked in bravery, but rather that the proper leadership was wanting.

"I do not mind telling you," he said, "that on Sunday last I learned that there was a project on foot for Queen Liliuokalani, as she is still called, to go to the place. You may not understand that this would mean much to the native mind. It would mean, in fact, an as-

sumption of royal authority. On Monday morning I issued the order that if Mrs. Dominis, the deposed queen, attempted to enter the palace gates without a pass properly signed to release her admission, and if forcible entry was attempted to resist it and that the guard would be there in double quick time." On Monday the queen repeated, and I report to what I had done. Col. Sibley and President Dole who approved it, and I have since issued the same order every morning. No attempt has yet been made by Mrs. Dominis to enter the palace, and she remains quietly at her residence."

## THEY ARE INSEPARABLE.

Minnesota Commission's Decision on Weighing Grain at Superior.

**S**T. PAUL, March 7.—The railroad and warehouse commissioners were waited upon yesterday by a committee of the Superior board of trade, composed of R. S. Todd, president; F. G. Peters, A. J. Whipple, M. M. McCullum and A. A. Farnham.

They asked that the commission turn over to the Superior board of trade the weighing of grain at that city. This the commission declined to do. The commissioners offer to keep a separate account of the grain weighed at Superior, but will not record the weights of the Superior board of trade.

They also offered to withdraw entirely from Wisconsin it should be desired by the grain interests on that side of the bay.

The commissioners claim that they operate in Superior by virtue of bonds given to them by the grain interests, owners of the Superior elevators to the state of Minnesota, and they cannot split up the provisions of the act so as to allow wheat inspection by Minnesota officials, and by the same token the two departments are inseparable.

The Superior delegates want Minnesota inspection to continue, because they said that it would give rise to endless confusion in Eastern grain markets if two systems of inspection were maintained at the head of Lake Superior.

## A MAFIA SHOT DOWN.

One of the Blood-Thirsty Bullets Killed by a Fellow Countryman.

**A**TLANTA, Ga., March 7.—Savannah's only representative of the blood-thirsty society of Mafia was shot down in the market yesterday by one of his enraged and outraged fellow countrymen who acted in defense of his own life. Catillo Coutino is the Mafia member's name and he was shot by Tony Esposito, one of them.

According to the statement of a number of Italians, Coutino is a member of the Mafia and a dreaded character. He has repeatedly assaulted Italians in this city and there are now two warrants against him. It was Coutino's practice to go to a barbershop and have his hair cut, causing him in a manner most foul to slash him in the face and then put a pistol under his nose and dare him to resent his insult.

He was feared by almost every Italian, and when he would make his way as no one had the courage to resist his violent attack. When he approached Esposito, the latter drew his pistol and shot him.

Esposito says it was only a question of who could shoot first, and he was tired of being baited by the man longer and was determined to resent any further insults offered by him.

## Against the United States.

**W**HITINGHAM, March 7.—The supreme court yesterday decided against the United States in its suit against the Oregon timber company.

Order was given to set aside and declare void the title of the land company to tracts in Oregon, purchased by the company from persons acquiring title from grants under what are known as the wagon road land grant acts of congress. The court affirms the decision of the lower court.

## Two Women Cremated.

**C**LARKSVILLE, Tenn., March 7.—Yesterday afternoon two women working in the Winstrop mine and were supposed to have been killed. Yesterday however, the party which was digging for their remains found the men alive and unharmed. The mine timbers had fallen in such a way as to make a small chamber, and a broken pipe supplied them with fresh air from another part of the mine.

## Blown Up by Dynamite.

**A**SHLBY, N. D., March 7.—Charles Eshly was blown up in a dynamite explosion shortly before noon yesterday. He still lives, but he is in a precarious condition. Five others stood around while he opened, a can of dynamite.

The party which was digging for their remains found the men alive and unharmed. The mine timbers had fallen in such a way as to make a small chamber, and a broken pipe supplied them with fresh air from another part of the mine.

## Mysterious Escape.

**I**SPHeming, Mich., March 7.—Last Friday night Edward Aplund and John Sandblad, both miners, were blown up in the Winstrop mine and were supposed to have been killed. Yesterday however, the party which was digging for their remains found the men alive and unharmed. The mine timbers had fallen in such a way as to make a small chamber, and a broken pipe supplied them with fresh air from another part of the mine.

## Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

## "MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robe Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

Attempting to birth off "Mother's Friend" is a natural birth, and the best way to insure safety to life of mother and child.

It is a safe and effective remedy.



**EVENING HERALD.**OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.  
PUBLISHED BY THE  
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephones 211 and 2112, 324 two rings; editorial rooms 224, three rings. Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
Daily, per year.....\$7.00  
Daily, per three months.....1.50  
Daily, per month......50  
Weekly, per year.....1.50**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

**The Weather.**  
WEATHER REPORT, DULUTH, MINN., March 1.—The temperature has been below zero during the past twenty-four hours over the entire country, with the exception of over one-half of the country, which has had a slight fall. The temperature was greater over Northern Montana, where it amounted to over 40 degrees, and in the Great Lakes region, 30 degrees. The coldest place and the only one reporting zero, is Meadowlark, from the time ranges to 30 above zero.

The barometer is in a very unsettled condition, with a slight fall in the Gulf states, where it is slightly above normal. A depression of considerable extent covers the Northwest territory, extending over the Northwest territory north of Montana. There is a depression, however, concentering under the influence of the warm weather now prevailing in the Midwest, and moving rapidly eastward, the direction passing to the southwest of this section, and bringing snow to the north of the line. It will move to the east, and bring continued rain, and warmer weather.

With the exception of light showers at a few scattered places, there was no precipitation over the entire country.

The temperature reached the highest point it has since December and held yesterday, when it registered 41 degrees.

DULUTH, March 7.—Fair today, possibly followed by snow tonight or tomorrow, warmer, southwest winds.

E. H. Burgess,  
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—For Wisconsin: Fair, followed by local snows in southern portion. Wednesday: some north winds, becoming variable and strong in northwest. Thursday: warm day morning. For Minnesota: Generally fair; southwesterly winds; warmer Wednesday morning; probably colder Wednesday night.

**Notice of Removal.**

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

**Instant Action Necessary.**

In another column will be found a letter from Mr. W. J. Holmes of West Duluth in reference to the injurious measure passed by the legislature, confirming the existing contract of the village with the West Duluth Water company.

The facts therein stated are indeed startling and should arouse the people of Duluth and West Duluth to the necessity of taking instant action to have the courts declare this outrageous franchise null and void. The Herald has information that leads it to believe that notwithstanding the act passed by the legislature and which Governor Nelson was tricked into signing before the strong protests from this city were received by him.

Mr. Holmes' statement does not place our senator and representatives in a very favorable light, with the exception of Mr. Merritt, who had the original bill squelched when he discovered its injurious character. The second bill was rushed through both branches of the legislature during his absence.

Mr. Holmes excuses Messrs. Boggs and Cotton to some extent, because they had on their hands other important measures of interest to Duluth, which the promoters of this water company measure threatened to oppose if they took any steps against it. Their failure to oppose the outrageous bill, saddling an infamous contract upon West Duluth, was manifestly due to fear that their other measures would be killed by the unscrupulous schemers who were lobbying for the water company's bill, and it is to be regretted that they did not have the moral stamina and the backbone to defy these people and fight a measure that means a burden of at least \$200,000 a year upon the city when West Duluth's population reaches 100,000 and a charge of \$17,000 a year at the present time.

What justification Senator Daugherty can plead for railroading the bill through the senate is inconceivable, unless it be the same miserable excuse. Everything goes to show that Duluth has been shamefully misrepresented at St. Paul, and that the governor was made the victim of a gang of tricksters headed by his private secretary, Tams Bixby, who in view of the fact stated by Mr. Holmes, should be instantly removed from office by Governor Nelson as unfit to fill such a responsible and confidential position. If he would play such a despicable trick as this, what further confidence can the governor place in him?

But it is no use crying over spilt milk and denouncing the schemers who have succeeded in securing the enactment of this measure. The citizens of Duluth and West Duluth must instantly seek a mode to checkmate them, and they can do this in the courts.

The Herald learns that the water company schemers are now endeavoring to secure the election of a council in West Duluth that will be opposed to testing the validity of the company's franchise in the court, and it would urge the citizens of the village to be upon their guard. Every candidate for public office this month should be catechized as to his position upon this

important question, and then only those elected who will positively promise to favor action to carry the matter into the courts.

West Duluth will become attached to the city of Duluth next January, and this city is therefore deeply concerned in this matter. The new common council cannot begin its year in a better manner than by adopting measures to assist in fighting the validity of the West Duluth water company's franchise. The injurious contract must be broken. The city of Duluth must not be saddled with such an outrageous franchise.

Heavy Bank Clearings.  
Bradstreet's gives in its current number some interesting tables showing the bank clearings of the principal cities in the country during January and February. From this authority, it is learned that bank clearings at fifty-eight cities in the United States for the month of February aggregated \$5,014,743,777, as compared with \$5,189,591,88 in February, 1891, and with \$4,052,275,67 in February, 1890, and with \$4,161,588,412 in 1889.

The apparent decrease of \$144,518,511, or 27 per cent, is more apparent than real, considered as a gauge of the relative volume of business in these two months, for February contained one day less in 1892 than in 1891, besides bringing with it checks to trade in the form of unusually severe weather.

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to the application of the Superior board of trade to be allowed to do the weighing of grain at that city. The commissioners declined on the ground that the weighing and inspection of grain are inseparable.

No other decision could be reached under the law, nor would it be judicious to make such a change even if the law permitted it. The Superior enthusiasts who are breaking their necks in a futile attempt to create a river to the Duluth board of trade will be obliged to evolve some other plan.

The suggestion of the commission that the Minnesota inspection would be withdrawn from the Wisconsin side of the bay, if so desired, nearly took away the breath of the Superior acreage boomers and they humbly protested that they desired the present system to continue. The best thing they can do is to let the whole matter drop.

The reception which ex-President Harrison received on his return to Indianapolis must have been highly gratifying to him. It reached the proportions of a popular ovation and showed in striking manner the high regard in which Mr. Harrison is held by the people at his old home. If he entered his old home, it would be well to let him do so.

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Ex-Secretary Whitney was not present at President's inauguration, and the gossips are again saying that he and Mr. Cleveland have had a falling out. The fact is, however, that Mrs. Whitney's death has saddened the ex-secretary of the navy, and he has not been in a mood for joining public festivities. The story about a rupture between him and the president is probably imaginary.

Ali the newspapers in Chicago, except the Times and Globe, are opposing Carter Harrison for mayor. But Carter will be elected, as he has a very high hold upon the masses of the people. This was evidenced by the heavy vote he received at the last election as an independent candidate.

The Herald issues a larger paper than usual today but the selling price remains the same. Plate telegraph by express is expensive, and the News Tribune necessarily has raised its price to five cents.

Now that the weather has been mild for several days look out for a "spring editorial" in the St. Paul Pioneer Press—and then a blizzard.

It is also worthy of note that while Duluth's clearings have been increasing, those of St. Paul and Minneapolis have been decreasing. The figures for St. Paul are: February, 1892, \$1,741,703; February, 1891, \$1,741,910, a decrease of nearly \$10,000. The figures for Minneapolis are: February, 1892, \$1,611,620; February, 1891, \$1,616,163; or nearly \$5,000,000 less this year than last. What is the matter with the Twin Cities? Are they drooping?

**Why They are Restive.**

The starting statement is made that in Toronto one family of every seventeen is supported through every winter through charity. Is it any wonder, in view of this deplorable state of affairs, that the Canadian people are seeking a change in conditions under which the poor are constantly growing poorer?

The movement in favor of continental union must gain strength under such circumstances.

When the people of Toronto look upon so much poverty and misery around them, in a city where one-seventeenth of the population are paupers, and with no varied industries, giving employment to thousands of workingmen and prosperity attending all who seek it earnestly, it is not astonishing that many of them have concluded that political union with the United States would be a happy thing for their own country.

Continental union must assuredly come ere many years have passed.

**A Wind Bubble Pierced.**

There called at The Herald office last evening a very indignant gentleman in the person of Mr. Alton Poirier, to deny a statement which appeared recently in the editorial columns of the News Tribune, imputing to Mr. Poirier the following statement:

"I thought last month I would stop and try The Herald awhile, and did so. The women folks around the house have been making it warm for me ever since, urging me to change back. They say they want to have me, and I agree with them in that, too, and I'll stick to your paper, if that's what you want."

Mr. Poirier says that he does not buy the News Tribune but is a subscriber to The Herald which he says, to use his own words, "is as far ahead of the pumpkin and cabbage kindergarten magazine as day is ahead of night." Mr. Poirier did not see the statement until a friend drew his attention to it, or he would have denied it at an earlier date. Thus is another wind bubble by the sharp edged sword of truth.

**It Will Not Be Done.**

The railroad and warehouse commissioners have taken the same view as The Herald did a few days ago in reference

time flies, and they who are always dozing over time are apt to be left. We are offering a stock of alarm clocks that are striking examples in this line. Mark time—mark time! They'll do both—mark good common time, mark out at the double quick, just as soon as you. Our public get the facts of qualities and prices. The movements of all our clocks are so good that we guarantee them as accurate time keepers, and their appearance so artistic that they are not less ornamental than useful. Our entire stock of clocks is going at very reasonable figures.

**ANDREW JACKSON,**  
Cigars, Retail and Manufacturing**JEWELER,**  
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

and

GEORGE M. SMITH,

General Agent.

Patent Cigar on order from

"A Special" runs without change

of ears for class of passengers between D

the Union and the

Boston Express.

Ticket offices: 420 Spalding House block and Union Depot.

T. H. LARKE,

Commercial Agent, Duluth.

**THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: TUESDAY, MARCH 7, 1893.****ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT****American Store.**Tuesday March 5th, 1893.  
The weather tomorrow is likely to be generally fair; warmer.**There's Ten Thousand Reason's****FOR THE CAUSES OF GOOD EFFECTS.****The Oak Tree****FOR THE CAUSES OF GOOD EFFECTS.****The Oak Tree****Spreading its monster limbs**

to the breezes, showing a decided triumph of nature, owes its very existence to a tiny acorn. Had there been a rotten spot, an impure formation surrounding this acorn, it would have been a rotten spot, an impure formation instead of the giant oak, we would see a shrub. So it is with business enterprises. They bear a healthy and speedy growth and attain a permanent superiority through being under the management of a clean, well-organized, well-arranged, well-kept office.

The Herald issues a larger paper than usual today but the selling price remains the same. Plate telegraph by express is expensive, and the News Tribune necessarily has raised its price to five cents.

Now that the weather has been mild for several days look out for a "spring editorial" in the St. Paul Pioneer Press—and then a blizzard.

It is also worthy









The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West. The Finest of Low Prices.

## TODAY and TOMORROW ONLY!

Just to make our Shoe Department hum for these two days, we'll sell:

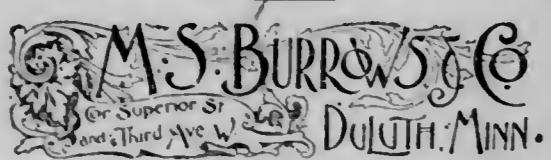
300 pairs good, honest, well made Shoes, in Lace and Congress. **99c.**

250 pairs Men's Nice Dress Shoes. **\$1.24**

125 pairs P. H. Shoes, in Lace and Congress; worth \$3.50; for today and tomorrow only. **\$2.25**

200 pairs Genuine Calf Hand-Sewed Shoes. **\$3.48**

Lumbermen's Rubbers at Cost.



### CITY BRIEFS.

G. A. Tenbusch, architect, 301 Burrows building.

Collum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

"Gill's Pest" flour—the favorite with all families.

\$1500, \$3000, \$6000, \$1200, \$10,000 to loan at once; lowest rates. T. O. Hall.

Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without pain.

Wanted—One good boy at Woodland or Hunter's Park also at Highland Park to deliver The Evening Herald. Inquire of the circulator at the main office after 4 p.m. Geo. W. Lauk, circulator.

In the list of the petit juries drawn for the March term of the United States district court at Fergus Falls are the names of Charles F. Johnson and J. K. Shaw of Duluth. Mr. Johnson is exempt from jury duty owing to holding the position of collector of internal revenue. The deputy marshal served Mr. Shaw with a summons which was a very smart move.

F. E. Butts & Co. are headquarters for wall paper and picture frames.

Deputy Auditor B. O. Loe will be married tomorrow at Volga, N. D., to Miss Genia Hanson. The expectant bridegroom was stuck in the snow for eighteen hours while enroute to his intended.

James W. Brooks who presented first citizenship papers by Clerk Sinclair this morning. He is a native of Canada.

The street commissioners have a large force of men cleaning out gutters and catch basins in anticipation of a wet time before many days.

Hatley & Harvey will re-open their Alhambra in the basement of the Far-groves building on March 10.

In municipal court this morning but two unfortunate cases faced Judge Powell. Both were charged with drunkenness. One Alex Stewart went up ten days when the other, John Larson, denied his guilt and had his trial set for the afternoon session.

The concert to have been given on Friday by Mr. Sexton at the Bethel for the Workingmen's club and its friends will be postponed to the Friday following.

A pleasant surprise party was given last evening to Mr. and Mrs. G. Erichson, 322 East First street, it being the seventh anniversary of their marriage. A large number of their friends called and a number of handsome presents were received.

The chamber of commerce directors met this morning, but the session was entirely executive.

Judge Nelson has ordered a hearing at May 1st on the motion of the case of John Stevenson vs. Amos Shearer et al on the motion of the plaintiff asking that the case be remanded back to the district court.

Jennie, the wife of Roswell H. Palmer, died this morning about 9 o'clock at the family residence, 211 East Fourth street. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the family residence.

The Duluth Polo club will not go to Superior tonight the ice being too soft to allow playing.

**WILL PROSECUTE THEM.**

Humane Society Will Get After Dealers Who Sell Cigarettes to Boys.

The officers of the Humane society are much stirred up over the giving and selling of cigarettes to small boys. Recently a lady approached an agent of the society and tactfully asked if her 7 year old son could not be sent to the reformatory. Not only did he almost a physical wreck, but he is continually successful in begging the vile "coffin nails." She was heartbroken to think that she should have to part with her boy, and especially for such a cause and under such circumstances. The society is strongly contemplating some wholesale prosecutions if there is not a reform in this respect by many who are now violating the law.

**The District Court.**  
Before Judge Ensign, in room 1 of the district court, the quartet of cases instituted by Andrew Swanson, Andrew Anderson, Nils Anderson and John Lundgren vs. M. D. Dahlstrom et al on trial. Before Judge Bassett, in room 2, the case of E. S. Smith et al vs. James McCorcor et al was, on motion, struck from the calendar. The case of Jacob R. Myers vs. Duluth Transfer, Kanly company et al is now on trial and will take all day.

## THE CLOSING SESSION.

"Time and the Wind Up" Was Called by the Old City Council Last Evening.

Mayor D'Autremont Sends in Two Communications, One Relating to the Fire Commissioners.

Council Refuses to Confirm John Ronayne as Deputy City Assessor—Other Routine Business.

The session of the common council last evening commenced fully a quarter of an hour before 8 o'clock and was presided over by Alderman Dingwall, Sorenson, Butchart, Kennedy, Helm, Cox, Weiss, President Hugo and City Clerk Burke. After the wheels of business were turned, and then Alderman Thomas dropped in and took his place, and right after him quietly followed Alderman Butchart.

City Clerk Burke cleared his throat, and after the usual ceremonies over the bill in the legislature legalizing the water contract between the village of West Duluth and the West Duluth Gas and Water company. He narrated some of the conditions of the bill and asked that some steps be taken as would tend to be the best interests of all.

President Hugo took occasion to state that he had looked into the matter of the contract and had found that it was a legal one, that the parties on both sides had fully and satisfactorily satisfied and that it is too late to do anything even if it were desirable to towards breaking a contract entirely legal. That communication was also placed on file.

A communication from the board of public works was read in which notice was given that the new plans for the Garfield avenue sidewalk and plans for the Garfield avenue sidewalk and a recommendation that those steps be taken at once to arrange with the railroads over whose tracks the improvements will extend for sharing proportionately in the expense and that it is recommended that the same be done.

P. D. Day leaves for the South today and F. A. Day will go to the Pacific coast in a day or two.

J. B. Garland, of Bucoda, Wash., is at Spalding.

M. Krohn, of Ely, is in the city.

Master of Transportation Brown, of the St. Paul & Duluth road, is in the city.

D. Munn, the Chinese inspector, is visiting at his home in Wisconsin for a day or two.

A. E. Humphreys returned from the Ophir mining properties near Bruce Mines, Ontario, today.

J. M. Geist, wife and family have returned from their California trip. Mrs. Geist's health has greatly improved.

F. D. Day leaves for the South today and F. A. Day will go to the Pacific coast in a day or two.

J. E. Duquillard, the explorer, is back from a visit to Mountain Iron.

Harry Chandler will return from his Mexican trip this week.

John G. Brown returned this morning from an extended trip to his old home to Washington, D. C. On his return he was welcomed by the members of the fire commission who identified the honorable council through Secretary Walsh, permission to purchase a horse chemical engine.

Frank D. Day proposed for permission to erect a street clock on a post at the curb line at 315 West Superior street.

Referred. The request of The Duluth Herald for permission to erect a post at the curb line which to place a crane to swing rods of paper into the base of the structure.

Petition from the Lakeside W. C. T. U., the Y. W. C. T. U. and other societies of a similar nature were read making the recommendations concerning the appointment of the police matron, the arrangement of the jail cells, disposition of the prison and other needs that already have been exhaustively discussed in the papers. Referred.

On report of the committee on city property and buildings, the contract for ventilating the municipal court room was awarded to the Zenith Electric Light company.

The committee, composed of Aldermen Nelson, Dingwall and Butchart, having in charge the reception of bids for the new engine house, reported in favor of the plan of purchase of seven acres of land at the corner of First street, west of Sixth Avenue west, located on lot too and the east one-half of lot 102, block 17, at a cost of \$16,500. The report was received.

The committee of public offices and of the reformatory in favor of not confirming the appointment of John Ronayne as deputy for City Assessor Smith. Report received and adopted.

An ordinance was introduced and then referred to the committee on ordinances, giving the Duluth Transfer Railroad company thirty feet right-of-way across Garfield avenue, from the south-easterly side of lot 3, block 8, to lot 4, block F. Among the conditions of the ordinance were those that the road should be open to all lines wishing to enter Duluth, that a viaduct be erected when required.

The February pay rolls for the various departments were allowed as follows: Engineering department, \$1081.42; maintenance of streets and sewers, \$3128.30; city officers, \$1912.50; postmaster, \$180; fire department, \$1028.35; assessor, \$150; board of public works, \$545; police department, \$3835.35; fire department, \$4799.30; total, \$17,234.40.

FAIR

FORECAST FOR Tuesday March 7. Fair possibly followed by snow tonight or tomorrow; warmer southwest winds.

Pioneer Fuel Co.'s  
**COAL!**

It's Carefully Sized! Seldom Equalled! Never Excelled!

City Sales Office: 410 West Superior Street. Telephone No. 151.

Weather predictions appear here daily.

A SURPRISE RUMORED

Hints of an Entirely New State of City Officers Are to be Heard Today.

Several of the Aldermen Have Quietly Intimated That There May Be a Surprise.

Tonight's Meeting Will Settle Nothing More Than the Council Organization and City Attorneyship.

Tonight Aldermen Kennedy, Long, Hugo, Weiss, Butchart and Coventry step down and out of their seats from the council and Alderman Quinby, Oie, Howard, Getty, Spengler and Myers formally take their seats. As there are no committees no routine business will be transacted this evening. Organization will be the chief feature. The president, vice president, attorney and clerk chosen by the only officials picked out tonight. The heads of departments will not be appointed for a month yet.

James Corrigan, of Cleveland, of Corrigan, Ives & Co., are dealers, here today. J. M. Paine, of Carlton, is in the city. Clarke Chambers, of Owatonna, and Hon. M. E. Clapp came up from St. Paul last evening.

Thomas Bardon, of Ashland, Wis., was in the city yesterday afternoon. R. N. Dickinson, of Cleveland, is in the city.

John T. Jones returned from Mountain Iron yesterday.

A. L. Grant, of Faribault, is at the St. Louis.

W. N. Shepard came down from Tower yesterday.

Mrs. L. D. Campbell, who has been ill, is considerably improved.

C. G. Harger, Jr., of St. Paul, district manager of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company, is in the city today.

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## FREIMUTH'S STORE.

### Silks==

Cheney Bros. best printed Indias in over one hundred styles, probably the largest and most comprehensive assortment of these superior printed Indias shown in the Northwest.

NEW NAVY GROUNDS,  
NEW BLACK GROUNDS,  
NEW RED GROUNDS,  
NEW GREEN GROUNDS,  
NEW MASTIC GROUNDS,  
NEW EMPIRE GROUNDS,  
NEW TAN GROUNDS.

Printed in very pretty and stylish designs, and harmonious colorings.

### Special Inducements==

For the balance of the week in Silk department.

Do You Want a Silk Skirt, splendid Pongee; are selling here for **25¢ a yard.**

There were rumors on the street this morning of a combination of forces to bring about the incorporation of the city of Duluth. There is a new state of city officers, and it is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. The **easterly 40's** now on sale. Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

## The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased 1000 Per Cent in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. The **easterly 40's** now on sale. Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott,  
408 First National Bank Bldg.,  
DULUTH, MINN.

### A. FITGER & CO.'S Lake Superior Brewery

Is the largest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

### SWAP!

Ten new six-room houses for rent. \$10 per month, or for sale on monthly payment. \$100 per month. Will pay themselves in seven years.

John Wil

## DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ENTH YEAR.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men  
ESTABLISHED 1861.

Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

**H**OW MUCH had I laid out to pay for that Dress Suit? Would mind getting the suit and carrying some of the money home again? Get the salesman to take the \$18 suits left out of our big lot made to \$25 or \$25. The workmanship is the best kind, the quality is the best quality and you save \$7. Or there is the Edward Harris' <sup>ss</sup>suiters that we buy by the hundred as we have for years. There are a few suits of the lot left, and they're \$13.50. It's a fine everyday suit.

## Out They Go--The Overcoats.

Almost a riddle when we buy them how we'll sell them all. Now it's a puzzle whether we'll have enough to last, or have to make more. Reasonable prices? Yes, more than reasonable; they're the lowest.

\$8 TO \$20.

This is the great shoe store. The public are coming for their shoes with increased promptness, regularity and liberality. And it's only natural, for Duluth people are the wisest in the land about goods; they know the truly cheap. That's why so much sham cheapness fizzles in Duluth. Shoe managers that know shoes are scarce; that know shoes and sell them honestly are scarcer. Have you seen the \$5 Patent Leather kid top shoes? Other folks' \$6.50 and \$7. Hundreds of men have seen and now happily own our \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes, and sorts and sorts at \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00. On each the saving is 35 to 50 per cent.

Some Elegant Soft Hats, Latest New York Shapes, Just in From KROX.

*The BIG DULUTH*  
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.  
Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

The  
People's  
Verdict!

When egotistic furniture dealers set themselves up as "Price regulators for Duluth and Superior" not only are they likely to bite off more than they can chaw, but they compel the public to think of the old she Toad who tried to swell up until she was as large as an ox. The result was that her sides burst and a thin grease spot and a smell of stale wind was all that was left of Mrs. Toad.

Such actions in Toads or furniture dealers are silly and sickening. The public much prefers "the mellow tones of songsters" whose "ads" don't promise benefits and low prices never given. Bombastic wind and self conceit may satisfy aristocratic firms who never get their swelled heads out of the clouds; but the public accepts the low prices, good goods, modest claims and unbroken promises, which are features at the store of

**F. S. Kelly,**  
EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME,  
EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE  
ON EASY PAYMENTS  
710 and 712 West Superior Street.

**J. M. GEIST,**  
THE LEADING HOUSE IN  
Fine Watches,  
Diamonds,  
Jewelry, Etc.

If You Want  
A HAT—  
A STYLISH HAT.  
If You Want  
THE CORRECT  
THING IN A HAT—  
SPRING  
STYLES  
HAVE  
ARRIVED.

IN FACT,

IF YOU WANT  
TO BE IN THE SWIM  
WEAR  
NOTHING BUT THE

Dunlap Hat!  
CATE & CLARKE,  
Sole Agents.

## TAXATION IN ITASCA

Low Taxes During the Past Are Due to a Limitation Law Passed By the Legislature.

Opponents of the Markham Bill Have Now Time to Milk the Railroads a Little More.

Senator Keller Wants Lands of Corporations Owning More Than Five Thousand Acres Forfeited.

ST. PAUL, March 8.—[Special to The Herald.]—A. Y. Merrill, formerly county attorney of Aitkin, said yesterday that the investigating committee which has in charge the matter of taxation of pine lands in Itasca and other counties will discover that the low taxes in the two counties are due to the fact that the legislature passed a law limiting taxation on lands in Itasca county to 10 mills per acre, and in Cass county to 12 mills per acre, before they were organized, and that Itasca county has been taxed but once since its organization, when the limit was removed. The shortness of time since the removal did not permit much change in taxes the first year. The law is still in force in Cass county.

In the senate this morning Mr. March introduced a joint resolution instructing the railroads and warehouse commission to revise all distance tariff and terminal freight rates of the various railroads which had not been revised for several years.

Mr. March introduced a bill amending the Markham bill.

The condition of things relative to the Markham bill, consideration of which was postponed until next Tuesday by its friends, may be inferred from the following remark of Senator C. R. Davis, one of the opponents of the bill which is quoted in the Minnesota Tribune:

*"After the session closed, Senator C. R. Davis appeared to be very hot in the region of the necktie over the postponement and declared that some of our fellow citizens of the state had probably voted with the friends of the measure in favor of postponement in order to give them (the opponents) more time in which to milk the railroads."*

Senator Keller introduced a resolution this morning calling upon the attorney general to sue for the corporations which have acquired more than 500 acres of land, as prohibited by the law of 1889, and to enforce forfeitures if such corporations are discovered. The attorney general must furnish a list of the corporations owning more than 500 acres in the state, other than railroads and transportation companies. This resolution is aimed against the Weyerhaeuser syndicate, which, it is claimed, has many times more land than the law allows.

Col. Davies was in the senate this morning. He is on his way home from Washington.

In the house today two reports were made on the Winston election bill. The minority report was in favor of the law as now with squares at the head of the ticket, while the majority report strongly favored the regular Australian ballot.

The committee on corporations other than municipal made a report on the bill compelling street car companies to enclose the front of cars in inclement weather, reporting a substitute measure similar to the Tawney bill in the senate.

OPPOSED TO FREE COINAGE.

Congressman Baldwin Favors the Repeal of the Sherman Law.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—"I don't understand why I have been so misrepresented on the silver question," said Congressman Baldwin. "In my conversations with newspapers I have been cautious upon all but one subject, the silver question. In the list published of those who are for, against, or don't care, the question of silver appears in the doubtful column. There should be no such idea. I am for the repeal of the Sherman law. I am opposed to the free coinage of silver under present conditions, believe we are doing away with the coinage of silver in the United States, and ought to go to Europe next June and obtain such a coinage of silver as will satisfy everybody, and a coinage that will give us a silver dollar that is a dollar all over the world. I take the same ground on the coinage of silver that I do on spiritual matters, as I want a unitarian silver dollar, a silver dollar that needs no religion.

FOR GOVERNOR OF ALASKA

Harry Hawkins and Capt. Harries Are Each Seeking the Position That Swineford Was Again.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—[Special to The Herald.]—It develops now that Representative Hawkins of the First Minnesota district is in a position to date for appointment as governor of Alaska. Pitted against him is Harry Hawkins, late Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor of Minnesota.

It is not known yet who stands the best show. Both may fall for this place.

Ex-Governor Swindorf, of Superior, is after the same position.

BORN TO THE GRAVE.

Funeral Services Over-Vicar General Brady at St. Louis.

St. LOUIS, Mo., March 8.—This morning the funeral services over the remains of the late Vicar General Philip P. Brady took place at St. John's church. The body had lain in state in front of the main altar since Monday evening and had been viewed by a constant procession of parishioners and friends.

COULD WIN.

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FOR THE PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

Scheme in New York to Obtain Support From the State.

TRINITY, N. J., March 8.—About thirty of the Catholic priests of the state met here again Monday evening with a view to obtain a second effort to secure the introduction of the bill attacking the school funds in the interest of the parochial schools.

The act provides that it shall be lawful for any private school corporation to file with the state or county superintendent a declaration of willingness of the corporation to have the school used for a public school.

The county superintendent is then to appoint the president, secretary, and treasurer of the corporation a board of school trustees. Said school shall be subject to the general school laws of the state, and all the teachers shall have regular school certificates.

The school trustees are to make reports of the number of pupils attending the school, additional free public schools, as the act calls them, to the state school superintendent, and on the basis the state is to assign out of its school fund to each additional free public school the same money per child that it cost the state in the preceding year for each child with the school age in the public schools in the state.

FROM AN EXAMINATION BY A PHYSICIAN.

During Crime Committed by a Burglar at Fullman This Morning.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Mary Montgomery, a domestic in the employ of Thomas W. Corner, of 225 Watt Avenue, Pullman, was brutally outraged and murdered by a burglar early this morning. The burglar gained entrance to the house through a window in the kitchen where the girl lay sleeping on a couch.

From an examination by a physician

it is believed that the thief first chloroformed the girl, then assaulted her, and finally, in order to stifle her cries, choked her to death.

After committing the murder the thief

had counted the gas in several rooms and was

counting the contents of Mrs. Connor's

couch. His presence was discovered

by a nurse, who called the police.

The nurse was able to furnish a good

description of the man and the police

stations in the city have been notified.

## ENGINEERS GO ON STRIKE.

No Trains Moving on the Toledo, Ann Arbor &amp; Northern Michigan.

OWOSO, Mich., March 8.—According to orders received from Chief Arthur last night, the Brotherhood engineers in the employ of the Toledo, Ann Arbor &amp; Northern Michigan railroad at this place struck this morning at 6 o'clock.

No trains have gone out so far, and it is not probable that any will go out today, as most of the men have joined the strikers. It is reported that the firemen, conductors, brakemen, and shop hands will join in the strike, if non-union engineers are put to work.

The men are gathered in knots about the streets and in the company's yards discussing the situation, but perfect order reigns and no disturbance is anticipated. A secret meeting is now in session in Brotherhood hall.

ONE MAIL TRAIN MOVED.

TOLEDO, O., March 8.—The Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan road went out this morning at 6 o'clock in obedience with the instructions of Chief Engineer Arthur. The strikers furnished a crew for the 5:55 a.m. mail train, and that is the only train that has been started out of Toledo since Chief Arthur telegraphed this morning to the heads of the Brotherhood lodges on the various connecting lines to live up to the constitution and not aid in forwarding or handling any Ann Arbor freight.

The men have apparently been swallowed up in the earth. They cannot be found. The men have received strict orders not to be seen about the yards or to speak to anyone. It is the intention of the Ann Arbor company to block every road leading to Toledo, and the men have apparently been sent out to handle freight from that road if deflected to another.

Will Refuse to Handle It.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 8.—The engineers on the Grand Rapids roads intersecting the Toledo &amp; Ann Arbor road unhesitatingly say they will refuse to handle freight from that road if deflected to another.

NO THROUFG FREIGHT HANDLED.

FRANKFORT, Mich., March 8.—The engineers and firemen on the Toledo &amp; Ann Arbor railroad at this place struck this morning at 6 o'clock. No through freight is being handled. The City of Marquette came in this morning but cannot unload owing to lack of cars.

Fitzsimmons Will Meet in the Fistic Arena at New Orleans.

The Battle Will Be for Blood as Well as for the Largest Purse Ever Offered.

Hall is the Favorite in the Betting and Shrewd Judges Consider Him the Winner.

NEW ORLEANS, March 8.—Tonight before the Crescent City Athletic club will occur the anxiously awaited fight for a purse of \$45,000 between Hall and Fitzsimmons. It has created more interest in sporting circles than any battle within the past decade, with the exception of the heavyweight championship encounters, and the large arena will be crowded tonight with spectators desirous of seeing the great fistic event.

Hall and Fitzsimmons are, with the exception of Corbett and a few others, the most prominent pugilists in this country. They are both Australians, coming from a country that has produced more first class pugilists than any other country on the earth and are both world champions. Hall is the favorite and most favorably known, because of his defeat of Dempsey the previously undefeated middleweight champion and without doubt one of the cleverest men that ever stepped into a ring.

The matching of Fitzsimmons against Dempsey is the most interesting part of the Jimmy Carroll, who had it in for the nonpareil. Dempsey did not see Fitzsimmons before the fight or it would not have come off. His very appearance is enough to strike terror to the heart of any man. Previous to his defeating Dempsey, Fitzsimmons some of the best men in Australia in his class.

Hall is not so well known in this country, never having had a battle here. His greatest victory was in England when he stopped Corbett in 15 rounds.

Fitzsimmons fought in Australia several years ago. There are so many conflicting and unlikely stories about that fight that but little credit can be given any of them.

Hall was declared the winner that is certain. He claims that he was an excellent boxer and a fine fighter.

Fitzsimmons declares that it was not and that he was paid a few dollars to lay down. "I was broke at the time," said Fitz, "and I needed the money worse than the honor of winning." The fact is that he is a blood-feud between the men and does not intend to let the fight end in a draw.

Shortly after arriving this morning, he rode his carriage with Jim Corbett and his trainer and drove to the criminal court building. His entrance caused a commotion and court business was suspended.

"Fitz" wanted to be made an American citizen and to Judge Lazarus he naturally expressed his desire to be naturalized.

It was duly accorded the privilege.

"Fitz" spoke confidently of his battle, "I fooled you before," he said, "and I will do it again. People are talking of me as to who will win. About 10 o'clock tomorrow they will be sorry they were not on the 10 to 1 shot.

The nearer the Hall-Fitzsimmons fight approaches the more wrapped in doubt is the result. One man has about as much following as the other and each one has been saying all sorts of mean things about each other and the sight will win. With this condition of things the best index to fall back is the betting, which is so far slightly in favor of Hall, though very slight.

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## YET ANOTHER REVOLT

Gen. Vasques Has Also Taken the Field in Honduras and Has Declared Himself Dictator.

Meanwhile Bonilla and Gen. Sierra Are Marching Through the Country Gaining Victory After Victory.

Nicaraguan Troops Getting Ready to Help Bonilla in Case Vasques Gains Too Much Strength.

**NEW YORK, March 8.**—The Herald's Panamanian correspondent cables that another revolution in opposition to the one offered by Bonilla in Honduras has broken out. Gen. Vasques, minister of war under President Leiva, is the leader. While Bonilla, aided by Gen. Terencio Sierra, was capturing Choluteca and preparing to march upon Teguigalpa for the purpose of proclaiming himself president, Gen. Vasques was dealing an effective blow at the government which he overthrew by declaring himself dictator of the republic.

Gen. Vasques had well laid plans for seizing the presidency. Only a few months ago he was made secretary of war by Gen. Leiva. His first official act was the issuance of an order for the removal of Gen. Sierra. This revolution now appears to have meant that the army was to be used to aid him in ousting Leiva.

It was rumored yesterday that Teguigalpa had fallen into Gen. Vasques' hands. Bonilla, chief of staff, and that proclamation was issued declaring that Bonilla has been chosen president. Telegraphic communication with Teguigalpa was interrupted, and no confirmation or denial of the report can be obtained.

From Santa Barbara a dispatch has been received which says that ex-President Bográn, of Honduras, who was succeeded by Leiva, has announced that he will support the cause of Gen. Vasques and has sent a strong reinforcement to him.

Meanwhile a dispatch from Corinto, Nicaragua, says that the Nicaraguan forces are being mobilized on the northern frontier. In view of the early reports that Nicaragua has promised to aid Bonilla, it is most probable that the Nicaraguans will sent into Honduras to reinforce Bonilla should the army under Vasques prove too strong for him to conquer.

### A CASE OF MURDER.

Sensational Developments in a Reported Suicide in Iowa.

**PRINCIPAL, Ia., March 8.**—A new sensation has developed in regard to the reported suicide of John E. Young, a squatter on the disputed railway land in this country.

At the time of the occurrence Young was found suspended by a strap around the neck and tied to a beam in his barn. The coroner's jury declared it to be a case of suicide and the body was buried at once.

A brother of the deceased is now here from New York and has caused an investigation, which goes to prove it to be a case of murder. When found the feet of the deceased were resting on the barn floor and his knees were nearly touching. It is thought that if Young himself he would have had to bend his knees and hold his feet up from the floor. Again, the knot in the strap was tied in a bungling manner, and it is claimed could not have been drawn tight enough to strangle. The eyes and mouth were closed; the features were not at all disturbed, as is usual in cases of death by strangling.

The undertaker testifies to scratches and finger marks around the throat. Several theories as to who are implicated in the murder are advanced. The sheriff and county attorney are investigating the case. The body will be exhumed and again examined by experts.

### POSTPONED UNTIL MAY.

The Swedish Jubilee Festival to be Held at Minneapolis.

**MINNEAPOLIS, March 8.**—The Swedish jubilee festival to be held in this city in commemoration of the 200th anniversary of the issuance of the decree of Upsala, granting religious liberty to the Swedes, has been postponed until May 22.

One of the chief reasons for postponement is the probability of securing the attendance of one of the princes of the royal family of Sweden at that time, it being understood that the royal family will be represented at the World's fair. At least 20,000 visitors are expected to attend the festival.

### SAID TO HAVE FLED.

That is the Report About Ed Haroun, of St. Paul.

**ST. PAUL, March 8.**—Ed R. Haroun, ex-county assessor of Ramsey county, is reported to have left for parts unknown. Early in February, it is alleged, he forged the name of County Auditor Kain to a check for \$1,000.

This check was passed upon a gent's furnishing house of this city. Haroun is still under bonds to the amount of \$1,500. The four bondsmen are J. S. Kennedy, John Mullin, John Kennedy, John Humble.

### A Morphine Fiend.

**CHICAGO, March 8.**—A fair protege of Secretary J. G. Carlisle came to grief in this city yesterday. She is Mrs. Eva L. Head, a fair young Kentuckian, and was held in criminal court on charge of passing forged checks. The girl came here from Louisville to work as an artist, armed with letters from Carlisle and other prominent Kentuckians. She did a wholesale business passing worthless checks. Her good defense is that she committed the crimes while under the influence of morphine.

### Mail Carrier Robbed.

**FORT GIBSON, I. T., March 8.**—W. T. Hudson, mail carrier between the post office and depot, was held up by masked

men last evening. The highwaymen secured two pouches of his mail. The pouches contained valuable matter from the Tableau and Fort Gibson offices. There is no clue to the robbers.

### DAILY KNOCKED OUT.

He Fought Gamely But Gibbons Was Too Much For Him.

**NEW ORLEANS, March 8.**—There was more than the usual interest taken in the fight last night between Austin Gibbons, of Paterson, and Mike Daly, of Bangor, Me.

Gibbons was the favorite in the betting although Daly had many strong supporters among the Eastern delegation who failed to see how he could possibly lose. The New Orleans people had seen Gibbons fight Andy Bowen and they were so well satisfied that he was a good careful man and a clever boxer that they backed him almost to a unit.

From the third round Gibbons played with Daly as a cat with a mouse. In the sixth Gibbons clapped and banged Daly all round the ring, and the latter only saved his skin by going on one knee for the seconds.

From the twenty-fifth Gibbons had the fight his way and forced it. Daly came up groggy in the twenty-seventh, but game. Gibbons played a tattoo on Daly's head. The latter reacted and he was whipped, and eventually put up, his right for Gibbons to run against.

The thirty-first round lasted only two minutes and a half before the knockout blow was landed with a right-hand punch.

### SHOT BY HIS MISTRESS.

A Well Known St. Louis Politician is Seriously Injured.

**ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 8.**—Matt Kelly, a well known politician, was shot and probably fatally wounded by Mrs. Mary Frush yesterday. The bullet entered at the left side of his throat and lodged near his heart. The woman is known as Mollie Ward and for many years was Kelly's mistress. Her father was a reputable citizen of Louisville, Ky., and is now dead.

Kelly and the woman separated about two years ago and she married Harry Frush yesterday. The bullet entered at the left side of his throat and lodged near his heart. The woman is known as Mollie Ward and for many years was Kelly's mistress. Her father was a reputable citizen of Louisville, Ky., and is now dead.

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**EVENING HERALD.**  
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PUBLISHED BY THE  
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 230 West Superior street. Telephone number 324, twirling editorial rooms 231, three rings.

Eastern Office—103 West Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**

Daily, per year.....\$7.00

Daily, per three months.....1.50

Daily, per month......50

Weekly, per year.....1.50

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

Entered at the post office at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

**The Weather.**

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Duluth, Minn., March 8.—The depression in the air mentioned yesterday as settling over the country to the north of Minotaria, remains in the same place, with a secondary depression moving southward over the state and new center over Nebraska and Iowa moving northwest.

The weather has been very fine in Mississippi valley, and continues in that section, and will advance to the north today, probably changing to some degree. The highest temperatures in the last few days were: Fort Smith, 13°; Kansas City, 10°; and St. Louis, 12°.

The highest temperature here yesterday was 55°. The lowest temperature here yesterday was 45°.

DULUTH, March 8.—Fair followed by snow this afternoon or night, cold by day yesterday morning, wind shifting to the west.

H. H. BRASSUS,  
Local Forecast Official.

WASHPURIN, March 8.—For Wigginson: Probably local snow Thursday; easterly wind, shifting to westerly. For Minneapolis: Local snow, followed by generally fair on Thursday; easterly wind.

**Notice of Removal.**

The Herald has removed to its new building at 230 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

The West Duluth Water Contract.

Ex-President Hugo is reported to have said at the council meeting on Monday night, in reference to the West Duluth Water company's contract with the village, that "he had looked into the matter of the contract and had found that it was a legal one, that the parties on both sides making it are perfectly satisfied, and that it is too late to do anything, even if it were desirable, to towards breaking a contract entirely legal."

The Herald was not aware that Mr. Hugo was versed in law and therefore competent to decide whether this outrageous contract is legal and cannot be broken, but from the very positive manner in which he is reported to have spoken there seems to be no doubt that this is his fixed opinion. Like some opinions of other eminent lawyers, however, it is liable to be erroneous, and The Herald is just as certain that not only is the contract of a most outrageous character but that it is illegal and if proceedings are instituted in the courts immediately it will be declared illegal.

It is not necessary to state the reasons for this belief, thus giving the case away to the water company, but the reasons are deemed by good lawyers to be sufficient to convince any court that the contract is absolutely illegal and worthless. Neither was Mr. Hugo correct in saying that the parties on both sides are satisfied. Of course the water company is content to have the contract stand, but the people of West Duluth are anxious to be freed from its outrageous provisions.

West Duluth will become a part of the city of Duluth next January, and the Duluth common council should aid in the institution of proceedings to break the contract. The new council cannot begin its duties in a better manner than by taking up this question, and the new city attorney will here find an opportunity to perform a real service to the city.

**Municipal Corruption.**

A writer in the current number of the Forum, who prefers to remain anonymous, has a trenchant article on municipal corruption that speaks the truth without fear or favor. It is undeniable that corruption to some extent, differing largely according to localities, exists in every municipality. There are also purchasable men seeking office and frequently they attain office. The municipality is fortunate where these men are prevented from obtaining control of affairs.

There is but one remedy for official corruption, according to this anonymous writer, and that is to elect no man to office who is not free from debt. Moral reputation is a flimsy security for conduct; financial competence is a very good security indeed. A man out of debt and with a bank account, even a small one, is not likely to be corrupted. Corruption involves slavery to the corrupter, and all men love freedom. The most venal man living prefers at the last moment to be able to vote as he pleases. The private circumstances of nominees should therefore be a matter of public discussion. When state and municipal legislatures are composed entirely of men whose incomes habitually exceed their expenses the problem of corruption will be nearly solved. There is much sound truth in this assertion, and it should not be forgotten by the voters when election day arrives.

A determined effort is being made in New Jersey to secure the passage of a

law so that parochial schools may be supported at the public expense. The scheme should be defeated. The only schools that the state should support are the free public schools.

**The Bill Must be Passed.**

Further consideration of the Markham bill for the taxation of railroad lands has been postponed by the senate until next Tuesday. The people should utilize this time by flooding their senators with demands for the passage of the excellent measure. The railroad lobby against it is strong and there are signs that improper influence has had a potent effect on certain senators.

Every senator who votes against this bill will lay himself open to suspicion. The senators have now an opportunity to show whether the interests of the people or the wishes of the railroads are their chief concern. Those who are not for the bill are opposed to the people, because the people almost unanimously demand its passage.

The slimy arguments which were at first used against the measure have been torn to shreds, and there is no valid reason left for any senator opposing it. The Herald cannot recall any measure which was more generally approved by all the people of the state, and the wishes of the people in this instance should be obeyed.

**A Venetian Pedagogue.**

One day as I rode along the north fork of the Kentucky river I came to a log schoolhouse, an institution usually conspicuous by its absence in that section. It was about 1 o'clock, 2d and teacher, a pink strip of humanity in immovable rags, sat by the log watching a lot of noisy children play.

"How are you?" I said as I pulled up and the children gathered around.

"Howdy!" he replied, driving the children away.

"Are you the schoolteacher?"

"Yes, I reckon I am."

"What kind of a school have you?"

"Only fair to middlin."

"You haven't much competition?"

"No; education ain't popular in these parts."

"Don't the children like books?"

"Not unless they can tear the leaves out 'em."

"Can't you make 'em study?"

"To quit tryin'."

"How long have you been teaching here?"

"This makes the third term."

"And you can't make them learn?"

"No."

"Then what do you teach for?"

"Well, mister, bein' as you're a stranger in these parts," he said in a half whisper, "I'm willin' to say I teach for the \$2 a month and board around, and not another darn thing," and the unassuming pedagogue turned on his heel and went in after his scholars.—Detroit Free Press.

**Some Real Children's Sayings.**

Ten-year-old Ethel's expansive idea of wealth consists in having "millions of dollars," and her imaginary calculations never fall below this considerable amount.

"Annie," she said one day, "do you know what I can do first if I have millions of dollars?"

Annie confessed her inability to guess.

"Well," said Ethel, "I would hire some body to listen to grandpa's old stories."

A boy from Kansas, accompanied by his little boy, was passing Bunker Hill monument one day while on a visit to Boston.

"There is Bunker Hill monument, Johnnie," said his mother, pointing to the huge pile.

Carefully surveying the structure, he asked, "Was Bunker Hill buried there, mamma?"—Kate Field's Washington.

Is This a New One?

Appropriately on Washington's birthday, a new version of the little hatchet is couched for by R. R. Shrock of Tioga, whose grandmother, Mrs. Roberta, was told the yarn by the Thompson, formerly a slave on Washington's farm. On the morning in question when Augustine Washington was overlooking his broad acres and found his favorite cherry tree cut down, he called young George to him, with the exclamation: "Who filled that tree?" George, who was greatly embarrassed and did not want to receive a sound thrashing, replied: "Father, I cannot tell a lie. He did it with my little hatchet."

Carefully surveying the structure, he asked, "Was Bunker Hill buried there, mamma?"—Kate Field's Washington.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press declares that President Cleveland's inaugural address was pretty good Republicanism, but the brainy editor of "the only Republican paper in Duluth" condemns it as tank Democracy. And there you are!

**Editor Wheelock of the Pioneer Press**

has been chosen president of the St. Paul park board. As is a strong advocate of beautiful parks, St. Paul may soon equal Minneapolis in this respect.

The surprise which The Herald predicted last evening in the organization of the new council arrived promptly in time. There was a new deal all round—and at first glance it appears to be an excellent deal.

**Alderman T. W. Hugo retires from**

the presidency of the council with a good record as a presiding officer. He was an excellent chairman and his rulings were always received with respect.

**Hoke Smith expects to get a govern-**

ment position for his friend, Dink Botts,

according to the New York Sun. He might also provide a "job" for Eric Olson, Minnesota can spare him.

The Minneapolis Journal is now ques-

tionsing the advisability of passing the Markham bill for taxing railroad lands.

The railroads have evidently pulled an

other string.

The main patent of the Bell Tele-

phone company expired yesterday. This

should result in cheaper telephones, but will it?

The ex-city attorney has probably

concluded that Hoke has monopolized all the luck in the Smith family.

**Distancing All Competitors.**

West Duluth Times: The Herald cel-

ebrates its occupation of its new build-

ing in a new place, continuing its

existing newspaper edition, incidentally

devoted to a sketch of the growth of

Duluth's manufacturing and other indus-

tries. The Herald is a great paper and

doing its best to distance all competitors in the journalistic field at the head of

the lakes.

**Growing and Prosperous.**

Ashland News: The Duluth Evening

Advertiser, the most metropolitan of Lake

Superior daily newspapers, is publishing

its twenty-fifth edition and an ex-

pected write-up of the progress of its

city. The enterprise of The Herald was

not, however, in honor of a Democratic

president, but in celebration of its re-

turn to a new home and the enlarge-

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1893.

ment of its facilities by the addition of a web perfecting press. The Herald, like its city, is growing and prosperous.

**A Good Write-up.**

Little Falls Transcript: The Duluth Evening Herald has just moved into its new block, and on Saturday came out in a new dress and printed on a new web perfecting press. The paper of Saturday probably has the largest one ever printed in Duluth and was made up of twenty pages of seven columns each. It contains success to The Herald.

**Taking Through His Hat.**

The St. Paul Globe says: "Duluth, Superior, Ashland and Ironwood, these are the four towns that have had the courage to propose a four-city Northwestern baseball league. And it now looks as though the project will go through. H. J. Sampson, the Northwestern billiard champion, writes he has taken an active interest in the plan, and he feels confident that there will be no serious hitch." Mr. Sampson is badly astray so far as Duluth is concerned, Duluth people would not patronize the sort of teams that would belong to such a league.

**A Venetian Pedagogue.**

One day as I rode along the north fork of the Kentucky river I came to a log schoolhouse, an institution usually conspicuous by its absence in that section. It was about 1 o'clock, 2d and teacher, a pink strip of humanity in immovable rags, sat by the log watching a lot of noisy children play.

"How are you?" I said as I pulled up and the children gathered around.

"Howdy!" he replied, driving the children away.

"Are you the schoolteacher?"

"Yes, I reckon I am."

"What kind of a school have you?"

"Only fair to middlin."

"You haven't much competition?"

"No; education ain't popular in these parts."

"Don't the children like books?"

"Not unless they can tear the leaves out 'em."

"Can't you make 'em study?"

"To quit tryin'."

"How long have you been teaching here?"

"This makes the third term."

"And you can't make them learn?"

"No."

"Then what do you teach for?"

"Well, mister, bein' as you're a stranger in these parts," he said in a half whisper, "I'm willin' to say I teach for the \$2 a month and board around, and not another darn thing," and the unassuming pedagogue turned on his heel and went in after his scholars.—Detroit Free Press.

**Some Real Children's Sayings.**

Ten-year-old Ethel's expansive idea of wealth consists in having "millions of dollars," and her imaginary calculations never fall below this considerable amount.

"Annie," she said one day, "do you know what I can do first if I have millions of dollars?"

Annie confessed her inability to guess.

"Well," said Ethel, "I would hire some body to listen to grandpa's old stories."

A boy from Kansas, accompanied by his little boy, was passing Bunker Hill monument one day while on a visit to Boston.

"There is Bunker Hill monument, Johnnie," said his mother, pointing to the huge pile.

Carefully surveying the structure, he asked, "Was Bunker Hill buried there, mamma?"—Kate Field's Washington.

Is This a New One?

Appropriately on Washington's birthday, a new version of the little hatchet is cou

# BANKRUPT. SALE!

CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET.

We will be here ONLY A FEW DAYS LONGER. Take advantage of the Low Prices, procure something you need and at the same time SAVE ONE-FOURTH to ONE-HALF on your purchase.

## We Are Bound to Dispose of the Balance KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK IN A FEW DAYS.

We can offer you Exceptional Bargains, as the stock cost us less than half price, and you can make your selections from it at a corresponding figure. PRICES CUT NO FIGURE, Carpets, Draperies, Cloaks, Furs, Dresses, Silks, Dress Goods, Linens, Domestics, Blankets, Bedding, Shawls, Underwear, Notions, etc. ALL MUST GO at some price. Each and every article represents a MONEY SAVER to the purchaser. Call at once and secure the choice of Bargains in every department of the house. NOTHING IS RESERVED.

A COMPLETE LINE OF MERCHANDISE TO BE SOLD  
AT ONE-HALF VALUE!

What Does This Mean to You?

It means a saving of money if you buy any of these goods. It means if you buy a Cloak, Shawl or dress, you save from \$1 to \$10, which represents the labor of earning twice that amount. It means the purchase of articles you want, at a satisfactory price, and still have money left over and above what you would have, if you purchased elsewhere.

**IT MEANS A GREAT SAVING OF MONEY TO YOU!**

A large quantity of goods for little money. You should not miss the chance offered you, of selecting what you want from this complete stock at the prices we offer. Remember this sale lasts ONLY A FEW DAYS LONGER. All Carpets at less than mill prices. Full lines of Ingrain, Brussels, Velvet and Moquette.

**DAWKINS! DAWKINS! DAWKINS!**

CLEANED 'EM ALL OUT

The New Blood in the City Council Controlled and a Great Big Axe Fell Heavily.

The Rumored Combination and Surprise Proved to Be No Vision But a Stern Reality.

H. R. Spencer, President, C. E. Richardson, Clerk, and H. F. Greene, Attorney, Was the Slate.

"Ring out the old, ring in the new" was the line of action at the organization of the new council last evening. If any one is skeptical on the point of new brooms sweeping clean last night's council meeting should fully correct all doubts. Yesterday, T. W. Hugo was president of the council, Robt. Kennedy vice president, Frank Burke city clerk, and S. L. Smith city attorney. Now what a difference in the morning. To-day's bright sun smiled. H. F. Greene, president of the council, J. C. Helm vice-president, C. E. Richardson city clerk, and H. F. Greene city attorney. How did it come about? Read what follows.

The old council met promptly at 7:40. A few words of business were transacted at this rapid, swinging pace for which Duluth's council has been so famous the past year and for which President Hugo and Clerk Burke have been in a great measure the chief setters. Alderman Helm had the honor to touch the button that made himself, N. L. Hugo, Charles A. Long, R. H. Kennedy, James Butchart and J. Coveney once again common citizens. He moved adjournment sine die, and "twas done.

The new council was called to order and Alderman Hugo moved that J. C. Helm act as temporary president. His motion prevailed and Mr. Helm for a brief spell sat on the leathered cushion and hammered the warnish off the president's desk.

The first ballot was that for president.

It revealed the slate that well posted people felt sure had been made up by the members of the right-wing party. R. Spencer, by the votes of Alderman Spencer, Myers, Thomas, Helm, Howard, Quinby, Getty and Oie, secured the presidency of the council for the coming year. Five votes were cast for T. W. Hugo by Messrs. Sonnenberg, Cox, Dingwall and Mr. Hugo.

On motion of Alderman Hugo, the election of Mr. Spencer was made unanimous, after which that gentleman took his chair and said: "I heartily appreciate the way the council acted. I am now more than pleased over this body. I can assure you always of the same courtesy which I will expect from you. I congratulate myself upon still having the assistance of the able gentleman who preceded me and the other members of my committee. I shall always gladly avail myself of their services. I thank you."

J. C. Helm was elected vice-president, getting 9 votes, Alderman Nelson voting for his West End contemporary. Of the remaining four votes Dingwall got three and Thomas one.

Frank Burke was the next old landmark to be tumbled in the dust. The vote stood: C. E. Richardson, 8; Frank Burke, 4; N. A. Gearhart, 1. It is supposed that Alderman Cox voted for the latter, but gained eight votes because Spencer did the work Richardson.

The selection of H. F. Greene was a regular surprise party, for not only is he a staunch Democrat, but ten aldermen

jurymen of the new council were present.

Mr. Greene, however, seemed to be a Gresham, and the eight noble ones who remained to him, H. F. Greene was the man the place had sought, so they gave it to him. J. D. Holmes received 2 votes, S. L. Smith, 2, and S. D. Allen, 1.

Alderman Dir gall then proposed adjournment until the next day. Mr. Helm proposed and the others voted that he had some remarks to offer. "The council committees are now constituted," he said, "are important only in name. Some aldermen have two chairmanships and have a right to both, and others have an arrangement to propose which will give every alderman an important chairmanship and which will result in a more equitable division of work and responsibility."

The new arrangement of the committee was referred to a special committee composed of Alderman Hugo, Myers and Howard. A short recess was taken, after which came the formal adoption of the committee's report. The arrangement is as follows: Dingwall and Lindstrom bridges and viaducts, city property buildings and markets, claims and accounts, drains, sewers

and parks, fire department, harbor docks and wharves, light, water and supplies, ordinance, public offices, office and elections, railroads and transportation, streets, alleys and sidewalks.

The list also included a special committee on water works to have supervision of all possible arrangements look-

ing to the purchase of the water works plant which Alderman Hugo declared would be a most important work.

During the intermission, Frank Burke visited C. E. Richardson as "your clerk and my successor." Mr. Richardson thanked his supporters for the honor and expressed hopes that he should be worthy of the confidence left in him.

The next thing looked for is President Spencer's make up of the committees and the mayor's appointments that will come trailing after.

### THE AFTERMATH.

The Condition of Things This Morning at the Late Scene of Carnage.

A holy calm rests over, in and around the city hall today. The only alderman caught making a visit to the place this morning was H. M. Myers, who possibly was locating his aldermanic quarters and calling on friends. Frank Burke, president of the council, and Alderman Nelson, who was the man the place had sought, so they gave it to him, J. D. Holmes received 2 votes, S. L. Smith, 2,

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## HE WANTS A RECEIVER

A Stockholder in the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Asks That a Receiver Be Appointed.

Alleges the Directors Have Conspired to Enrich Themselves and Friends by Issuing Preferred Stock.

He Also Claims There Are Nearly Two Millions of Undivided Net Earnings On Hand.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 8.—This morning William J. Craig, a stockholder in the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railroad company, went before Judge Bartholomew and through his attorney, F. M. Trissel, of Chicago, filed a petition for the appointment of a receiver. He alleges that since 1851 the directors, who, he says, are an unlawfully elected body, have declared no dividends although there are over \$1,700,000 undivided net earnings on hand.

He alleges that the directors have conspired to enrich themselves and their friends by issuing preferred stock in exchange for their common stock under a law passed Feb. 22, 1852, by the Indiana legislature which, it is alleged, the directors lobbied through.

The bill alleges that this law is unconstitutional in that it gives a majority of stockholders of the rights in the dividends of the company, and the case hinges on the allegation that it is necessary to elect thirteen directors every year, and that this has not been done since May, 1851.

**SIGNS OF THE CRUCIFIXION.**

They Still Appear on the Person of Mrs. Stuckenborg.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 8.—Mrs. Mary Stuckenborg, the Catholic woman who has for two years been visited every Friday by manifestations of the crucifixion inflicted upon the Savior, is finally attracting great attention from the Catholic priesthood.

At 3 o'clock every Friday afternoon Mrs. Stuckenborg becomes unconscious and falls upon her knees, her hands and feet bound with pieces of iron, and while her feet are crossed her arms are extended almost at right angles to the body, though slightly bent at the elbows. In brief she assumes the exact position of a person who might be fastened to a cross.

From time to time small drops of blood exude from the palms of her hands and from similar wounds on each instep, extending through the foot, on Friday the blood oozes slowly. Though unconscious and inflexible in her bosom heaves as though terrible agony, and she holds her breath until it seems that she might die of exhaustion.

Crosses which appeared on her forehead and chest are now perfect and slightly raised above the skin. The letters "I. H. S." on the right shoulder are still there. From the hour of her trance she is weak but the next day she is always able to perform her domestic duties. Recently her health seems to be gradually breaking down, and the results may be serious if the attacks continue. There does not appear to be the slightest chance for their cessation, as they have occurred now for almost consecutive Fridays.

**GYLTY OF MURDER.**

A Young Man Convicted of Killing His Mother.

BRADFORD, Pa., March 8.—Ralph Crossmine, the young man whose alleged brutal murder of his own mother on the 10th of last November made one of the most sensational crimes in the history of the state, was found guilty in the McKeon county court yesterday.

Young Crossmine is 25 years old, a large, burly man, and the savage methods of the killing of his mother and the subsequent hanging of the dead body by the neck in a clumsy attempt to convey the idea that she had committed suicide will probably cost him his life.

The evidence for the Commonwealth has been almost wholly circumstantial, as the murderer, who was a crew on Lucretia Crossmine while she was milking in the barn and killed her with blows and by strangling without raising an alarm. Some of the ablest counsel in western Pennsylvania are arrayed on either side in the case, the whole jury of seventy-two jurors was exhausted before the jury box was filled, and the trial has been a most sensational one.

**FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.**

A Steamer at Baltimore With the German Government's Exhibit.

BALTIMORE, March 8.—The steamship Pithkhan, from Hamburg, arrived last night with the German government's exhibit for the World's Fair. Included in the consignment is the exhibit from the Saxony woolen mills. Every part of the machinery is brought over and will be set up in the German building at Chicago.

German operatives will have charge of the machinery, and the work will be carded, spun and woven and will go through every process of making cloth. In the cargo is also the entire electrical exhibit, the book exhibit and a mass of growing plants and ferns for decorative purposes.

There is also a railway passenger car, coal car hopper and box car from the railroad car builders shops at Cologne. The most valuable part of the Pithkhan's cargo is the gallery of pictures, bronze statuary and other works of art to be exhibited.

**IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.**

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., March 8.—Emmet Dalton, member of the famous gang of outlaws, was brought into court this morning to stand trial for the murder committed during the raid at Coffeyville last summer. Dalton entered a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree and was at once sentenced to imprisonment for life. He left for the state prison at noon accompanied by four officers.

**Accepted the Offer.**

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Secretary

Carlisle this morning accepted the position of the clearing house of Denver, to receive notes of issue for \$1,000 in gold. This will increase the gold in the treasury to \$2,125,000. Secretary Carlisle has taken no steps to issue bonds and has not indicated what policy he will pursue.

**FOUR MILLIONS BEHIND.**

Col. McClure Says That the National Treasury is Bankrupt.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—Col. A. K. McClure, of the Times, has sent the following editorial dispatch from Washington to his paper: For months past the one effort of the late administration was to conceal the true condition of the national treasury and, embarrassing as its condition is known to be, the public will be startled when Secretary Carlisle's first statement shall be given to the press.

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1893.

**THE SPEAKER DEPOSED.**

The Tennessee Legislature Removed Speaker Davis From Office.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 8.—The legislature reassembled this morning and in the house a resolution was at once introduced requesting that Speaker Davis, who was recently deposed at Memphis, present his resignation at speaker.

After some discussion this resolution was adopted, but the speaker declined to resign, and a resolution was introduced declaring the office vacant, and it was adopted 72 to 0. Hon. Julius A. Grouse, of Sumner, was elected speaker.

**LIGHT AND AIRY.**

Two Stories.

It was the birthday of Mr. McSwat's birthday. As he awoke this morning to breakfast Mrs. McSwat waylaid him in the family sitting room, led him to the door of a closet, opened it and pointed to two gorgeous garments hanging from the hooks inside.

"Look at my new outfit," Bligher, she said, "a little something to make you look good."

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

**YOUR HEALTH**

May depend upon the way you treat the warning which Nature gives. A few extra precautions at the proper time, may insure good health for a year or two. Therefore, at once, for it

**IS IMPORTANT**

that nature be assisted at the right time. Never fails to relieve the system of impurities, and is an excellent tonic also.

—Ways to Act. Name—

—permit me to remind you for your many other certificates in connection of the great extensive properties contained in Swift's Specific (8. S. S.) It is certainly the best and most effective.

—John W. Daniel, Anderson, S. C.

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## FRENCH & BASSETT.

Great Removal Sale!

20% DISCOUNT

ON ALL

Household Goods!

From our regular Low Prices.  
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

## FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERY.

Our New Spring Carpets and Rugs are on sale, and to sustain our reputation for FAIRNESS and SINCERITY in our advertising and business methods, we let them go in without reserve.

**OUR STOCK IS SUPERB.**

### CARPET PRICES.

#### Carpets=

Hemp Carpets.....	Per yard	15c
Cotton Ingrain.....	Per yard	30c
Velvet, Fringed, C. C. ....	Per yard	55c
All-weather Super-Persian.....	Per yard	55c
Tapestry Brussels.....	Per yard	55c
Body Brussels.....	Per yard	70c
Body Brussels, Standard-Mates.....	Per yard	\$1.20
Velvet, Wilton back.....	Per yard	\$1.25
McQuette, best.....	Per yard	\$1.45
Winton.....	Per yard	\$1.60
Wilton.....	Per yard	\$2.00

Let the Show Proceed.

A tall, red whiskered man, with slovenly hat, walked up to the box office of the Empire theater last evening and demanded two seats. He informed the treasurer that he was the mayor of Boston and wanted to be seated accordingly. He was told that a good seat would be given him if he had the price. After an argument the seat was bought. As he left he slipped the ticket into his pocket.

As he said:

"What time does the show begin?"

"At 8:15, sir."

"Well, if I can't hear on time don't wait for me. I'll drop in after long."

New York Evening Sun.

Interfering with Business.

Philadelphia Call.

Two Planes.

Two Stars.

It was lonely in its loneliness.

On the side walk lay,

A carefree boy dropped it

In his eagerness for play.

A dainty dandy came on the scene,

Whose dress had not a flaw.

The orange blossom gives him

And here is what he saw:

—Philadelphia Call.

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On the side walk lay,

A carefree boy dropped it

In his eagerness for play.

A dainty dandy came on the scene,

Whose dress had not a flaw.

The orange blossom gives him

And here is what he saw:

—Philadelphia Call.

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## HOW FARES THE FAIR

Progress of the Preparations That Are Going On at the Exposition Grounds in Chicago.

Manitoba Has Erected a Building Outside of the Fair Grounds That is Quite Imposing.

Colorado Intends to Make a Very Interesting Display of Her Agricultural and Mineral Resources.

Manitoba is just outside of the United States, and the building at the Chicago World's fair is just outside of the exposition grounds, but the coincidence is accidental. The original idea was, of course, to have a large building on the grounds, one building outside the grounds, but the space was limited. The Dominion erected a small building, which is a hotel and clubhouse rather than anything else, and Manitoba decided to make a close commercial relationship with Chicago, and for something special and extensive.

She therefore secured a conspicuous site just outside the grounds on Stony Island avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-ninth streets, and adds the great Sunday School building, which is to be under the supervision of Evangelist Dwight L. Moody. On this site Manitoba is completing a structure four stories in height and 90 feet wide, and 200 feet long, a square tower in the center. It is an exhibition hall and hotel combined, with capacity to entertain at least 500 people, and exhibition room for many specimens of everything produced in the province. Of Manitoba there are said to be some 200,000 square miles of the most fertile land in the world, and an immense area of pasture and wild lands traversed by over 500 miles of railway, and contains 175,000 people.



MANITOBA BUILDING.  
Among these are some 10,000 Icelanders, people of very high character and general intelligence, a flourishing colony of Menonites, a few people of French descent, a few thousand of Scotch, and others, and all have been settled quite well, and the great majority is made up of native Canadians and Englishmen. Wheat and other small grain, grasses, native and cultivated, fish, furs and game will be the chief articles exhibited. But the great historical section will have a fine display of relics. Hon. James A. Smart, Manitoban commissioner for the fair, is a young man of great energy, and having held the office of commissioner of public works for the province, he is well qualified to represent Manitoba and interested in all the good things possible.

Another exhibit which will be a pleasing novelty will be that of Colorado's agriculture. The state is a little piqued by being so generally regarded as a mineral region only, and is anxious to prove to the world that it is a great agricultural state. Its growers will display their products under a pavilion 90 feet long, 40 feet wide and 23 feet high, every foot of its interior covered with grain. The columns will be wrapped with cereals in the straw, the roof with grain, and the entire exterior frieze will be composed of a series of pictures wrought in colored grains. On one table a pyramid of glass boxes will show the comparative amount of grain grown each year since 1860.

There will be 400 varieties of wheat, 125 of native grasses, 100 of oats and 35 each of barley and rye. There will be timothy heads 10 inches long, bunches of clover 2 feet high and many other surprising growths rendered more attractive by the grain-growing industry products—the wool, hides and horns—it is needless to speak, the fame of the state in these lines being well established. Besides some real fruits there will be 600 fascimiles of fruit done in wax. In the Mexican building Colorado has the largest room next to Peoria, and it will be well filled with specimens of her wonderful variety of minerals.

This section of the Mining building will be greatest interest, as it is at the junction of the two great mining regions of the world, the abundant silver display of Mexico. Colorado's space will be faced with a marble balustrade of her own production. On each side of the entrance will rise two beautifully polished granite columns. The main entrance will be through a double set of doors of red sandstone, carved after the Corinthian style. At the base will rest large lumps of rich ore. Twenty-six flat cases will rest on the marble balustrade, and these will be filled with small specimens of ore, some to be mounted within a variety of mineral, such as hone stone, onyx, alabaster, sandstone, granite. In the center a tall column of granite, with an abalone cap, will dominate the entire display. At its base will be the largest collection with pure gold specimens from Summit county, valued at \$10,000. This display will contain the famous crystallized gold specimens.



COLORADO BUILDING.  
This is, however, but a bare outline of the brilliancy of this state's display. Every known product of the soil and of the earth's substance will be shown; all the dazzling varieties of sulphurites, carbonates and oxides; the horn silver, ruby silver, peacock ore and many others in red, blue, green and gold. There will also be specimens of coal, iron and oil, and many kinds of cherts, silex and other rock products.

The Colorado building proper will be a sort of clubhouse for Colorado visitors. It has attractive reception and reading

rooms, and in point of appearance is one of the best that can be found on the market. It is in the style of the Spanish renaissance and has a roof of glazed red Spanish tiles. It is two stories high, with hanging balconies at both sides and a grand balcony in front. Its dimensions are 125 by 55 feet, and when completed the building will cost about \$50,000.

C. T. BAXTER.

BEASTS THAT CAN BOX.

London Has a Lion, and Paris Possesses a Kangaroo.

Just at present the manly art of self defense seems to be getting there on all fours. The British lion and the American eagle, through their representatives, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Corbett, are not only displaying their gills, but the kangaroo of the antipodes and the Padewski lion have joined in the fun. The blowings of their surplus pressure of exuberant animal spirits by knocking things over in the big mitten.

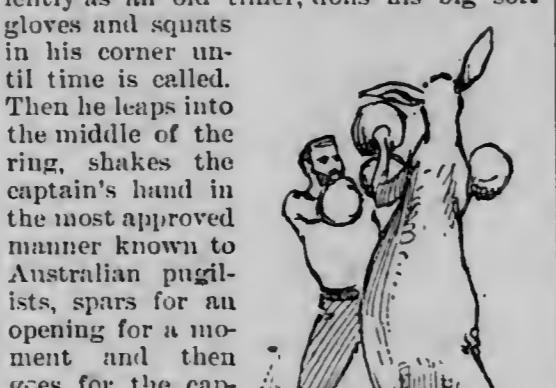
THE BOXING LION.  
There have been boxing stallions and boxing dogs, but London now revels in the novelty of a boxing lion, while Parisians howl with delight at a boxing kangaroo. The critics are unanimous in their opinion that the kangaroo is undoubtedly the oddest. Like Jackson, Slavin, Goldfarb and other men noted for effective work with the gloved fist, the boxing kangaroo hauls his tail behind him, and the critics add, like Peter Jackson's claim to the Australian championship among men, he doubtless believes—with a modesty characteristic of all boxers 2-legged or 4-legged—that he can knock out any kangaroo that hops with four legs and a tail between Victoria and South Australia.

The talented kangaroo that has been delighting Paris of late is owned by Captain Williams and seems to be as happy when he lands a good cross counter on the captain's jaw as a new pup who has just succeeded in punching his boxing instructor's nose and getting away without being killed.



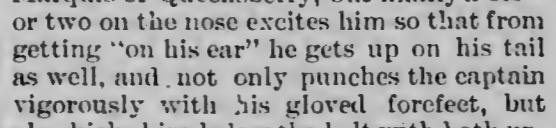
DAINTY HOME TOILETS.  
The kangaroo's scientific name is Macropus giganteus, or giant kangaroo, but he seems to be in fine fettle despite that fact. He is nearly 8 feet long from his nose to his tail, and 4 feet high from the ground to his head, and is twice as tall as himself on his long hind legs and strikes a boxing attitude he is taller than a man. The kangaroo seems to be particularly well qualified as a disciple of the manly art, for he has a strong set of his big strong claws and box in a boxer's "underhock" with all four feet. He could also punch effectively with his tail if there were a glove on the end of it, for the kangaroo can strike with a hard blow with his caudal appendage, as any Australian dog would know to his sorrow.

The kangaroo boxes every day with Captain Williams and seems to be as happy when he lands a good cross counter on the captain's jaw as a new pup who has just succeeded in punching his boxing instructor's nose and getting away without being killed.



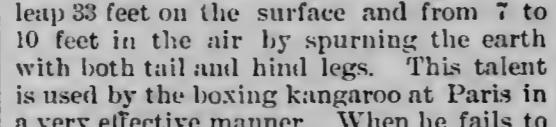
SPARRING FOR WIVES.  
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WALKING AND VISITING GOWNS.  
When the men come, the kangaroo leaps back to his corner and looks down on the audience to say: "The captain thinks he's quite a boxer, but there's nothing in particular the matter with me, is there?"

The boxing lion is the latest novelty in London, and is the result of the king's desire for the king of beasts to enter the boxing arena for an offensive kangaroo to pose as a fighter. The boxing lion is said to be a full grown specimen of his race, and as his temper is a trifle below par he does not meet all the requirements of a champion boxer, but the vest front is handsomely brained. There are 28 buttons on his good natured face.



WITH BOTH FEET.  
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CROSSING TECHNIQUE.

The Telegraphic railway in Mexico, which will connect the gulf with the Pacific coast, is nearly completed. It is expected that the Pacific Mail Steamship company will use this line for transhipment across the isthmus.

EARLIE H. EATON.

Crossing Technique.

## NEW YORK FASHIONS

A Wonderful Variety of Spring Millinery is Displayed Now in the Large Importing Houses.

Mate Leroy Describes Some Very Dainty Home Toilet and Attractive Walking and Visiting Gowns.

A Glance at New Styles in Drapery and the Latest Novelties in Home Adornment.

The millinery of this season is calculated to make one smile when the different colors and shapes are brought to view together, as they are in the large importing houses. The retail stores have each a certain clientele whose tastes run in the same direction, or they are more strictly speaking, directed by the milliner who keeps that particular

box.

THE BOXING LION.

There have been boxing stallions and boxing dogs, but London now revels in the novelty of a boxing lion, while Parisians howl with delight at a boxing kangaroo.

Just at present the manly art of self defense seems to be getting there on all fours.

The British lion and the American eagle,

through their representatives, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Corbett, are not only displaying their gills, but the kangaroo of the antipodes and the Padewski lion have joined in the fun.

The blowings of their surplus pressure of exuberant animal spirits by knocking things over in the big mitten.

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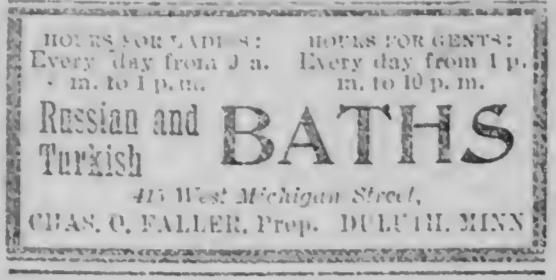
Just at



FORECAST FOR  
Wednesday, March 18. Fair, followed by snow this afternoon or tonight, colder by Thursday morning, with shifting to north east and northwest.

The Pioneer Fuel Co.  
Publish in this paper JULY 1,  
1892, until 1893, forecasting  
weather, business, hours in ad-  
vance. Explanations of differ-  
ences appear in each issue. Money can  
be obtained at any of its offices.

City Sales Office, 111 West Superior Street,  
Telephone No. 131.



HOT SPRINGS ADVERTISED  
Every day from 1 p.m. to 10 p.m.  
HOT SPRINGS ADVERTISED  
Every day from 1 p.m. to 10 p.m.  
Russian and Turkish  
Baths  
411 West Michigan Street,  
DULUTH, MINN.

CITY BRIEFS.

G. A. Tenbusch, architect, 301 Burrows  
Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Snoke Eudon cigar, W. A. Foote & Co.

Wanted—One good boy at Woolley's  
new hotel being built in the vicinity of  
Highland Park to deliver The Evening  
Gerald. Inquire of the circulator at the  
mailing room after 4 p.m. Geo. W.  
Lam, circulator.

It is beginning to be talked about ex-  
tensively that the Northern Pacific people  
will be interested in the creation of a new  
local newspaper in the vicinity of the  
present Paul & Duluth freight house.

The Iron River Brownstone company  
met last evening and elected as directors:  
A. E. McCordick, W. G. Crosby, J. F.  
Cargill, August Branson and C. W. Wil-  
son, all of whom were then elected as  
officers. President A. E. McCordick trans-  
ferred, W. G. Crosby, secretary and manager;  
J. F. Cargill.

Among the patents recently granted  
at Washington was one to Capt. Alex  
McDowell for a rudder and one to  
Sivert B. Neison of Duluth, for a device  
for unloading vessels.

Judge Ensign has issued an order re-  
leasing the described property in the case of  
the W. W. Bates vs. B. B. Richards  
Lumber company.

Calvin Hollenbeck, of Canada, took  
out his first citizenship papers before  
Clark Sinclair today.

All of the juries selected to decide  
which exhibits shall be admitted to the  
World's fair by the Wisconsin and Amer-  
ican boards will meet between March 10  
and 12, and all exhibits which are to be  
made through the Women's board should  
be sent to the New York Life building  
in St. Paul immediately.

Mall service has been established on  
the Duluth Missabe & Northern rail-  
way. E. C. Miller has been appointed  
postmaster at Virginia.

The Jobbers Union holds its regular  
monthly meeting tomorrow afternoon at  
4 o'clock.

Jonas Anderson, from Sweden, has  
taken out his first citizenship papers in  
the United States court.

Mrs. L. J. Smith, of Minneapolis, a  
well-known advocate of temperance and  
priest reform, will hold a series of gospel  
temperance meetings at the Bethel, begin-  
ning tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

A transcript of judgment from the  
municipal court in favor of W. E. Covey  
and against R. C. and Fanny L. Mitchell  
(see page 5) has been filed with Clark  
Sinclair.

Judge Baxter has issued an order de-  
laying the application of the defendants  
in Phillips & Buell vs. the Tribune  
Printing company et al. for a settlement  
of the case.

Word was received at the American  
Steel & Large Company's yard in Everett,  
Washington, last day, that the steel  
writers had insisted that the new whale-  
back steamer Everett should be pre-  
pared with a double keel to bring the rat-  
ing of the vessel up to a higher stand-  
ard. The order for the additional plates  
was at once telegraphed, and they have  
been shipped from the American Steel  
Barge works in Superior.

Miss Anna L. Pettibone and C. J. West  
were married on Wednesday, March 1,  
at Superior, Wis., by Rev. A. J. Davis.

THE GAMBLERS MUST GO.

Another Man Paid a Fine This Morning For  
Gambling.

Yesterday afternoon in the municipal  
court Albert Ross paid a fine of \$3 and  
costs for gambling. F. A. Nelson, Frank  
Sweds and John Martin, charged with  
the same offense, entered a plea of not  
guilty, were given their liberty upon put-  
ting up \$100 each at 2 o'clock this p.m.,  
the time set for trial.

This morning John Robow was found  
guilty of drunkenness but sentence was  
suspended. James Parks, on complaint of  
Charles Gardner, has again been arrested.  
He was sentenced to jail for third degree,  
and in default of \$5 bail was committed  
to the county jail until March 15, when the case will come up for trial.

A Highway Robbery.

A man who was unknown at the  
police department was found on Rice's  
Point near Hendrickson's saloon on Mon-  
day night about 10:30 o'clock. He was  
relieved of \$14 and a watch. The rob-  
ber made his escape but a certain indi-  
vidual of unsavory reputation is under  
suspicion.



Purest, Strongest  
Goes Furthest.

## GREEK MEETS GREEK.

Mallory and Martin Forces Clash at West  
Duluth Last Evening at a Mal-  
lory Meeting.

Martin and Himebaugh Were Called For But  
the Chairman Demanded Half the  
Hall Rent.

The Sum Was Raised and Judge Himebaugh  
Delivered Himself of a Whole-  
sale "Roast."

Merrily the war goes on. Politics by  
day and politics by night is all that can be  
heard upon the streets, indoors and  
out at West Duluth. The carbuncle  
politicians who wag their tongues for  
two or three weeks before election and  
expect a year's job in return for their  
services are putting in their best licks  
these days on the unsuspecting victim.  
The election was held yesterday in the interest  
of the people's party but before the end  
was reached it turned out to be a gen-  
eral free for all and speakers from both  
parties were called upon the stage and the  
amount of oratory thrown out if it  
did not please the audience must have  
reached the sky. The speaker who  
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## DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

The Gigantic Removal Sale  
OF THE Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

Begins Monday, March 6th,  
And Continues Until Further Notice.

**20% DISCOUNT**

WILL BE GIVEN FROM OUR REGULAR PRICES TO  
ALL SPOT CASH CUSTOMERS.

The Sale Will Not Include Carpetings.

Only as far as relates to old patterns and remnants. We have been to a great deal of trouble and expense in getting together our elegant stock of NEW SPRING CARPETS, which are already in, and it should hardly be expected of us to sacrifice this stock when the market East is comparatively bare of the choice styles which we have to offer the Duluth trade this season.

THIS SALE does not include Office Furniture nor Crockery and Glassware—but all other goods in our stock will be subject to this sweeping reduction.

We Sell on Easy Pay-

ments When Desired.

Do you need accommoda-

tion? Have you given this

method of business your

consideration?

It is fast and equitable.

Our books contain the

names of the best citizens of

Duluth, who have availed

themselves of its advantages.

We ask a premium of

1% on \$200.00 Bought.

8.00 on 40.00 Bought.

10.00 on 50.00 Bought.

20.00 on 100.00 Bought.

NO INTEREST CHARGED:

We have the Largest Stock of Furniture!

We have the Largest Stock of Carpets!

We have the Largest Stock of Everything pertaining to House-Furnishing, in the city of Duluth.

Smith, Farwell

& Steele Co.,

222-224 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

**FOR SALE!**

Two very desirable Dwellings on London Road in Lester Park CHEAP. In other words, UNDER VALUE. Good reasons for selling. View of Lake Superior unobstructed. Look them up.

FIRE INSURANCE.

HARRY D. PEARSON, 305 Burrow's Building

**Fine Sleighs and Cutters!**

RUSSIAN AND PORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.

REMOVED TO 416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

**M. W. TURNER.**

**MONEY TO LOAN**

In large or small amounts, on IMPROVED PROPERTY, at the LOWEST RATES.

McGIFFERT & WHITE, 215 FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

**J. M. GEIST,** THE LEADING HOUSE IN  
Fine Watches,  
Diamonds,  
Jewelry, Etc.

**Magazines for March!  
Fashion Books for March!**

CALL ON US FOR THE  
PARTICULAR ONE YOU WANT.

**CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR,**  
323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Fine Stationery Daily and Illustrated Papers.

**J. S. LANE,**  
Merchant Tailor,

Largest and finest line of Spring Woolens in the city to select your Spring Overcoat or Suit from.

### FIXING COAL PRICES.

Former Chairman of the Coal Shippers' Association, of St. Paul, Tells all About the Combine.

The Wholesalers United to Limit Amount of Coal Brought to the Head of Lake Superior.

Coal Prices Were Fixed Monthly and the Retailers Signed Contracts Not to Deviate Therefrom.

St. Paul, March 9.—[Special to The Herald]—In the scene this morning, Keller's resolution calling for an investigation of the amount of land held in the state by corporations was passed. No bills of importance were introduced in the senate.

The Twin City papers are making a good deal out of Donnelly's coal price investigation. The most sensational testimony yet given was secured from C. McC. Reeve, formerly chairman of the Coal Shippers' association of St. Paul. The object of this organization, according to the testimony, was to contract the amount of coal brought to the head of Lake Superior.

The managers met in his office and fixed the price to run from month to month.

Each coal company originally paid \$1000

an entrance fee and 5 cents per ton

on all coal brought to the head

of lake Superior. It is said that the dealers had signed contracts not to deviate from the established prices.

They said that J. J. Rhodes was his successor in fixing prices for the combine.

The latter denied that he could enforce prices or that there was any combination.

He said that the combine had a joint

resolution which passed unanimously.

It stated that coal had been discovered

in Northern Minnesota and asking that

state officers be instructed to withhold

state lands likely to contain such de-

posits from sale until the legislature

could pass suitable laws relating thereto.

The following bills were introduced in the house this morning: Heinrich's bill relating to firemen's relief fund and Vansant's bill to protect government lighthouses and navigable streams the lighthouses and navigable streams the

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## FITZ WAS THE WINNER

The Sports Treated to Another Big Surprise in the Fistic Arena at New Orleans.

Hall Knocked Out By a Blow of Fitzsimmons Powerful Right in the Fourth Round.

Corbett Says That Fitzsimmons is Without Doubt the Greatest Middleweight Fighter in the World.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.—The fight for the largest purse ever contested for pugilists was brought off by the Crescent Athletic club last night in the monster arena on Canal street. The history of the negotiations which led to this great match, if given in detail, would fill an ordinary sized book, but for the purpose of the present report they may be given briefly.

Fitzsimmons came to this country an unknown man so far as the American annals of the prize ring is concerned, and soon won both fame and money. Hall, also from the Antipodes, observed the fight with admiration, and the Australian desired to emulate his success and crossed the Pacific ocean engaged in a similar quest. The records showed that he had defeated Fitzsimmons in Australia, and was not long in questioning his fellow countryman's title as middleweight champion of the world. He showed challenges upon him and made every apparent effort to secure a fight, but to all these Fitzsimmons for a long time turned a deaf ear.

Bob FITZSIMMONS  
After the Fitzsimmons-Dempsey fight the Australian made several efforts to secure a match but they all resulted in disappointments and finally consented to meet Hall in a large arena erected between St. Paul and Minneapolis for a purse of \$12,000, the conditions being that both men should weigh in at the middle-weight limit. Both men trained hard for this event and many thousands of people gathered in the Twin Cities to witness it, but legal authorities interfered and the original program for the fight was finally abandoned.

A proposal was made, however, that the men should meet and settle the question of superiority in private for half the sum hung up in the original purse, but the Australian flatly rejected the proposition and the Englishman and finally refused, urging as an excuse that the fight could be brought off for the larger sum in some other part of the country. The fight was not brought off and the men had their training for nothing.

The Olympic club last September offered an enormous purse for the match and as it was generally supposed that Fitzsimmons had conceded everything asked by Hall the coming match was looked upon as a certainty. The fight was arranged as a feature of the carnival, but it was finally discovered that Hall did not want to fight at that time.

Finally the Crescent City Athletic club conceived the idea that a match between Fitzsimmons and Hall would be an attraction for which they could afford to offer a sum equal to the greater sum. When it was learned that there was a possibility of bringing the men together, both the Crescent City Athletic club of New Orleans and the Coney Island club engaged in a very lively competition for the contest. The match was made for the original purse of \$12,000 and the bargain was finally closed with the Crescent City Athletic club for a purse of \$40,000.

Never before has such a sum been at stake on the issue of a single fight, a purse made good a take of \$10,000 a side, made the enormous sum of \$50,000 dependent on the result.

The eyes of 10,000 people were eagerly strained toward the arena as the principals with their seconds and followers took their places in opposite corners. It may be quite true that two middleweight cent specimens of physical manhood had ever faced each other so evenly matched in the prize ring. The betting at this time was 9 to 10 on Hall and 95 to 100 on Fitzsimmons.

JIM HALL  
The men entered the ring at o'clock promptly, Hall leading the procession. Referee Duffy took his position almost immediately. Hall was loudly cheered upon entering the ring. Fitzsimmons entered the ring and was also cheered, received a tremendous ovation. President Noel and the chairman of the contest committee, Joseph Short, joined the men in the ring while Capt. Barrett took charge of the police arrangements. Referee Duffy made a speech which he asked the crowd to observe.

The men advanced to the center of the ring, followed by their seconds, the ring, followed by their seconds,

when Referee Duffy cautioned them about fouls and the usual club rules. Capt. Barrett weighed the gloves and finding them to be Martin Julian, who took them over to Hall. The referee and Mitchell selected his principal's gloves. Referee Duffy announced that the pivot blow was barred and the men stripped. Time was called and the great battle began.

Round one.—The men shook hands a few minutes after 9 o'clock in the orthodox old-time fashion, both men coming to the scratch with a jauntiness which showed their seeming lack of care. They commenced work in a very cage manner until Fitzsimmons finally led the left-hand fist shore of his mouth. Hall's left on the right side of his chest was barred and the men stripped. Time was called and the great battle began.

Round two.—Fitzsimmons still pursued his leading tactics and landed his right and left several times very hard on Hall's body; he also got in a good right and left on the head. In the second round Hall commenced to land a few good blows, but they were by no means dangerous. Fitzsimmons had by far the best of the round.

Round three.—At the call to the center Hall was quickly bashed and led off with his left and caught Fitzsimmons square on the nose. The blow dazed the lanky man, yet he fought gamely and returned the compliment by sending his left into Hall's stomach. Hall responded with a blow on the right which both exchanged. By mutual consent they separated, both laughing. Hall led right and left, reaching his big antagonist's body and neck. Content for a moment with this, Hall walked around the ring. Fitzsimmons following, having a right and left, but he planted his left on Hall's stomach. Hall got his left hand jab in Fitz's face again, making the champion's head bob back like it was on springs. Hall followed the performance with a beautiful right and left on Hall's head and side, but the young Australian got back too far to have any blows do any damage. Fitz retreated, apparently no worse for the blows. The round ended by Fitz missing a swinging blow for Hall's stomach.

Round four.—The men were both in excellent condition and full of fight when the gong sounded for the fourth round. They responded to the call like gladiators and went at each other as though they intended to find the winner in short order, but they had scarcely warmed up to their work when Fitz landed a tremendous right of the point of the jaw and Hall fell to the floor like a dead man. It was a hard fall and the back of Hall's head came in contact with the floor with such a sickening thud that it could be heard all through the building. Hall was a faint-knocked out and in the opinion nobody but Jackson or Slavin can beat him. I hate to admit this, but I am compelled to do so.

Corbett bet on Hall, as did his backer, Brady.

## DOUGHT TO BE KNOWN.

A Most Seasonable Item of Good News.

Something That the Public Can Depend Upon at This Tryng Season.

And Something Which is Easily Within the Reach of All.

Newburg, N. Y., has had a sensation. It seems that H. S. Shorter, an old resident of 75 years of age, who resides at 309 Broadway, Newburg, began to grow languid, got tired easily, was nervous and debilitated, until at last he became so weak and exhausted that he was just able to drag himself around. He lost flesh and strength so rapidly and became so alarmingly prostrated that his friends and relatives despaired of his life.

Now came the marvelous change. Suddenly Mr. Shorter was transformed from his condition of extreme weakness to one of strength; his nerves grew quickly strong and steady, his muscles became firm and well-toned, his blood was revived and enriched, he gained fifteen pounds in weight, and today he is in sound and perfect health.

Such a remarkable transformation in a man of his age was a nine days' wonder.

Of course the cause was eagerly looked for.

And the following astonishing facts are stated exactly as they fell from Mr. Shorter's own lips:

"It is the greatest middleweight fight that ever took place in this country and Fitzsimmons is undoubtedly the greatest fighter in the world. It will take a heavy weight to bring him out, and in my opinion nobody but Jackson or Slavin can beat him. I hate to admit this, but I am compelled to do so."

Corbett bet on Hall, as did his backer, Brady.

Another Match Made.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 9.—Steve Brodie yesterday matched Billy McCarthy against George Le Blanche, the "Marine King," \$200 a side, the fight to take place six weeks after the McCarthy-McCabe ten-round fight at Coney Island, March 20.

The Club a Lover.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.—The financial result of last night's fight as far as the Crescent City Athletic club is concerned is not yet known, but the general opinion is that the club has lost several thousand dollars by the entertainment.

THE WESTERN UNION'S PROFITS.

It Has a Balance on Hand of Nearly \$7,000,000.

NEW YORK, March 9.—The directors of the Western Union have declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent payable April 17. The report submitted shows: Surplus Oct. 1, 1892, \$14,476,155.

Bros. caught up the American Club, Sprine, of Lancaster, Pa.; Dick Roche, of St. Louis; Billy West and George Primrose of minstrel fame and Pat Sheedy of Chicago.

Fitzsimmons is singularly unlike the other fighters present here. It would be easy to mistake him for either a sprinter or a long-distance runner. Instead of being short and sturdy in his physical make-up, he is long, lanky and lathy. He stands just six feet in his stockings and stripped to the skin, the chest, 51 around the shoulders and 31 around the waist, 37½ around the hips; his thigh measures 22 inches, his calf, 14; his biceps 14, forearm, 12, wrist, 8, neck 17.

He has a smallish and somewhat round head, not smooth that of a cat. Though there is plenty of brain space above eye and ear, his smoothly rounded skull is rather lightly covered with a growth of yellow sandy hair. His forehead is high and wide, his brow prominent, his eyes large and expressive, his nose straight, his mouth well set, his chin well developed and his proportions well balanced.

He has light blue eyes which, though small and considerably recessed, have a merry twinkle and bright kindly expression.

His nose and mouth are rather small and so are his ears, but neither are flat.

There though is a round face to indicate decisiveness or indecision.

He has a broad, firmly set jaw, and wears a general look of coolness and determination. His neck is short and muscular, and the enormous breadth and height of his shoulders make it look strong and powerful.

It is taken the eye passes below the neck that the beholder begins to realize where Fitzsimmons' famous biting power is to be found. Stripped of every ounce of muscle, Fitzsimmons' shoulders and chest could not be mistaken as belonging to anything short of a powerful man from the waist to the head.

Preparing for a Strike.

NEW YORK, March 9.—For several days past advertisements have appeared in the newspapers of this city stating that railroad switchmen and yard trimmers are to be paid \$1.25 per hour to whom good wages and steady employment would be given. Applicants were directed to call at No. 102 Fulton street. A large number of men have applied at the address, but they are kept in ignorance as to their destination. It is generally believed that they are being hired for railroads in the West in anticipation of a strike of switchmen.

The charges are: First, conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman second, drunkenness; third, assault and battery; to ladden his pocket, and generally his proportions. He has light blue eyes which, though small and considerably recessed, have a merry twinkle and bright kindly expression.

We guarantee to entice or refund every dollar,

and we have a permanent fund of \$100,000 to entice or refund every dollar.

Our cure is permanent and not a patching up. Cases treated eight years ago have never seen a symptom since. By doing what we can, the same strong guarantee to cure or refund all money.

Those who prefer to come for a free treatment can do so and we will pay railroad fare both ways and hotel expenses. We will help you to get your money back.

Don't fail to write. All correspondence sent sealed in plain envelopes. We invite the most skeptical to come and see what we do in our power to aid you in it. Address:

COOK REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

Rooms 1325 to 1331 Masonic Temple.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

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## ISAAC PUSEY'S PLACE.

Ex-Governor Gray Failed to Get on the Ticket With Cleveland But Secures a Nice Plum.

He Will go as Minister to Mexico, Which Will Make Gen. Bragg Very Tired.

Pat Collins Has Been Recognized by Appointment as United States Consul General at London.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, to be assistant secretary of state.

Robert A. Maxwell, of New York, to be fourth assistant postmaster general.



GOVERNOR GRAY.

Isaac P. Gray, of Indiana, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Mexico.

Patrick A. Collins, of Massachusetts, to be consul general at London.

James H. Oakley, of Illinois, to be assistant surgeon in the marine hospital service.

Lieut., junior grade, Herbert O. Dunn, to be a lieutenant.

Lieut., junior grade, Arthur W. Dow, to be a lieutenant.

Ensign Joseph Beale, to be a lieutenant.

Ensign Edward E. Leiper, to be a lieutenant.

Fred Brown Bussey, of Virginia, to be an assistant surgeon in the navy.

HE WAS A POOR IRISH BOY.

Pat Collins Will Now Go to London as Consul General.

Ex-Congressman Patrick A. Collins, of Massachusetts, who is to be American consul general at London, has had a strangely varied career, to which the proposed appointment would add a finishing touch of romance. He left Conn-



ty Cork, where he was born in 1844 when he was but 4 years old, his widowed mother fleeing from the poverty and misery which followed the famine and "famine clearances." Yet despite his 44 years in America he is still Irish in his sympathies, though he has always earnestly opposed the mixing up of Irish matters with American politics.

His mother reigned a modest home in Chestnut, Boston's suburb, and the son gained eight years of American training and a common school education before going at hard work at the age of 12. In boyhood he went to Ohio, where he worked on a farm and in the coal mines, ran a stationary engine and did all sorts of common labor, but always struggling to improve. He returned to Boston learned the trade of an upholsterer, was foreman of a shop at the age of 21 and soon had up money enough to take a course in law, graduating from the Harvard law school. His success was great from the start and his manner of speaking singularly effective.

In 1871 he retired from practice and soon became noted in politics. After holding some minor offices he was elected to congress in 1882-4-6. He was for six years at the head of the state Democratic committee, has been a delegate at several national conventions and is doubtless the most influential Irishman in American politics. The return of such a man as consul general to the United Kingdom, which he left as a poor orphan, would add another to the many brilliant proofs that in such a land as that no youth need despair.

## THE ANN ARBOR STRIKE.

The New Men Busy Hauling Dead Engines to the Great Northern.

TOLEDO, O., March 9.—When the Ann Arbor engineers and firemen went out yesterday, they left the engines and loaded freight trains where they happened to be on the road, and the new hands have had all they could do hauling dead engines back to the round houses and clearing the main track of freight cars.

The Ann Arbor officials claim to have

more than enough men to fill all the places vacated and they sent out circulars to their connections saying as much and stating that they would receive fresh men.

At this afternoon, however, Mr. Ashley says the road will receive no new freight. No passenger trains have arrived at or departed from Toledo today.

## A FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

A Man's Heart Cut in Two by a Flying Saw.

WANDOTTE, Mich., March 9.—One of the most frightful and at the same time one of the most peculiar accidents that has ever occurred in this state happened six miles west of this city in Taylor township yesterday morning. As a result one young man was killed and another was maimed for life.

Hermon Meinke and Amos Coan were using an old fashioned machine saw, converting a lot of timber into logs and sticks. Just before noon Meinke placed an extra heavy and knotty piece of wood on the table. While he adjusted it and Coan stood by, the back of him, were engaged in conversation.

When the blade had dug its way about half way through it struck a snap and the saw leaped from its bearings. It flew through the air it took a slightly upward direction and struck Meinke in the chest. The saw severed the ribs as if they were made of paper and striking the heart full in the center, cut that organ in two.

Meinke was thrown backward by the force of the blow and fell to the floor, striking over the head and man's shoulder and striking Coan on the left arm cut that member clean off about four inches below the shoulder. The accident was caused by the breaking of a wooden screw with which the saw had been fastened to the frame.

## MARKED AS A VICTIM.

The Death of a Prominent Chinaman Demanded by the Censors.

PEKIN, March 9.—The board of censors through the superior censors, Hoa-Tai-Pou and Sun-Chia-Nai, have presented to the emperor charges of a most serious character against Hoang-Tich, who was formerly minister to Russia and Germany and who is now a member of the Tsinghli-Yamen, or council of foreign affairs.

Hoang-Tich is accused by the censors of treason and corruption and having renounced the rights of the Chinese empire to the favor of the foreign regions and treated the name to himself to the great injury and loss of China. The censors demand that the punishment of death be inflicted upon Hoang-Tich.

The charges have caused much excitement in the Chinese court, Hoang-Tich being accused of being a traitor to the country. In 1880 he was defeated for governor by 14,000 votes, and in 1890 by 10,000. He married a daughter of Dr. Liebermann of Washington in 1872 and has three sons and one daughter. Mrs. Roach died in 1890 in Georgetown college. The senator is a tall gentleman with iron gray hair, mustache and goatee, and presents a very dignified and commanding appearance.

## HE WILL NOT RESIGN.

Senator Roach Denies the Absurd Story From St. Paul.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator Roach, the new member from North Dakota, today entered an emphatic denial to the story sent out from Grand Forks to the effect that he intended to resign.

He is absolutely nothing in it, he said, "and I am certain that nothing I or any of my friends may have said can be construed as showing any intention on my part to resign. On the contrary, I am very well satisfied here and propose to stay here until I have served out my term."

North Dakota's New Senator.

William Nathaniel Roach, Democrat, has been elected to the United States senate by the legislature of North Dakota, though it has a large Republican majority. He is therefore an object of lively curiosity to the whole nation. He was born Sept.

25, 1840, in Virginia, but in his infancy his parents removed to Washington, where he spent his early life. He graduated at Georgetown college. He followed mercantile pursuits until 1875 when he went to Dakota in connection with mail contracts, operating a route from Grand Forks to Fort Totten. During this time he took a homestead and tree claim near Larimore, where he still resides. He was interested in the work, painted in 1881, and was a member of the town council which organized the city government in 1882, and was first mayor and re-elected for three successive terms, operating his firm meanwhile.

The lizard skin has become a very popular material for canes and purses and such articles as hats, bags, etc.

Over \$50,000 of the skins were imported from the state of Tabasco, Mexico, last year, and it is estimated that fully 5,000,000 lizards were killed there. Many of the skins

were killed there. Many of the skins</

**EVENING HERALD.**

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street, Telephone—Business office, 324, two wings; editorial rooms 324, three wings.  
Eastern offices—109 World Building, New York, A. E. Steer, Manager.**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**

Daily, per issue.....	\$1.00
Daily, per three months.....	1.20
Daily, per month.....	.60
Weekly, per year.....	1.50

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.  
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn.—Contrary to expectations the storm of yesterday did not reach this far north, although it affected the northern part of the state. It moved very slowly, and is now centered over Northern Illinois, having done little damage. The snow which has been falling has been over the country to the north of Montauk, but has not yet reached Duluth. It is unmeasured as yet, by precipitation. The rain has been general and well distributed over the South, and will probably continue. The Illinois storm, and it will probably continue in that section today.

Slight cold temperatures have taken place, and it is nowhere below 20° in the country. The temperature is 20° and 21° at Duluth. Northwest winds 25° at Memphis, Tenn. It is probable that the fair weather will prevail in this section, and that the cold may develop considerable energy and greatly modify conditions with slight warming, but as it has not yet reached Duluth, it is difficult to apprehend from it.

It was slightly cooler here yesterday than on the day before, thermometer registering 34° at the warmest time, and only went down to 30° during the night.

DULUTH, March 9.—Generally fair, colder. Friday, winds shifting to northwest.

B. H. BRONSON,  
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—For Wisconsin: Fair today, preceded by showery day in eastern portion, northerly winds, becoming variable; colder Friday morning, probably colder Friday evening. For Minnesota: Generally fair, with cold winds blowing variable; colder in southwest portion Friday morning.

## Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

## Is the Climate Changing?

The month of January in the present year was marked in portions of the United States by the longest protracted cold season that has been recorded since accurate observations were begun by the signal service, twenty-three years ago. This fact has given rise, in many minds, to the question whether the climate is changing. The same question was raised when we recently had two extremely mild winters in succession in the Northwest, some people contending that the winter weather in this section was growing warmer. Along the Atlantic coast similar mild weather caused some people to evolve the wonderful theory that the Gulf stream had changed its course and was not running closer to the land. This theory has been badly shattered by the extreme cold during the present winter.

Professor H. A. Hazen, of the United States weather bureau, discusses the question of climatic change in an able article in the Engineering Magazine, in which he says: "A singular fact is that usually storms going to the northward draw in the warm south wind and heat up the air, but that condition has apparently had the opposite effect this year, and this is due to the southward trend of the high areas, which has given an abnormal cold season to the South and cold south winds to the North."

It is probable that our upper atmosphere has been greatly cooled to enormous heights. January and February, 1875, were the coldest months experienced on Mount Washington (6500 feet high), and they were also the coldest months at Burlington, Vt., near the base of the mountain. There has been no extensive and intense cold wave this season as we have had in one or two years before, but there has been a steady cold. The high areas and storms have had a very great velocity, and it seems reasonable to conclude that this has tended to prevent a heating from convection currents set up at the earth's surface, and also the rapid motion has set up vortices which have caused a stirring up of the warmer lower air with the colder above. It is the general opinion that late our winters have greatly moderated, though some believe to the contrary. The records do not show any very great change, the average temperature in ten-year periods having remained constant. We are more likely to remember the great blizzard of March, 1888, than the great warmth of 1880.

The opinion has been expressed that the building up of blocks and the great quantity of heat from chimneys in large cities must moderate the cold. It is evident that the winds would be much broken up in a large city, but, in Professor Hazen's opinion, it is not probable that a well-exposed thermometer would show any appreciable difference between the city and country. Altogether the facts appear to demonstrate that no change whatever is taking place in our climate.

## The Third Judgement.

The announcement that Governor Nelson has decided to appoint Charles L. Lewis to be the third judge for the Eleventh judicial district, under authority of the law passed a few days ago, has been received in Duluth with much surprise, and in some quarters with indignation.

The feeling is not against Mr. Lewis personally, because his legal ability is not questioned nor is it contended that he will not make a fair and impartial judge.

The chief objection is that Governor Nelson did not defer to the wishes of the Bar association, as has been customary in the past, and appointed a man recommended by the association. Previous governors have always followed this course and it has resulted in avoiding all rancorous political feeling.

It was generally conceded that the third judge should be chosen from among the Democratic lawyers, both the present occupants of the bench being Republicans, and Mr. Moer, who will succeed Judge Stearns next January, also being a Republican. It was this fact understanding that resulted in Mr. Moer's election last November without opposition. It is to be regretted that Governor Nelson declined to consult the members of the bar before making the appointment, because it is to be feared that his action will result in bitter political fights over the judgements in the future.

Why They Were Tied Up.

In reply to Mr. Hartley's charge that the Land and River Improvement company is responsible for the bridge bills tied up in congress, the Superior Telegram, speaking for that company says: "Mr. Hartley may be an enterprising franchise brigand, but he don't care much for facts or people."

Telegram points out that the real reason why the bridge bills were tied up was that Mr. Hartley insisted on his Rice's Point bill passing at the same time as the transformer company's bill for a bridge at Grassy Point, and when he found that his bill could not go through he insisted that the Grassy Point bill must also wait. And this is why the Transfer company has no authority today to build a bridge.

The editors of the Century have learned, since their magazine for March was printed, that the interesting account of Napoleon's Deportation to Elba" by Capt. Ussher, which is the leading feature of the number, has been already published in Dublin fifty years ago. The Century received the original manuscript from the Ussher family and it is said that even they "were not aware that any copy of the pamphlet was in existence," but of course some Napoleon crank promptly turned up with it. Even the ablest editors are liable to be deceived and disappointed in this manner.

In another column will be found a communication from County Attorney Tear denying that he refused to prosecute in the Tubbs case until The Herald published the facts. The information which came to The Herald was that the facts in the case had been represented at the county attorney's office several times but no action was taken, and then parties interested came to The Herald to see if something could not be done to secure justice. Possibly these parties misrepresented the matter to The Herald.

The people of West Duluth should see that no supporters of the notorious water franchise are placed in office. Only candidates who will pledge themselves to test the validity of the contract in the courts should be elected. Good lawyers are satisfied that the water company can be knocked out in the courts. The company is now endeavoring to get control of the next village council so that no action will be taken.

Several papers recently have been discussing the question why so many men prefer to remain single and have been endeavoring to find out what is necessary to encourage matrimony. A case just reported from California appears to have the opposite effect this year, and this is due to the southward trend of the high areas, which has given an abnormal cold season to the South and cold south winds to the North.

The reports concerning the condition of the United States treasury are not very encouraging. It appears to be drained almost empty and this will make the reduction of the tariff revenue a more difficult job for the next congress unless the usual appropriations are slashed unmercifully.

Myra Clark Gaines left estate worth \$25,000 when she died in 1887. The lawyers have absorbed \$80,000 of it in fighting over her will, and hope to be able to get away with the remainder in the new trial which they have just commenced. Better not make any will at all, unless you want to enrich the lawyers.

The Minneapolis Tribune hits the nail on the head when it says that "there is no more necessity for the legislature to take a trip to Chicago to see the world's fair grounds than to take a trip to Jerusalem to see the new Joppa-Jerusalem railroad."

Surprises come in droves. First there was the complete change of officials by the new city council; then came the news about the judgement, and last night the sporting fraternity were given a surprise by Hall's defeat at New Orleans.

It is now believed that President Cleveland will call an extra session of congress next September. It is believed that proper provision to meet the

## THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1893.

## ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT



## American Store.

Thursday March 9th, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be generally fair, colder Friday; winds shifting to northwest and west.

## Princess Metternich.

Amongst the many new goods opened in our Cloak department we notice a consignment of the Princess Metternich Silk Skirt in all the different shades of the two toned effects such as Green and Gold, Red and Black, Blue and Red, etc., also in Black Satin.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER or bookkeeper by a young man. Good references. Address A. A. Smith.

SITUATION WANTED BY A WOMAN AS cook in private boarding house as janitor. Apply 212 West Superior street, room 206.

SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXPERIENCED COOK to wash, clean, etc. Address 11, First avenue west.

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER or bookkeeper by a young man. Good references. Address A. A. Smith.

SITUATION WANTED AS BOOKKEEPER of other office, with a young man, graduate of Northern Commercial college. Give references. Address A. A. Smith.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME. All work first class. 416 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE BEDROOM WITH parent room. Modern conveniences. 716 West Superior street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS MOLDERS AT Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—FAITHFUL GENTLEMAN OR lady to assist in office. Position permanent. Must have advanced knowledge of English, especially bookkeeping. Enclose references. Address 125 Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS with board, 129 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT; MODERN to 216 Sixth avenue west.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; CENTRALLY located; with or without board. 130 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms, will rent cheap at 215 Third avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 210 FIRST AVENUE WEST. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED, COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 229 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-KEEPING. Two 10th floor, two 11th floor. Apply 416 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 1305 Bench street.

EXPERIENCED COOK WANTED AT 209 East Fourth street.

WANTED TWO GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework and nurse girl. Apply at 1115 First street.

HOTELS.

THE MIDLAND HOTEL, FORMERLY Cheltenham, 210 West Second street, has been thoroughly renovated and is now ready for guests. The proprietors will have facilities for transient business at moderate prices.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER.

D. W. Scott to August Steen, lot 1, block 31, Biwabika.

J. S. Dickenson to C. T. Crandall, lots 9 and 10, block 32, Biwabika.

Highland Improvement Company to F. E. Emery, lot 29, block 4, Duluth Heights.

M. H. Johnson to C. T. Crandall, lot 12, block 32, Biwabika.

Virginia Improvement Company to C. T. Crandall, lots 16 and 17, block 23, Virginia.

Lakeside Land Company to B. Hoskin, 1115 Second street.

W. H. Miller to E. Ward, lands in section 24-9-2.

J. Nolin to E. Ward, lands in section 25-9-2.

S. H. Boyer to E. Ward, lands in section 24-9-3.

Total transfers.....\$ 20.00

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss.

In Probate Court, special term, March 9th, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Alfred L. Dulquist, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of

deceased, to be granted to Alfred L. Dulquist, of said county.

Petition of the estate of Alfred L. Dulquist, deceased, for partition of the estate of

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## THE MARTIN MEN MEET

West Duluth Had Another Political Meeting Last Night and the Temperature Rose High.

Judge Himebaugh Who Seems to do Most of the Repling Answered Judge Hill.

Speeches by Martin and Others—The Mallory Men Will Have a Meeting Tonight.

The labor party held a meeting last evening at Scandinavian hall on Grand avenue. B. C. Dent, candidate for alderman in the Second ward, called the meeting to order. Judge Martin was the first speaker, giving his attention to the charges made against his record as president of the village.

Judge Himebaugh followed and also took up the charges against the Martin administration saying that the receipts for the \$115,000 in bonds could be found in the books at the bank and the reason that Hill could not find them was because they would not trust him inside the vault.

Chas. Olson made a short speech alleging that the movement of organized labor, Mallory had been found on the opposing side.

There will be a meeting this evening in Scott's hall on Grand avenue in the interests of the Mallory ticket.

## West Duluth Briefs.

W. J. Wallace arrived Tuesday from the Mesaba range where he had been for some time prospecting for iron on the claim of H. B. Wallace with very encouraging results.

The social given by the West Duluth Lodge I.O.G.T. was well attended last evening.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church gave an enjoyable social last evening at the city hall. Among the pleasing features were two solos given by Mrs. Olund.

John Peterson of Stillwater and C. McPherson of Bessemer, Mich., are registered at the Phillips.

J. Bovert has moved his cigar factory to the Fox & Ordgen building.

A party of young people will pilgrimage to Spirit Lake hotel tomorrow evening.

Mrs. L. L. Marble is on the sick list. L. R. Weld, who has been on the sick list for some time is recovering.

Married—Monday evening at the Murray home in First Avenue west, Mr. James F. Martin and Miss Ida Killison, Rev. Dr. Forbes officiating.

Andrew J. Meldahl has announced himself an independent candidate for alderman in the Fourth ward.

L. Newman returned to Antigo yesterday, to be at the bedside of his father who has suffered a relapse.

The histories of the Devil and Saint Oliver Pender is the subject of a lecture to be delivered by Dr. Forbes on March 21 under the auspices of the Epsilon worth league.

Mrs. D. C. Prescott returned last evening from Ironwood.

Owen McDonald and family have returned from a visit with relatives in Wisconsin.

M. Kastner, who has been in the East on business, returned yesterday.

The several meetings being held in the Congregational church are growing in numbers and interest.

George Davis, foreman at the car works, is quite ill.

Frank W. Smith, of Ohio, will deliver his great war lecture—"In and Out of Andersonville,"—at the Congregational church March 16.

## T. T. HUDSON RETURNS.

He Can Throw No Light on Who Will Get Government Offices.

T. T. Hudson, chairman of the Democratic congressional committee of the Sixth district, returned this morning from Washington and says he is glad to get back. He spent considerable time at the national capital and visited some of the Eastern cities as well as men who could aid the government plans in Duluth he professed entire ignorance.

Mr. Hudson was present at the inauguration, but did not meet Grover Cleveland. He says he had some compassion for the president, but noticed there were a good many more who did not. He thinks an extra session will be called in October.

## WILL PROBABLY BE CHOSEN.

City Attorney Greene Will Recommend A. H. Crassweller to be His Assistant.

City Attorney Greene will soon have company and assistance in his office. While the power of selecting the attorney is coming to him, he has the courtesy of permitting him to recommend the appointment of some one who is personally acceptable. Mr. Greene has decided to name A. H. Crassweller. This gentleman is a partner of F. Baldwin in the partnership of Lakeside. Several years' experience in that position will make him especially well adapted for the deputyship. This will probably result in the dissolution of the partnership of Baldwin & Crassweller.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

**Royal Baking Powder**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

## THE CITY FINANCES

Treasurer Voss Has Prepared His Annual Report for 1893.

City Treasurer Voss has prepared his annual report for the fiscal year ending February 18. A summary of the balances on hand in the different funds shows the following:

General fund, balance..... \$18,571.16  
Portrait Fund Improvement Fund, balance..... 40,371.02  
Library fund, balance..... 5,540.16  
Park Fund, balance..... 2,140.11  
Sinking Fund, balance..... 13,211.49

Fire Department fund..... \$2,020.53  
Total cash on hand..... \$80,570.72

The receipts and disbursements by the general fund were as follows:

Receipts taxes from county..... \$10,693.52  
Receipts sale of bonds..... 10,541.09  
Receipts municipal court..... 18,495.00  
Locality charges, license..... 1,000.00  
Other receipts..... 10,885.46

Balance Feb. 15, 1892..... \$18,571.16

Total..... \$80,570.72  
Disbursements gen'l fund  
Conductors, etc..... \$20,580.85  
Disbursements municipal  
Court, etc..... 9,301.02  
Disbursement—Lakeside  
vouchers..... 3,800.88  
Other disbursements..... 2,371.44

Total..... \$18,571.16  
Bal. Feb. 15, 1893..... \$80,570.72

The "Chariot Race" will be read by Mrs. C. d'Autremont, Jr.

Lieut. R. A. Peary, who lectures at the Temple on Tuesday evening next, is a daring young American, a native of Portland, Me., who has already achieved wonders in Arctic exploration, and is planning another expedition out of the north. He expects to complete a survey of the north coast of Greenland, map the islands beyond and work his way, if possible, across the Arctic sea and solve the great Arctic mystery. He will make geological and biological collections of great value to science. He will go under the auspices of the Geographical Society of Philadelphia, which defrays a portion of the expense, the remainder being secured by his lecture tour of the country. He will go to Europe in May, and address the geographical societies of Great Britain and the continent. Returning June, Lieut. Peary will start upon his new expedition.

The lecture is entitled: "The Exploration of Northern Greenland, or, Across a Continent of Ice." It relates the experiences of his expedition from which he returned last September. The lecture will be accompanied by stereoscopic views of great interest.

**KILLED IN A LUMBER CAMP.**

A Young Man Fatally Injured by a Log Rolling Over Him.

Benjamin Brown, employed at Torry & Libby's camp on Willow river, Itasca county, was killed last Friday morning by a log which he was assisting to load rolling over him.

Mr. Torry brought the unfortunate remains to Grand Rapids and his brother, who had arrived here the night previously, brought the remains to Duluth, where they were prepared for interment. The log was 12 feet long and 16 inches in diameter.

It is not improbable that nail imprints which were presumably used in the emplacements of the logs were responsible for the accident.

One of the most interesting exhibits in the machinery had at the World's fair will be the Severance nail machine which it is claimed cuts nails by an entirely new and original method and in a much shorter time than by other methods.

W. N. Severance, the patentee, left last evening for Chicago to superintend the placing of one of the machines in the space assigned him in machinery hall. It is not improbable that nail walls using this system may be located here.

**COUNTY ATTORNEY TEARS DOWN.**

To the Editor of The Herald:

In the last Monday's issue of The Evening Herald was an editorial headed "The World's Fair." The author of this article, Mr. H. B. Wallace, has been compelled to correct it.

I repeated my refusal to act as a complainant in this matter, and the editor said that I was not sufficient evidence to sustain his contention.

George Cooper denied being guilty of the charge of vagrancy, wherupon 2 o'clock this afternoon was set for the time of trial.

**DESIGNED BY A COLORED MAN.**

World's Fair Commissioner H. B. Moore has a copy of this design for the Minnesota building at the World's fair which is the work of a colored man in St. Paul. It is neat and yet elaborate and is to be the contribution of colored people alone.

After the fair is over the window is to be brought back to Minnesota where it is proposed to eventually place it in the state capitol.

**WHAT TO EXPECT.**

One of the best known of Duluth's druggists, while doing up a package of dried salts, said to me, "I have a colored wife for many years, and in each case she has been a widow, and each case she has married another colored man, and each case she has been a widow again." This woman is a colored woman, and her husband, and until I knew whether or not she or her husband would make the complaint I would have no one else make it, not caring to make such a complaint upon second-hand information. This woman is to be the colored woman, nor her husband would make the complaint, and having learned from a reliable source that there was probable grounds for believing the charge true, I acted promptly in the matter. I did not, however, present the complaint to the police, and I did not say that a premature publication of the facts might seriously interfere with a proper investigation of the case.

When I was ready to act in the matter and satisfied that action should be taken, I did so, without suggestion or advice from anyone. Very respectfully,

CHAS. C. TEAR,  
County attorney.

**GUN CLUB ORGANIZED.**

The Central Gun Club of Duluth was organized at Svea hall last evening and the following officers elected: President, J. W. Nelson; vice president, A. Harvey; secretary, H. L. Heister; treasurer, L. A. Gunderson. The club stands with a membership of twenty and grounds are being leased. Weekly shooting is to be held at the University grounds on the bay for the present. Some of the crack shots of the club are J. W. Nelson, Hutch Biever, L. M. McDonald, E. J. Decker, A. Harvey, T. H. Little and others.

**MOTHER'S FRIEND.**

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest gift we can give to our mothers. It is a colored child-bearing woman. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case I have been a widow, and each case I have married another colored man, and each case I have been a widow again.

This is the best remedy for rising of the womb known to me. Price, \$1.00. Miss M. M. BREWER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent to express, charges prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents per bottle.

**BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.**

Gold by all druggists.

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CHAS. C. TEAR,  
County attorney.

**Picture Frames.**

To see our stock is to order. Come in and investigate.

F. E. BUTTS & CO.,  
16 East Superior street.

**WHAT IS EXPECTED.**

For particulars see

C. H. ELDRIDGE,  
Gen'l Manager.

4228 West Superior street.

**WORLD'S FAIR TRANSIT CO.**

**SCHOOL TEACHERS!**

If you desire the most comfortable, pleasant

and economical way of visiting

THE WORLD'S FAIR

During vacation season accommodation on

THE STEAMER OSSIFRAGE

One 16 Day and One

20 Day Trip in

JULY AND AUGUST.

You live aboard the boat

10 or 14 Days in Chicago.

\$65, \$80 or \$100.

According to the trip.

For particulars see

C. H. ELDRIDGE,  
Gen'l Manager.

4228 West Superior street.

**TIME IS MONEY.**

Save three hours in time on your next

trip to Chicago, the South or East, by taking the "Chicago special" on the "Northwestern Line," at 4:30 p.m., arriving at Milwaukee 7:25 p.m., Chicago 7:45 a.m. The "Ossifrage" is the only steamer running Pullman sleepers and the only line from Duluth running all its trains solid to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

**PATRONAGE.**

Buy your wood and coal at DULUTH FUEL CO. Basement First National bank.

**ROYAL SKATING RINK.**

Is still "up" and don't you forget it.

Music Wednesday and Saturday.

**WANTED.**

One good boy at Woodland or Hunt-

er's Park, also at Highland Park to deliver The Evening Herald.

Inquire of the circulator at the mailing room after 4 p.m.

GEO. W. LAUX,  
Circulator.

## AMUSEMENTS.

"Ben Hur" Tomorrow.

Tomorrow evening "Ben Hur" will be presented for the first time at the Temple and there is sure to be a large audience. The cast is entirely complete and is as follows:

Ben Hur..... W. H. Kendall

Abdullah..... A. A. Pearson

Thord..... W. H. Lutes

Hector's Companion..... C. C. Smith

Three Wise Men (Matthew, J. A. Stephenson

Gasper, A. F. Fritch

King Herod..... J. F. Patton

Simoneides..... J. F. Patton

&lt;p





## THE FREE SILVER MEN

They Are Recasting the Senate Finance Committee so They Can Run Things as They Please.

All the Anti Silver Men Have Been Purposefully Kept Off the Committee Regarding Coinage.

Thus it Will be Impossible for President Cleveland to Dominate the Senate's Financial Policy.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Post publishes the following gossip as to the reorganization of the senate: The work of arranging the senate committee chairmanships is so far progressed that nearly all have been selected. The most interesting development of the proceeding, however, is the fact that the free silver men propose to run the senate their own way and they are recasting the finance committee so as to leave no doubt of the stand which the committee will take upon the coinage bills that may come before it.

The Democrats on the committee up to March 4 were Senators Voorhees, McPherson, Harris and Senator Vane. Both outspoken free silver men will remain. Mr. McPherson will, however, step aside and will take the chairmanship of the committee on naval affairs, a place for which he is eminently fitted, and the other Democrats on the finance committee are the Senators Cope and West, both of whom are avowedly on the free coinage platform.

It will thus be seen that, no matter what Mr. Cleveland may desire, the personnel of the finance committee is such as to make it almost impossible for him to dominate it. It is also to be followed by the senate. All the anti-silver men, such as Mr. Vilas, Mr. McPherson and others have been purposefully kept off the committee.

Senator Morgan will be chairman of the committee on foreign relations, Mr. Cockrell an appraiser, Mr. Harris of the District of Columbia, Mr. Gorman of printing, Mr. Mills of library, and Mr. Palmer of military affairs.

An interesting piece of gossip is to the effect that Mr. Cleveland has expressed to several senators his objection to the election of Col. Washington as secretary of the treasury. Col. Washington was a bitter opponent of the president, circulating a long open letter denouncing Mr. Cleveland for inviting negroes to his home, referring to the visit of Fred Douglass and in other ways assailing him.

It is said that Mr. Cleveland has intimated that the secretary of the senate ought to be a man with whom the president can enjoy the pleasantest intimacy and that certainly he could have no relations with Col. Washington, if the latter should be chosen to fill the position.

### HE CONFESSED HIS GUILT.

A Sensational Scene at the Panama Trial in Paris.

PARIS, March 10.—Interest in the Panama trial is increasing, and the greatest curiosity is shown as to coming developments. The approaches to the palais de justice as well as the court room, were thronged yesterday and there was a buzz of conversation among the spectators who had lasted until the presiding officer, Justice des Jardins, took his seat.

The silence was demanded in a more than usually imperative manner, and the audience became quiet as if apprehensive that the courtroom might be cleared. The trial began at eight in the usual escort of gendarmes, and entered into conversation with their counsel. The general opinion was that the defendants all wore a more confident air than on the previous day and that they had to a man held themselves in a favorable impression on the community.

Judge Des Jardins proceeded to question M. Fontaine. The latter stated in reply that he was a member of the board of management of the Panama Canal company during the transaction with M. Bahut occurred. He described the visit of M. Blondin, who assured the board that M. Bahut would introduce a bill authorizing the lottery bonds if the Panama Canal company would make a substantial pecuniary sacrifice and that the money would be used to procure publicity for the scheme.

M. Fontaine further admitted that, acting under the direction of Charles De Lesseps, he visited M. Blondin. He denied that he had been paid \$10,000. The money in question will be used in promoting the interests of the country.

De Lesseps therupon proceeded to discuss with M. Blondin the question of the 1,000,000 francs claimed by Babut. The latter was eventually settled in favor of the arbitration committee.

In reply to the presiding judge, M. Fontaine continued: "Some of the drafts payable to bearer were issued to pay for advertising, and others to satisfy the robbers who waylaid us like foot-pads." This closed the interrogation of M. Fontaine for the time being and now followed the great sensation of the day. M. Bahut was called upon to answer interrogatories, the presiding judge addressing the questions to the accused. M. Bahut stood silent at first, but then blurted out: "M. Blondin, who had acted as the go-between in the negotiations, 'Bahut said: 'I acted for the schooner Gracie D. Buchanan, which had been given up for lost by her agents, carried a sum of money to the amount of \$7500 francs. I have wished to restore the money I received, but I feared thereby to accuse myself.'

Up to this moment M. Bahut had spoken clearly and with apparent self-control. Now he broke down, and with a piteous expression of sorrow and despair he exclaimed in a broken voice: "I acknowledge I have been very brief and remiss. I feel I do not yet understand how I could have fallen so low. I ask pardon of my country, whose good name I have perhaps sullied."

There was a decided stir in the court room when M. Bahut began his pitiful avowal of guilt, and it turned to a sensation as he closed in words that were almost broken through his agitation.

THE RUSH FOR THE OFFICES.  
President Cleveland is Besieged With Applicants for Positions.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—To judge from the number of applicants for the four assistant postmaster generalships, there will be a hot fight for each of these positions. The names of two more applicants for one of these offices were presented to the Senate yesterday. Representative Pearson, of Indiana, spoke on behalf of Ross B. Alexander, of Bridgeport, O., and Representative Washington, of Tennessee, filed papers eulogistic of Mr. Tillman, of Shelbyville, Tenn.

Editor Gill Shanklin, of the Evansville Ind. Courier, called on the president to enter a protest against the nomination of ex-Governor Gray for the Mexican mission. It is unnecessary to state that Mr. Shanklin went away dissatisfied with the result of his interview.

Mr. Springer, speaker, maintained an audience for himself and Gen. McClellan. Mr. Springer and his friends merely paid their respects to the president and did not ask for office. That will be attended to later. Gen. McClellan has contemplated having a fight for the Mexican mission, but the candidacy of Governor Gray caused him to change his mind. His name has been mentioned in connection with the commissionership of pensions, but it will probably apply for some other position. Dr. W. H. Brewster, of Boston, has a corner appointment with preferences for the consul-generalship at Paris or the mission to Brussels. Lawrence Neal, of Chillicothe, O., who moved the adoption of the substitute tariff plank in the Democratic platform of 1892, and who has been mentioned in connection with the commissionership of pensions, has applied for the consul-generalship at Paris or the mission to Brussels. 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## GROWING VERY WARM.

The Temperature of the Municipal Campaign in West Duluth is Rising With Startling Rapidity.

Mallory Men Had Their Turn Last Evening and Pounded it to the Martin Supporters.

C. F. Lamb Sailed into Martin's Administration and G. J. Mallory Talked Long and Loud.

The Mallory ticket had its innings last night; and notwithstanding the storm the hall was well filled with eager listeners. A. Dunleavy presided and introduced as the first speaker C. F. Lamb, candidate for municipal judge.

Mr. Lamb attacked Martin's previous record as chief executive and rejected two of his alleged faults, viz., the way he shuns not again revoicing the anti-slavery of the people. First, that he had been elected upon a labor platform which contained a resolution providing that all laborers in the employ of the village should receive \$2 per day for their work, and that every election had a clause enacting that clause entirely with the result that the man had received \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day for ten hours labor. Secondly, that he was untrue to the law abiding element of the village by his opposition to the nomination of Mr. Braden, Gladstone, Tonypun and Lincoln, men who made the year 1860 conspicuous, and I was so unblushing as to enter into that year too."

Mr. Gilbert Gault is painting a large picture called "Battlers in Action." G. J. Mallory is to have a speech on the subject of the war and the movement of the figures will make this a valuable addition to the historical department of American art. The picture will belong to the city of Toledo.

## PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Charles Dickens in his will expressed the hope that no statue should be erected in his memory.

Tolstoi is said to be busy upon a book which no one would have expected him to write—a book upon Japan, its people and religions.

Mistral, the Provençal poet, is writing his memoirs. He has abandoned the idea of ever becoming a candidate for a seat in the French academy.

Mr. Fray K. V. St. John's large picture of "The Baptism of Christ," upon which he has worked so long, is strikingly original in treatment and fine in sentiment.

Ellen Rankin in Copp, an artist in color as well as in chy, has designed an embodiment of tendrill motherhood in the figure "Maternity"; and is also making a portrait bust of Mrs. Pauline Parker.

Zulmire Tr. sister of "Leichardt,"

is working on her figures of "Leichardt,"

which does not follow the severe Minerva ideal, but presents a gracious, womanly figure, classic in pose and drapery, as to fixed on a rock.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes says: "There were four great men in the history of the world, and I am not one of them." They are Darwin, Gladstone, Tonypun and Lincoln, men who made the year 1860 conspicuous, and I was so unblushing as to enter into that year too."

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Two or three drops given to a baby will often stop its stomach ache if wind is the cause.

Glycerine is also excellent for rubbing into shoes as the preventive of wet feet as well as to soften the leather and keep it in good condition.

It moistens and softens the skin, and when applied to the body it both prevents and cures the painful and unsightly cracks known as "cracks" on the hands.

When you are about to seal fruit jars, drop in half a dozen drops of glycerine, and it will help to keep the contents and prevent mold from gathering on the top.

It has been found excellent as an emetic in treating constipation, and half a teaspoonful given every half hour will cure a fever patient which nothing else could effect.

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Household medication it must be pure and unadulterated.

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FAMOUS BIBLE PHRASES.

Laughing to scorn.

The hand of the almighty.

He that rains may read.

Wise in his conceit.

Grind the faces of the poor.

Darkness which may be felt.

Heaps coils of fire on his head.

He that envies may be envied.

Do not cast pearls before swine.

His enemies shall lick the dust.

Who touches pitch will be jettisoned.

I am going the way of all the earth.

These are the judgments of the sun.

The sun is judgment to every nation.

Open rebuke is better than secret love.

A living dog is better than a dead lion.

Weighted in the balance and found wanting.

All that a man hath will he give for his life.

Happy is the man that hath his quiver full.

Oh, that my adversary had written a book.

The lines are fallen to me in pleasant parts.

Man is born to trouble as sparks fly upward.

Bring down my gray hairs with sorrow to the grave.

The race is not to the swift, nor the bat to the strong.

There the wicked cease from troubling and the weary be at rest.

FLOWER & TREE.

The lily grows wild in south Italy and France.

It is estimated that 276,585 families, or 1,225,492 souls, live in tenement houses in New York city.

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HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Never build fires in a newly papered room until the paper has had time to dry.

If brooms are wet in boiling water they will become very tough, will not clean and will not sweep.

To test the heat of oven put a piece of paper in the oven, and if it burns in two minutes your oven is right for the loaves.

Baek windows which have an unpleasant view may be obscured by painting them over with a strong solution of epsom salts, which must be applied with a brush while still wet.

All walls on which pictures are to be hung should be in solid or almost solid color. No striking pattern should be used, for it will necessarily distract the eye from the picture.

"Draperies are returning. Not a word is breathed about the transformation, but it is surely being effected." Thus predicts a French authority on dress matters.

New felt hats of pale rose pink and heliotrope are trimmed with violets, heut's ease and joyousness intermixed with green velvet ribbon or with tan roses and cerise silk guipure lace.

New tailor-made costumes for early spring are in direc-tive, Russian and strictly English styles, showing shortened skirts and natty open coats, present an unusual amount of old and novel effects in their composition.—New York Evening Post.

POWDER AND BALL.

The law of Germany requires every male citizen to serve three years in the standing army, four years in the reserve and five years in the militia.

The German government will not use white horses in the army in future, in a battle the enemy can dislodge white horses a considerable distance.

The new blouse seems to be troubling Uncle Sam's army officers a good deal. They appear to think it has too much breadth for service and not enough service for the waist.

The conquest of France in 1871 was a dear bargain for Germany after all. The \$200,000 indemnity was mainly spent on fortresses, and since the war Germany has spent \$200,000,000 on fortifications. If the loss of 200,000 men could be balanced from military and lost up in harness it is calculated, some faint conception may be formed of the costliness of militarism.

My blood was badly poisoned last year which got my whole system out of order—fieas and a constipated source of suffering, no appetite and a loss of weight. Took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, was completely cured after two years suffering from heart disease. This wonderful remedy is sold by all drug-gists. Books free.

My spring stock of clothes are now ready for inspection. A. F. Mueller, 18 East Superior street.

Telephone Lutes laundry to call for your washing.

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## ANNALS OF THE WAR.

April 2, 1865.—Petersburg evacuated. The entire Confederate army moved out of the city, passing to the southwest.

April 3.—Richmond evacuated by Confederates, who had been driven out before the evacuation the warehouses and arsenals were set on fire. The Federal forces captured 1,000 prisoners; 5,000 Confederate wounded were found in the hospitals; 500 were killed and 1,000 wounded.

April 4.—The Provencal poet, is writing his memoirs. He has abandoned the idea of ever becoming a candidate for a seat in the French academy.

April 5.—The Baptism of Christ, upon which he has worked so long, is strikingly original in treatment and fine in sentiment.

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PUBLISHED BY THE  
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone 321, two rings; editorial rooms 324, three rings.  
Eastern Office—100 World Building, New York.  
A. E. Stover, Manager.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES.**

Daily, per month.....	\$7.00
Daily, per three months.....	1.50
Daily, per month.....	.50
Weekly, per year.....	1.50

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

**The Weather.**  
U.S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn., March 10.—A very mild condition prevails over this country to the west of the Mississippi river, and continues to prevail over the South Dakota, and dominates the whole of the Western country, and the prospects are not encouraging.

The temperature has risen slightly in all sections, and where there has been a fall it has been a small one. The lowest recorded is at Calgary, N. W. T., the highest 36 at Memphis.

The precipitation was confined mainly to the lake region and the Northwest yesterday, and still continues in that section, but will probably prevail in the Northwest, and will probably prevail in this section today and tonight.

The temperature has fallen in the temperature here yesterday, the highest was 31, the lowest last night 30. The snow measured, when melted, was 1.50 inches.

Duluth, March 10.—Cloudy and threatening, with rain or snow, and slight change in temperature today; probably fair and cold Saturday, easterly winds shifting to the southwest.

H. H. BRONSON,  
Local Forecaster, Official.

Weissensee, March 10, in Wisconsin: Light rain or snow, mostly with shifting to northwesterly Saturday afternoon; probably colder. For Minnesota: Snow or rain clearing out Saturday; winds shifting to northwesterly and cooler.

**Notice of Removal.**

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

Let There be no Delay.

The Herald was led into an improper criticism of Alderman T. W. Hugo's remarks at the council meeting on Monday evening, owing to a careless condensation of a news report which credited the alderman with opinions that he did not express in regard to the West Duluth water contract. Mr. Hugo agrees with The Herald that some of the provisions of this contract are outrageous and he promises that he will zealously advocate the rights of the people in this matter, when the proper time comes.

The Herald believes that the proper time to act in regard to this contract is now. There is no reason for delaying a settlement in the courts of the validity of the contract. Eminent legal opinion has been given that the contract is illegal and can be broken by appeal to the courts, and there is no good reason for claiming that, because a former village council was derelict in its duty to the people and made this outrageous and extortionate contract, it should now be regarded as "made in good faith" and permitted to stand.

There is no good faith involved. It was a breach of faith with the people when the West Duluth council arranged such a contract. The water company knew that it was an extortionate contract, under which the taxpayers would be virtually robbed for the company's benefit, and it is deserving of no consideration on that account. It entered upon a game to gouge the village, and it is perfectly fair now to block its game, if possible.

The company knew well that the contract was illegally made, or it would not have lobbied through the legislature a bill purporting to legalize it, nor would Tams Bibby, a leading stockholder in the company, tricked the governor into signing it, before permitting him to see the strong protests from Duluth and West Duluth against the bill.

But this measure does not make the contract legal, and the courts will undoubtedly declare that the contract is worthless, if a test case be instituted. There should be no delay in starting proceedings.

**The Hawaiian Question.**

A Washington dispatch to The Herald yesterday announced the withdrawal from the senate by President Cleveland of the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii. This does not indicate that the president is opposed to the annexation of the islands but that he does not favor the treaty in its present form. It is also announced that he believes the situation in Hawaii, and the circumstances leading up to the recent revolution and the application for annexation to the United States, should be more closely investigated before definite action is taken.

This is a sensible idea and one that will command itself to the mature consideration of the country. The stories which have come from Hawaii differ widely, and it is eminently proper that the actual facts should be ascertained before this nation commits itself absolutely to annexation. While the sentiment of this country is undeniably in favor of annexation of the islands, owing to the feeling that Hawaii belongs by right to the United States, it is doubtful whether it would be good policy to annex the Hawaiians against their will. England has frequently been denounced for similar action, and we should be absolutely sure of our ground before proceeding any farther in the premises.

It is claimed that the people of Ha-

waii have asked us to annex them. This may be true, but it is claimed by opponents of annexation that the Hawaiian people are not in favor of annexation, and that the whole pretended popular movement is the clever work of the sugar ring headed by Claus Spreckels, and aided and abetted by Minister Stevens. There are reasons for believing that there is some element of truth in this claim, and hence the necessity of acting cautiously and with due consideration becomes apparent.

The treaty was framed and sent to the senate as the result of a decision based upon the ex parte statements of interested persons without allowing opportunity for their adversaries to be heard. An appeal has been made by the opponents of annexation for a hearing, and this right will now be accorded them by President Cleveland.

Nothing will be lost by a little delay, whereas a precipitate settlement of the question might cause serious trouble to this country.

**The Senate Silver Men.**

According to the dispatch today, the free silver men propose to dictate the financial policy of the senate, and they have consequently arranged the composition of the new finance committee so that they will be in absolute control. The result will be that President Cleveland will encounter in the senate a serious obstacle to carrying out any financial policy which he may initiate, unless it shall be in the direction of free silver coinage, and of course the president is unalterably opposed to any legislation in that direction.

Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and the benevolent purposes of our government than the sound and stable currency," said President Cleveland, in his inaugural address. Any legislation emanating from him will be of a character that will not expose our currency to degradation, and it is certain that he will never yield to its debasement by legislation such as the silver men propose.

It may, however, be possible for the president to secure financial legislation from the senate by the votes of the sound money Democrats and Republicans combined.

**The Judgement.**

Governor Nelson has decided to defer the appointment of a third judge for this district, until the wishes of the Duluth people can be presented for his consideration.

A St. Paul dispatch says it was understood the governor was adverse to appointing a Democrat to the position named, but it is believed he may be led to change his views, if it seems advisable, when he knows the circumstances of the case. This being so, it is still possible that a satisfactory appointment may be made and the understanding which has prevailed among the members of the bar and the people of Duluth generally, that the next judge should be a Democrat, may be given effect.

The members of the bar should now present the case strongly to the governor and demonstrate to him that it is in the interests of keeping the judiciary out of partisan political fights that a Democrat be appointed to the judgeship.

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The Notch.

Wabaton, N. D., Gazette: Ottowa county, Minn., boasts of having the following officers who can neither read nor write, and sometimes speak only broken English language: One justice of the peace one constable, one assessor, one supervisor and one treasurer. This is a singular state of affairs to exist under American laws and institutions.

**Union Skating Rink.**

Music Wednesday and Saturday.

Come and enjoy yourselves.

Pittsburg has organized a municipal ownership league. Its purpose is to have the municipality own and operate gas works, water works, electric plants, street railways, telephones and all other public utilities that are, in their nature, a monopoly. Many of the best citizens in the town are in the movement. There is a growing sentiment all over the country in favor of municipal ownership of services for the use of the public.

The idea of removing the state capitol to the Midway district at St. Paul is being pushed vigorously in the legislature, but common sense demands that it should be defeated. It is a scheme of land speculators and should not be entertained for a moment by the legislature. It would inconvenience every man having business at the capitol if it were located in the Midway district. What is the matter with the present site?

Why did Senator Hill call on President Cleveland yesterday, and what did they discuss during the twenty minutes' conference? This is the question that causes the politicians today to scratch their heads and vainly guess at an answer. As for David B., he preserves complete silence on the interesting subject.

Forty feet on Main street, Kansas City, was sold for \$100 a foot a few days ago, and the newspapers of that city are crowding lustily. Yet better property than that can be had in Duluth for one-quarter the money. The values of Duluth property are based on solid growth, and no fancy "boom" prices obtain. Eastern investors know this to be a fact.

The trustees of Governor McKinley's estate have decided to accept voluntary contributions for its relief. In view of the governor's statement that he must refuse all donations, his personal pride naturally objects to placing himself in the position of an object of charity, the action of the trustees seems peculiar.

President Cleveland's statement that, except in exceptional cases, he will not appoint men who held office under him

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1893.

would have asked us to annex them. This may be true, but it is claimed by opponents of annexation that the Hawaiian people are not in favor of annexation, and that the whole pretended popular movement is the clever work of the sugar ring headed by Claus Spreckels, and aided and abetted by Minister Stevens. There are reasons for believing that there is some element of truth in this claim, and hence the necessity of acting cautiously and with due consideration becomes apparent.

The West Duluth Times does not believe that the water company is endeavoring to secure control of the next council in the interest of its extortive contract. As the Times has not said a word in condemnation of this scheme to rob the taxpayers of West Duluth, it can easily be seen in what direction its sympathies lie.

Chicago's city council has passed an ordinance prohibiting the erection of buildings more than ten stories in height. The sky-scrappers are considered neither ornamental nor safe.

The latest is a visiting card of sheet metal. Brass would seem to be more appropriate in many cases.

**AMUSEMENTS.**

"Ben Hur" Tonight.

Tonight "Ben Hur" will be given its initial production at the Temple. This spectacular pantomime has won the highest praise everywhere it has been presented, and this particular production, under the direction of Clark, is the one now on the market by Ben Hur. The people in charge have been very fortunate in selecting the cast to present it in Duluth and a fine performance may be looked for. There are many beautiful and affecting scenes, one of the very best being the accident of a sound and stable currency," said President Cleveland, in his inaugural address.

"Ben Hur" will be presented at a matinee tomorrow afternoon and on Saturday and Monday evenings.

Lieut. R. E. Peary's Lecture.

Lieut. R. E. Peary lectures at the Temple on Tuesday evening next his "Explorations of Northern Greenland, or Across a Continent of Ice." The lecture will be illustrated by 100 superb views, showing among other things the icebergs and the ice fields of the west coast of Greenland, the Esquimaux, musk ox, seals, walrus and dogs, the mountains and snow fields of the interior, the glaciers and fiords of the northeast boundaries of Greenland.

Novel features of Lieut. Peary's lectures are the Eskimo dogs, sledge driver, camp outfit and arctic curios, all of which are shown on the stage. Lieut. Peary is still a young man, being only thirty-six years of age, having been a sailor and a gunner in the navy, and is well known throughout the world.

Not Much to Brag About.

Wabaton, N. D., Gazette: Ottowa county, Minn., boasts of having the following officers who can neither read nor write, and sometimes speak only broken English language: One justice of the peace one constable, one assessor, one supervisor and one treasurer. This is a singular state of affairs to exist under American laws and institutions.

**Union Skating Rink.**

Music Wednesday and Saturday.

Come and enjoy yourselves.

**Wake Up;**

**The Handkerchief Counter**

time flies, and they who are always dozing over time are apt to be left. We are offering a stock of alarm clocks that are striking examples in this line. Mark time—mark! They'll do both—mark good common time, march out at the double-quick, just as soon as you. Our public get the facts of qualities and prices. The movements of all our clocks are so good that we guarantee them as accurate time keepers, and their appearance so artistic that they are not less ornamental than useful. Our entire stock of clocks is going at very reasonable figures.

ANDREW JACKSON,

Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing

JEWELER,

106 West Superior Street, Duluth

**LADIES**  
Can Secure Competent Servants  
By Advertising in the  
**HERALD WANT COLUMNS.**

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT



American Store.

Friday March 10, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be snow or rain; clearing Sunday; colder.

# TOMORROW The Day!

—FOR—

Gloves,  
Hosiery,  
Mittens,  
Handkerchiefs,  
Ribbons.

## Our Glove

Department is recognized as being superior in all respects to any other Glove department, as we carry only established brands from the best manufacturers.

**Gloves Fitted  
And Warranted.**

We Have Received

During the week, several large consignments of Children, Misses' and Ladies' Hosiery in all the new shades and tints, in Cashmere, Lisle Thread and Silk. Also Opera Hose in Silk Lisle Thread and Cashmere, in all the new shades and black.

**The Notions**

Is a busy department with us, as we make it a point to carry the best of everything in this line. We just opened a large and varied assortment of new Buttons, which are now on our counters amongst the other new goods.

**NEW!**

Just opened, a large stock of New Ribbons, the assortment of which is complete, as we are displaying all the new spring shades and colors.

**WATCH**

for something soon. We will interest you.

**J. E. Haynie & Co.**

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

**SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.**

No advertising fees taken for these columns till filled, i. e. until ordered out.

Every advertisement is carefully classified under the proper head, and the reader will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

**PERSONAL.**

**I**F MARRIED LADIES ONLY KNOW MY

safe and never failing secret. Address with 10 cents. Mrs. D. M. C., 85 Dearborn street, Chicago.

**I**F THE LADY WHO TWO WEEKS AGO EX-

changed her muff for a small umbrella will return to Mrs. Fogel

soon receiving her own and greatly oblige the owner.

**SITUATIONS WANTED.**

**FREE.**

POSITION AS ENGINEER OR FIREMAN

by a competent man, G-20, Herald.

**WANTED—POSITION AS YOUNG MAN AS**

STENOGRAPHER OR TYPEWRITER.

**WANTED—POSITION AS YOUNG WOMAN AS**

## IT WILL BUILD TO ELY

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern Road Will Soon Extend its Line to the Vermilion Range.

Locating Party Preparing to Work Between Biwabik and Eve Lake, Near Famous Section Thirty.

The Whole Road to be Double Tracked Contracts for Carrying 1,200,000 Tons This Year Made.

The James Corrigan estimate of 500,000 tons as the output of the Mesaba range this year is either far short of the total, or else that gentleman is speaking of the output via the Duluth & Iron Range railroad. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern road has carrying contracts for this year which total up to 1,200,000 tons and "we are going to be in shape to handle more than that amount" said President Alfred Merritt this morning.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern people have several important projects on hand this month. One of them is the building of their main line northward to Ely and the boundary, and their locating survey party commences its work next week between the end of track at Biwabik and Eve Lake, near the famous section thirty. The projected rail will probably be laid this year.

In less than two years, or by the latter part of 1893, every mile of main line will be double tracked. The section between the docks at Onota and ready for double track rails—distance six miles—which will be laid in a few weeks.

The northwestern extension of the line towards the Winnipeg district is not being pushed at present but will be soon as the new road is completed. The intention of the road's directors is to ultimately cover and tap every portion of the mineral and pine producing sections of the northern part of Minnesota.

Contracts for twenty additional freight locomotives have been placed with President Wilson Miller of the Pittsburg Locomotive works and Superintendent D. A. Wightman of that company promises they will be delivered at Duluth by the time December first arrives. Six engines of the finest class obtainable. The various car building companies who have the contracts for additional ore cars and box cars are rushing their construction and are making daily or weekly deliveries. Some few additions are also to be made to the passenger equipment.

The rumored purchase of the Lake Superior mine by the Merritts is incorrect, but the matter has been talked over and if an agreement can be reached it will be soon completed.

"While we are going to lay the section for pine," said Alfred Merritt, "but if a car load of iron ore should occasionally run against us we will not try to thwart it over our shoulder."

A mutual agreement between the owners of the best mines on the Mesaba range and the leaders on the Mesaba range has been reached which will result in the handling in common by Eastern brokers of the ores in question and prevent any injurious competition. A standard scale of prices for the different grades of ore has been agreed upon and will be rigidly maintained.

PAID HIS LIVERY HIRE.  
William McGinley Sued for a Bill and Paid It.

In municipal court this morning John Shea and John Johnson were found guilty of drunkenness. The former paid \$12 and the latter went to the county jail for ten days. Michael Rose and Michael Mock got \$5 and costs for disorderly conduct.

McGinty, a distant kinsman, it is thought, of the McGinty so famed in song for his ill-favored adventures, was up on a charge of violating the livery law. The complaint was made by E. Dowdy and alleged that on Feb. 18d McGinty did not brown horse and cutter from the courthouse on the spot of sixteen hours, at a price of \$8.50, without paying for the same. McGinty, Jr., made a hustle this morning, paid up, and on motion of the new city attorney, the case was dismissed upon the payment of costs.

TRADES AND LABOR ASSEMBLY.  
The Trades and Labor assembly held its regular meeting last evening. The sum of \$200 was ordered passed to the Homeless Friend Fund. The secretary reported all outstanding observations for the labor day exercises as paid. The Clerks' union complained that some merchants are keeping open after 6 o'clock contrary to agreement and a committee was appointed to investigate and report. The brand of tobacco manufactured by a certain St. Louis firm will be avoided because of the employment of non-union men.

TWO HARDWARE OFFICES.  
For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Wanted.

One good boy at Woodland or Hunter's Park, also at Highland Park, to deliver The Evening Herald. Inquire of the circulator at the mailing room after 4 p.m.

GEO. W. LAUX,  
Circulator.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

**Royal Baking Powder**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE

## HE IS A HUSTLER.

George Long Thinks That Capt. Miller Does Great Work in Washington.

George Long was at the city hall this morning and being in a talkative mood launched out into a narration of some of the things he observed when down at Washington recently. Speaking of Capt. Miller, Mr. Long said:

"The rest of them are not in it with him when it comes to doing work down there. He beats them all and is worth more than all the rest. He seems to know more representatives and senators than any one else has down there from different parts of the country, giving him strings on the congressmen and what's more, every one is glad to see him. In one department the chief entirely embraced the captain and told him that even if it was clear out of his province filled the room with enthusiasm. The captain not only works early and late but knows every nook, just where to go and who to see. He's just a dandy."

"Another thing I noticed in my absence was that everybody all have with them the same speech and the general forest held in place. I registered at hotels in Washington, New York, Chicago and Minneapolis, and in each instance the clerks before assigning me a room would pass some highly complimentary remark about the place and then commence asking me questions and insisting upon being given some information."

## THE JOBBERS' UNION.

A Thousand Perspective Maps of the City to be Purchased.

The jobbers' union held its regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon.

A proposition made to the union last month for publishing perspective maps of the city of Duluth was accepted. The maps will be prepared at once and will bear the advertisement of the Duluth jobbers' union. One will then be placed in every railroad depot in the Northwest.

The bill prepared by City Attorney Smith, providing for giving the city council power to prohibit peddling and to keep out itinerant vendors was referred to the legislative committee.

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A provision made to



Twelve Pages--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 6.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

The Gigantic (STOCK) Removal Sale  
OF THE Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.  
Begins Monday, March 6th,  
And Continues Until Further Notice.

20% DISCOUNT

WILL BE GIVEN FROM OUR REGULAR PRICES TO ALL SPOT CASH CUSTOMERS.

The Sale Will Not Include Carpets.

Only as far as relates to old patterns and remnants. We have been to a great deal of trouble and expense in getting together our elegant stock of NEW SPRING CARPETS, which are already in, and it should hardly be expected of us to sacrifice this stock when the market East is comparatively bare of the choice styles which we have to offer the Duluth trade this season.

THIS SALE does not include Office Furniture nor Crockery and Glassware—but all other goods in our stock will be subject to this sweeping reduction.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodation? Do you give this man a chance of doing business your consideration?

It is honorable.

It is just and equitable.

Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth who have availed themselves of our services.

We ask a payment of \$5.00 on \$20.00 Bought.

\$8.00 on \$40.00 Bought.

10.00 on \$50.00 Bought.

20.00 on \$100.00 Bought.

NO INTEREST CHARGED.

We have the Largest Stock of Furniture!  
We have the Largest Stock of Carpets!

We have the Largest Stock of Everything pertaining to House-Furnishing in the city of Duluth.



Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,  
222-224 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

THE PANAMA TRIAL.

Several New Sensations Were Developed Today.

PARIS, March 11.—There were new sensations in the Panama trial today. The audience was much larger than on the previous day owing to the expectation of new developments and the deeper evidence was exhibited in the evidence given. A jurymen asked whether it was possible to trace 300,000 francs which Charles Des Lescars alleged that he had given to M. Blanquet.

Charles Des Lescars replied that he could not tell how to trace the money. "I have been so long in prison," said De Lescars plaintively, "that I am forgetting much that I knew."

M. Rane testified to having accompanied M. Clemencien to see de Freycinet about the time testified to by Charles Des Lescars as that at which de Freycinet advised Charles Des Lescars not to have litigation with Baron Reinach.

M. Rane said that the government was in the throes of the conflict with Boulanger and a law suit between the Panama Canal company and Baron Reinach would have been hurtful to the republic. No questions arose, so M. Rane testified in regard to bringing pressure to bear upon the Panama Canal Company.

Deputy Leon Borie, Boulangerist, and a bitter enemy of Opportunism, next testified. He created a decided sensation in court by stating that many members of the chamber of deputies at the time the lottery bonds bill was proposed, to confirm or deny this statement of M. Borie.

M. Andreux, who is generally held responsible as the originator of the Panama revelations, next took the stand. Owing to a cold his voice was almost inaudible. Andreux testified that the list of Reinach checks which he had given to the committee of investigation had been sent to him by Cornelius Herz in the same form as received by Herz from Reinach.

Andreux admitted, in reply to questions, that he had looked through Arton's papers in order to serve a political purpose.

FOUR MEN INJURED.

Peculiar Accident at the St. Paul Cordage Works.

ST. PAUL, March 11.—A serious and peculiar accident occurred at the plant of the St. Paul Cordage company at Mackubin and Front streets, Como district, about 8 o'clock this morning. A huge avalanche of ice and snow fell from the roof of the plant and struck four men who were at work near the building, injuring all of them and one at least very seriously.

The men are Joseph Foley, who lives at 394 La Fond street; John Nork, 690 Van Buren; Joseph Mear, Fifth street, and William Lehman, 473 Blair street. Foley was seriously bruised and was taken to his home.

Judge Ensign this afternoon sentenced prisoners convicted at this term of court to imprisonment as follows:

W. S. Lark, condemned in the second degree, to reformatory at St. Cloud.

Ole Engen, forgery in the second degree, to reformatory at St. Cloud.

Philip Larkin, robbery third degree, to Stillwater for eight months.

A Yankton grand larceny second degree to reformatory.

Volanti Tuboli for rape, fifteen years at Stillwater.

One of the nicest lines of novelties and jewelry ever shown in the West can be seen at Holt Brothers' jewelers, 29 West Superior street.

## DEADER THAN A SMELT

The Hompe and Dedon Grain Warehouse and Market Storage Bill Buried by the Senate.

Keller's Pine Land Inquiry Has Degenerated into a Wholesale Roast of Itasca County Officers.

The Proposal to Withhold the Sale of Supposed Coal Lands Caused a Wordy Warfare.

ST. PAUL, March 11.—[Special to The Herald.]—The joint committee of the house and senate on grain and warehouse has killed the Hompe and Dedon grain warehouse and market storage bill at Duluth deadener than a smelt, recommending indefinite postponement. Keller investigation into the pine land taxation has degenerated into a wholesale roast of the county officers of Itasca county over a gridiron. The character of the clerk of the court, Blake, was taken similarly ill and died yesterday. A son, James, who left here on Tuesday for Anderson, Ind., was stricken in the same manner by the time he reached Anderson and is reported dead. Two other sons were attacked yesterday and both their lives are despaired of.

The coroner's investigation in the case of Eva developed the fact that death was caused by a large quantity of poison found in the body.

A post mortem will be held upon the remains of the mother today and the matter fully investigated.

## PoISONED BY ARSENIC.

Three People are Dead and Two Others are in Danger.

MADISON, Ind., March 11.—A mysterious case of poisoning has developed in this city. Last Tuesday Miss Eva Ross was taken violently ill and died Wednesday from the effects of it. It was supposed that she had taken it with suicidal intent as she had threatened to commit suicide.

Thursdays her mother, Mrs. James Clarkson was taken similarly ill and died yesterday. A son, James, who left here on Tuesday for Anderson, Ind., was stricken in the same manner by the time he reached Anderson and is reported dead. Two other sons were attacked yesterday and both their lives are despaired of.

The coroner's investigation in the case of Eva developed the fact that death was caused by a large quantity of poison found in the body.

A post mortem will be held upon the remains of the mother today and the matter fully investigated.

## THE MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

Others Guilty of a Crime for Which a Man is Serving Time.

JACKSON, Mich., March 11.—It is now two and a half years since William Hemingway was sentenced to the state penitentiary for a term of five years for failure to pay over to his successors as state treasurer the sum of \$131,612 which the books of his office showed was due to the state. Hemingway could give no explanation why the money was missing.

The mystery attending the disappearance of the money is still unsolved, and is now more plausibly explained by C. F. Hemingway, brother of the late treasurer, and for several years bookkeeper in the treasurer's office.

Mr. Hemingway intimates very broadly that the money was stolen by the committee of the dead men, who will soon be investigated.

In the senate this morning Senator Day took the committee on education to task for failing to provide free text books for the public schools, and that the committee should be held responsible.

The following bills were introduced: By Bell, creating a board of examiners for teachers' certificates; by Dean, regarding the school system; by the school board of St. Paul, which bill was passed under suspension of the rules; by Tawney, a bill amending the law relating to corporations; by Smith, E. R., a bill amending the law relating to the conduct of juries.

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# MUST BE CLOSED OUT AT ONCE!

Only a Few Days More of the Closing Sale of

# KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK

CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET.

ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE IN WHICH TO PURCHASE  
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS AT HALF THEIR WORTH.

Great reductions in prices will be offered until the entire stock is disposed of. Goods were never before offered at so Low a Price, as during our Sale.

**PRICES ARE ACTUALLY NO OBJECT. WE MUST SELL OUT THESE GOODS AT ONCE.**  
**Cloaks, Shawls, Wraps and Suits Will be Closed, Positively Regardless of Cost or Value.**

Our line of Carpets is still complete, and you can take your choice of Patterns, at prices Below Mill Cost:

FULL YARD WIDE  
**Ingrain Carpet**  
**15c.**  
Sold Everywhere for 30c per yard.

YARD WIDE HEAVY  
**Ingrain Carpet**  
**23c.**  
Cannot be Matched Under 45c.

**Fine Body Brussels**  
**AND**  
**Moquette Carpets,**  
**AWAY BELOW WHOLESALE FIGURES.**

Silks, Dress Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Blankets, Comforts, Pillows, Curtains, Muslin Underwear, Domestics, Linens, etc. AT THE LOWEST PRICES EVER HEARD OF IN THE CITY. Call and see us. Get our prices.

**WE WILL POSITIVELY SAVE YOU MONEY**

On every article you buy. We guarantee our prices the Lowest or will refund your money.

# DAWKINS! DAWKINS! DAWKINS.

## IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

But Little May be Expected From Society Until After Easter, But a Revival Will Then Come.

The Production of "Ben Hur" Has Been the Principal Event of Society Interest This Week.

Outdoor Amusements Will Soon be in Order and Some Preparations are Already Being Made.

Social matters are decidedly dull and are apparently shaping themselves for a revival immediately after Easter dawns. Nothing of importance has taken place and nothing is on the taps for early happenings. The only general interest manifested has been in the local production of "Ben Hur" at the Temple, which is mentioned at length elsewhere. The approach of spring is noticeable by the resumption of the Sunday hand concerts at the Pavilion, the first of which this year occurs tomorrow afternoon. In about a month the concerts will probably be given daily. The skating rinks have commenced to their usual business, winter amusement is practically at an end. The boat club people and the public boat houses are getting their fleets ready for service in anticipation of an early spring, and a large dancing pavilion is to be erected at Oat-ka-beach in a few weeks.

**Social Mention.**  
The "Afternoon in a Studio" given by Misses E. C. Weiss and Proctor and Mrs. Brown last Sunday was a delightful affair and fully 200 guests were present. A fine musical program was given. The rooms were prettily decorated and some fine specimens of art, Miss Proctor's work, were shown. Test was served by Mr. and Mrs. and the receiving lines were Mrs. Martin, Misses Sharpe, Magoffin, Harris and McLaren.

Last Monday evening a surprise party was given to Mr. and Mrs. G. Erickson at 322 East First street. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. O. Stenson, Mr. and Mrs. M. Gates, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Carlson, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moake, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. S. Jernberg, Mr. and Mrs. N. Nelson, Miss Emma Anderson, Miss Dagnie Stenson and many other. The surprised host and hostess received many nice presents and a very enjoyable time was passed.

B. O. Loe, deputy county register of deeds was married Thursday at Volga, N. D., to Miss Gena Hanson. They will be home this evening.

James E. Martin and Miss Ida Rillston

were married by Rev. Dr. Forbes at West Duluth Monday evening.

Mrs. H. C. Neager entertained a number of lady friends at her West Duluth home yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. G. H. Reeves, of West Duluth, entertained the C. P. Whist club Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Pettibone were married in West Superior last week by Rev. A. J. Davis.

**Social Personal.**

Mrs. A. C. Weiss is visiting in St. Louis, Mo.

Mrs. N. R. Jenkinsen has gone to Manitowoc, Wis., for a visit with friends.

Mrs. E. J. Luther, of West Duluth, has returned from a short trip to Grand Rapids, Mich.

Miss Lillian Prescott is touring in the East.

Miss Eliza O'Brien has been called from West Point to Woodstock, Ill., by sickness in her family.

Mrs. W. H. Hawkins, of West Duluth, has gone on an extended Eastern trip.

Mrs. L. D. Campbell is recovering from her recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Geist have returned with their family from a pleasant trip to California. Mrs. Geist's health is greatly improved.

Mr. L. C. Brooks and Miss Elizabeth Owen, of Greenwich, N. Y., are late arrivals in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Robinson, Tower, are calling on friends here.

**The Only Line That Does It.**

The St. Paul & Duluth railroad is the only line running three daily trains between Duluth and West Superior and St. Paul and Minneapolis. Is the only line running a fast limited train to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Is the only line making connections with three daily trains to Chicago and all points East. Is the only line running through and separate sleepers to St. Paul and the gondola cars without change, and is the only line that will sell you a ticket to any point and check your baggage through.

F. B. Ross,  
Nor. Pass. Agent,  
428 Spalding Hotel block.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Miss Marie Eschelman, of Milwaukee, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. L. L. Marble, of West Duluth, is at the sick list.

Mrs. D. C. Prescott has returned from her Ironwood trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen McDonald, of West Duluth, are back from a visit with Wisconsin relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Scott, of Minneapolis, were up here Thursday.

Mr. C. H. Gibbs and Mrs. Sally Gibbs, of St. Paul, were here Tuesday.

Mrs. E. E. Beebe, of Oconto, Wis., is visiting here.

Mrs. A. Collins, of Ashland, Wis., was in Duluth Thursday evening.

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**A FINE PRODUCTION.**

**A Fine Audience Witnessed the Production of "Ben Hur."**

The initial production of the spectacular "Ben Hur" at the Temple last evening drew a large and attractive audience, and the appearance of the stage so liberally given indicated that even the production course, there were breaks no amateur performance ever passed off without them—but they were unusually scarce and did not in any way interfere with the production of the pantomime. Considerable time was spent in the characters the smoothness of which the entertainment moved to.

Pantomime is always rather spiritless at best, and is more difficult to present than a play. Even the scenes in expression and posture, and to present in pantomime such a magnificent story and one so rich in dramatic situations as "Ben Hur" is a trying ordeal, to say the least. The interpreters, therefore, who presented it last evening had reason to be proud of their efforts. All of the scenes were produced very realistically and in a manner which made the particular meaning of each at once plain to the auditor.

The tableaux especially were splendidly produced, and everyone enjoyed the round of applause. The scene of the lake, where Iris (Miss Magoffin) and Ben Hur (H. K. Kentel) meet and press to his lips seemed to especially captivate the audience. Probably the best scene was the one in which the most affecting is the meeting of Ben Hur with his leprosy mother and sister and it was excellently presented. The reading of "The Chariot Race" by Mrs. D'Autremont, Jr., was wonderfully stirring and won the hearts of all.

Mr. Davis, who has been quite ill recently, was again on the stage and the audience was much interested in him.

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## INDICTED FOR FRAUD

Collector of Internal Revenue Scott of Louisville is Charged With Having Deceived the Government.

He Signed Vouchers For the Pay of Five Storekeepers When They Did Not Work.

Deputy Collector Riley and Storekeeper Shaw Are Indicted For Soliciting Money For Campaign Purposes.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 11.—Collector of Internal Revenue Alton Scott, of the Fifth (Louisville) district; Chief Deputy Collector William E. Riley and Special Internal Revenue Storekeeper W. P. Shaw were indicted late yesterday at the United States grand jury.

There are two indictments against Collector Scott, one for violation of the civil service laws, and includes seven counts. The other is on twelve counts and are for swindling falsely to the pay of the government.

It is claimed that five storekeepers did not work on April 28 and 29, 1892, yet they were paid for their service and Collector Scott, knowing they had not worked on those days, signed the voucher for the pay. By such action it is claimed he was a party to defrauding the United States government out of money.

Riley and Shaw were indicted for violating the civil service laws in receiving money from grangers and stockholders for campaign purposes. Mr. Riley has nine counts against him and Shaw five. The cases will be called Oct. 2.

## WHERE THE BLAME LIES.

Mr. Hartley's Version of the Death Bridge Bills at Washington.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I notice you quote from the Land and River Improvement company's paper, of West Superior, as follows: "The Telegram points out that the real reason why the bridge bills were tied up was that Mr. Hartley insisted on his Rice's Point bill passing at the same time as the Transfer bridge bill." Now, Sir, I have been bungling my duty to you through it upon the shoulders of the Superior Land and River Improvement company, will, I think, rather elicit derision than sympathy. The worsted prize fighter who frankly acknowledges defeat is far more likely to shift his baton and leave the ring than man who shifts the blame upon others.

Mr. Hartley says that the members of the Minnesota delegation never heard of the Commercial bridge bill until they received a telegram from the Duluth city council committee favoring it and condemning his, and adds further that the news of the report of the council committee had no sooner reached them than the information quickly followed that the reports of his bill, and in consequence thereof, the Transfer bridge were "surprised and disgusted." Now Mr. Hartley knows as well as anyone who is at all acquainted with the business accomplished by the city council during the past three days and was most active in getting along in the background since Wednesday, closing moon prices were a bridge."

I am perfectly willing to assume this responsibility, if it is worrying the Land and River company. I also have noticed in your paper some communications criticizing Maj. Baldwin and accusing him of obstructing the Transfer bridge's bill. I hope your paper enlightens both of us. It is a fact that Mr. Hartley was surprised and disgusted.

Mr. Hartley's Version of the Death Bridge Bills at Washington.

Mr. Hartley always keeps a stock of cheek on hand for emergencies and when he got the bill he had to give his interview to Congressmen Hagen and Baldwin of Duluth. He says Mr. Haugen is a delightful and able gentleman and Mr. Baldwin, whom he fought a short time ago tooth and nail, is just a little lower than angels. These gentlemen will undoubtedly receive marked copies, will probably be accepted with thanks and a smile, as they think of the source and reason of such unusual praise, and they wonder, perhaps, if there is a reward for favors.

At the close of this remarkably interesting interview, in order to quickly heal the wounds of his bridge failure and swing himself out once more into the bright light of public favor he winds up by sprinkling a few salving drops of chivalryism. Telling the reporter that he closed contracts in New York for two new jobbing houses. He finds fault with "Vox Populi" for having mentioned his name in a previous article, says he is one of those who are never satisfied with what he gives "Citizen," "Vox Populi" and "Old Taxpayer" all an opportunity to take some stock in the new jobbing houses, but he fears that they will be as they always have been on such occasions if they are given to the public.

The year was sent to Duluth, in which this was optional, rendering the amendment meaningless, but in the bill at Washington the bridge and the wagon bridge.

Messrs. Clapp and Krutz came to Washington; they were quite disgusted with the bill and asked to talk with Maj. Baldwin. They met him in Mt. Mendenhall's office, in the apartment of the Alpha Club, and told him they were not here to Duluth, they were spending money here in important improvements, and requested that help them out with their bill. He said he would gladly do so. They told him, under no consideration would they accept the bill with the bridge and the wagon bridge, and requested him to state to the committee on commerce in the house when the bill came before it. This Maj. Baldwin did, urging the passage of the original bill.

Word was sent to Duluth that Baldwin was opposing the bill, and Messrs. Clapp and Krutz, and O. P. McDonald, came to Washington. When they found the actual conditions of the Land & River Improvement company's amendment, as it stood in the bill, they were astonished, as it had been correctly stated in the bill sent to Duluth, and they were more vehement if possible, than Messrs. Krutz and Clapp in their condemnation of it. They told Maj. Baldwin that the Transfer company would not accept it. They wired to the local management at Duluth that Baldwin was working all right, and begged that Duluth people quit telegraphing.

The Land and River Improvement company saw danger and defeat of the bill; and it was agreed between Mr. Hartley and Mr. Baldwin that the objectionable part of the amendment should be dropped, and that both the Transfer company's bill and the Duluth-Superior Bridge company's bill should be passed; the latter to be amended to make it unobjectionable as suggested by Messrs. Haugen and Lind. It was also agreed by the same parties that the Transfer company's bill should be passed in the house, and the Duluth and Superior bill passed in the Senate.

Upon this agreement, Mr. Lind undertook to call the Transfer bill up in the house Feb. 25, and failed to get recognition. The Duluth and Superior bill passed the senate all right, and was fair to pass the house, but Mr. Haugen, as Mr. Lind had agreed to let the Transfer be turned to Senator Vilas and had our bill referred to him. This was Saturday, again on Monday Mr. Haugen tried to get the Transfer bill up and failed. The following telegrams, received by me from Hon. G. A. Willard, who was at the time in Washington in the interest of the Transfer company's bill, and Maj. Baldwin will confirm what I say:

Washington, Feb. 25, 1893.—G. G. Hartley, Fifth Avenue, New York. After much thought and solicitation, Mr. Haugen's instigation moved consideration. Haugen then withdrew opposition to Vilas telegraphed for information to somebody. (Signed), J. A. WILLARD.

Washington, Feb. 25, 1893.—G. G. Hartley. Your bill passed senate. Lind attempted other bill in house, but failed to get recognition. (Signed), M. R. BALDWIN.

Now Mr. Editor will you explain to

me how I killed the Transfer company's bill when it never came before the house. The fact is, it was killed by the Land and River Improvement company and its Duluth friends disfigured the corpse.

It is a fact of record, that this bill, this time, but that Land and River company may as well understand that there is more need for a wagon bridge at Connor's and Rice's points than from West Duluth to West Superior; and so long as we can't construct the Connor's and Rice's points bridge, we will never have a lower bridge for May and June than last Saturday. Following were the closings:

May 1 hand cash, \$50c; March, \$50c; May, 70c; July, 70c; No. 1 northern, cash, \$50c; No. 2 northern, cash, 75c; No. 3, 62c; No. 4, 62c; No. 5, 62c; No. 6, 62c; No. 7, 62c; No. 8, 62c; No. 9, 62c; No. 10, 62c; No. 11, 62c; No. 12, 62c; No. 13, 62c; No. 14, 62c; No. 15, 62c; No. 16, 62c; No. 17, 62c; No. 18, 62c; No. 19, 62c; No. 20, 62c; No. 21, 62c; No. 22, 62c; No. 23, 62c; No. 24, 62c; No. 25, 62c; No. 26, 62c; No. 27, 62c; No. 28, 62c; No. 29, 62c; No. 30, 62c; No. 31, 62c; No. 32, 62c; No. 33, 62c; No. 34, 62c; No. 35, 62c; No. 36, 62c; No. 37, 62c; No. 38, 62c; No. 39, 62c; No. 40, 62c; No. 41, 62c; No. 42, 62c; No. 43, 62c; No. 44, 62c; No. 45, 62c; No. 46, 62c; No. 47, 62c; No. 48, 62c; No. 49, 62c; No. 50, 62c; No. 51, 62c; No. 52, 62c; No. 53, 62c; No. 54, 62c; No. 55, 62c; No. 56, 62c; No. 57, 62c; No. 58, 62c; No. 59, 62c; No. 60, 62c; No. 61, 62c; No. 62, 62c; No. 63, 62c; No. 64, 62c; No. 65, 62c; No. 66, 62c; No. 67, 62c; No. 68, 62c; No. 69, 62c; No. 70, 62c; No. 71, 62c; 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The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West. The Pioneers of Low Prices.

Workingmen,  
Attention!

FOR Tonight Only  
And Monday.

300 Ironclad Working  
Suits..... \$2.49

Worth \$5.00

250 Union Cassimere  
Suits..... \$5.99

Worth \$10.00

325 Strictly All Wool Home  
spuns and Victories..... \$7.49

Worth \$12.00

500 prs Good Working  
Pants..... 99c

Worth \$1.50 and \$1.25

350 prs All Wool Cassimere  
\$5.99 \$5.50 \$5.50 \$5.50 \$5.50

500 dozen Socks. .7c per pair

75 doz H.M. Working  
Shirts..... 25c

100 prs 2-Buckle Oil  
Grain Shoes..... 87c

300 prs Good Substan-

tial Shoes in Lace  
and Congress..... 99c

Save Your Money!  
No easier way in the world to  
do it than by trading with

M.S. Burrows & Co.

WEST DULUTH NEWS.  
H. D. Hall, Candidate for Treasurer on the  
Labor Ticket, Withdraws.

H. D. Hall has withdrawn as a candi-  
date for the office of State Auditor. Rockwell and Chas. A. Johnson have consented to allow  
the use of his name for the place.

Mrs. H. C. Yeager entertained the  
Ladies' Pedro party yesterday after-  
noon.

An entertainment will be given on  
March 17, St. Patrick's day, by the young  
people of the Catholic church of this  
place. An interesting program has been  
prepared.

The labor party held another meeting  
last evening. Judges Martin and Hime-  
baugh were the principal speakers.

R. N. Peterson has rented the J. W.  
Peterson boarding house on Central Avenue  
and has taken possession.

E. Ritzinger left yesterday for Chippewa Falls, Wis., and will return in a  
few days to Duluth.

The Scandinavian club will hold a  
meeting on Grand avenue this evening at  
the usual place.

W. J. Wallace has announced himself  
a candidate for trustee from the Fourth  
ward.

O. T. Strand, the grocer, has pur-  
chased a fine double corner on First Avenue  
west, Sixth division, and will erect  
a fine residence there.

Congressional temperance meetings tomor-  
row afternoon at the city hall. Rev. Dr.  
Forbes will address the meeting.

Sometime ago B. C. Dent sold his  
residence on the hill for \$3500. When the  
purchaser found that the Missabe rail-  
way tracks would be laid through his  
kitchen he decided to close up the bar-  
gain. The railway company have now  
taken the property off from Mr. Dent's  
hands at the above figure.

Church Services.

Methodist—Dr. Forbes will preach at  
10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class meet-  
ing at 9:45 a. m. Epworth league at  
6:45 p. m.

Presbyterian—Rev. G. A. Brandt pas-  
tor. Services at 10:30 a. m. Subject:  
"The Hope and the Chain." Mrs. M. L.  
Smith gave a lecture in the evening on  
temperance.

Baptist—Rev. E. J. Brownson, pastor.  
Morning subject: "Some Things Amer-  
ican Citizens Need Realize." Evening  
subject: "For Christ's Sake."

Evangelist Smith will conduct the  
services at the Congregational church  
both morning and evening.

DO GOOD WORK.

A Chicago Firm Thinks Superintendent Den-  
ton Earned His Expenses While East.

During his recent trip East, Superin-  
tendent Denfeld took along a supply of  
photographs, showing the various fea-  
tures of the new High school building.  
These he left with publishing houses  
and others. He is in receipt of a busi-  
ness letter from Robert Forsman, of  
Chicago, the Western agent for Sil-  
ver, Burdett & Co., in which he closes  
with the following:

"By the way, I think you put those  
photographs of your new High school  
building in a good place, when you left  
them with the book dealers. I have noticed  
that they were exhibiting them in their  
different callers after you left. I think  
your board of trade ought to pay your  
expenses and something besides for the  
work you did for Duluth while you were  
East."



## PUNCHED EACH OTHER

Mike O'Donnell and Bartlett, a Barkeeper,  
Had a Delightful Little Fracas  
Yesterday Afternoon.

O'Donnell is a Fireman and May Now Suffer  
the Fate of Twaddle and  
Little.

A Strong Effort is Being Made to Hush  
the Matter up and Everybody is  
Reticent.

Unless some well-planned process of  
concealment is fixed up and carried out,  
another fireman, occupying a prominent  
position in the department, is in much  
danger of losing his job. His name is  
Mike O'Donnell and he is captain of  
hook and ladder company No. 1. For  
some time O'Donnell has, so it is said,  
had a grudge against one Bartlett, a  
barkeeper and bouncer in Salter's saloon at  
26 West Superior street. O'Donnell is  
reported to have boasted a couple of  
weeks ago that he would do up Bartlett  
at the first opportunity.

Yesterday afternoon, as near as The  
Herald reporter could learn, O'Donnell  
had a grudge against one Bartlett, a  
barkeeper and bouncer in Salter's saloon at  
26 West Superior street. O'Donnell had  
not been there long before trouble broke  
out between O'Donnell and Bartlett.  
Bartlett was not present, but the proprietor of  
the saloon observed him in his place, so the belligerents retired to the  
back yard and fought to a finish.

Bartlett escaped all injury, but O'Don-  
nell was a sight fit to please the gods of  
war. His face was hammered into a  
shapeless mass. So bad was the condition  
that he did not go to his quarters at the engine  
house, but was taken to a room over the  
saloon where he lay all night with juicy  
beefsteaks on his bruised and maimed  
visage. Thus morning Dr. Slawter was  
called upon to apply balsam to the  
wounds. The firemen who were given that  
on Monday morning. Bartlett escaped  
all injury.

Several assertions being heard made  
on the street that Chief Horgan and De-  
tective Hayden knew of the affray soon  
after it happened and dissatisfaction  
being expressed that no arrests had been  
made, a reporter called on Chief Horgan  
and asked him if any arrests had been  
made. He professed ignorance of the  
whole affair and said that as a rule he paid little attention to these  
saloon brawls, and that as far as for any  
arrests to be made, no one had been  
complainant and that he was not his duty  
to know anything about it until such a  
move was made. The combat was witness-  
ed by at least half a dozen persons but owing to the general inclination of  
those posted on the fracas not to talk  
the obtaining of reliable details was at-  
tended with considerable difficulty.

A reporter essayed to gaze upon Mr.  
O'Donnell, but admittance was denied  
on the ground that he was sleeping.  
As was called upon to apply balsam to the  
wounds given that on Monday morning.

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Twelve Pages--PART TWO--Pages 7 to 12.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR.

## THE RECORD OF CRIME

Cases Where Human Life Has Been Taken in St. Louis County During Two Decades Past.

Eighty-Six Assaults of High Degree Found On the Court Records of Twenty-Four Years.

Coroners' Juries Have Also Sat On Sixty-Nine Lifeless Bodies Killed By Parties Unknown.

The assassin's revolver, knife and bludgeon have played an important part in keeping down the "surplus" of human life in this neck of the woods, during the last two decades, and the question has been mentally presented to hundreds of Herald readers whether the "reward" of crime in this district is adequate for its prevention. Commencing with the killing of George Northrup nearly twenty-four years ago and running up to the present time, eighty-six recorded assaults upon human life were found on the court records of this country, all of them as heavy or heavier than those just depicted.

But that is not all, not by a long shot. The records of the coroner's court of inquiry since 1870 show that sixty-nine lifeless human bodies have passed under the observation of the coroners who have decided the cause of death to be "at the hands of parties unknown." Even now and then, but generally in the spring time, an emaciated body or lifeless skeleton is found here or there in the woods and ravines or in the bottoms of the creeks, roads or lakes, which is too decomposed to admit of identification and, even when the grinning skull is bullet pierced or missile shattered, no searching investigation has taken place.

Ex-Capt. of Police McQuade still preserves the case with which a woman was brutally murdered on the Herman town road about twenty years ago. Her bruised and lacerated face showed the plain imprint of the brutal murderer's boot heels where he stamped as if to obliterate recognizable features. The body was cut and mutilated in true Jack the Ripper style long before that mythical murderer of the London Whitechapel slums became known, but the murderer or murderers never came to justice. One of several such instances of assassins dealt death which unavenged is a crying shame on this section of Minnesota.

This man who forges a check, the petty thief who steals a car, the pickpocket, the card and dice player, the woman who overcoats or nabs a bolt of cloth; to quote the slang vernacular of the toughs, "gits it in der neck, see?" But he who attempts to, and sometimes succeeds, in taking human life thinks an undue discrimination is being practiced when he says if he does anything worse than a few years in Stillwater, or a case at the reformatory at St. Cloud, where three or four red-handed murderers of this district have already been sentenced.

Let the reader observe, energetic people of this country, feel disposed to question the truth of these statements. The Herald has subjoined a few score of such cases, giving names and dates and where practicable the final wind-up in which the blind goddess is supposed to have had her, together with some notes of personal remembrance which may be of interest.

George Northrup was stabbed to death in Duluth Aug. 14, 1869, and Thomas Stokely, Thomas Courtney, Edward McGovern, John Paulin and B. P. Harracher were arrested and charged with the crime.

Ed R. French shot and killed J. R. McDougal at Northern Pacific Junction Aug. 8, 1870, yet the compiler of this article who is a native of the city, at the junction with Ed R. French "for" his victim can affirm that he suffered to perceptible punishment and moved to Brainerd, where he dispensed bad whisky and afterwards died with the distinction of having killed his man.

The Louis Brothman affair of Feb. 9, 1872, is well remembered by old-timers, but the jail floors were not perceptible, worn by the tread of the prisoner's feet.

Daniel Shumway killed Daniel Campbell at Northern Pacific Junction Jan. 23, 1872, but he suffered no smiting at the hands of the law, for he succeeded in getting away.

Charles Stevens was said to have had an intent to kill John W. Munro with a stone at Duluth about May 5, 1888. His inaccuracy only cost him \$5.

John Hayes was charged with a murderous intent to kill M. E. Chambers at Fond du Lac, Nov. 13, 1875.

William Goettling attempted a murder March 27, 1875, and became insane and died in a asylum.

Chester K. Jackson and James Ruttee were concerned in the Riskey murder Oct. 31, 1875, the former was dismissed and the latter did two years at Stillwater.

Christian Anderson, a suspected murderer served six days in jail and was released.

Herman Oppel was accused of the murder of Edward Brennan at Duluth, committed June 27, 1880.

Chas. A. Krause tried to shoot Frank Leduc at Fond du Lac, April 30, 1881. He tried his gun on John LeDuc a couple of months later, June 17, and killed him.

Patrick Lynch assaulted Auguste Robert with a revolver, Feb. 24, 1882, and Charles McCauley treated Thomas Savo to a like reception on March 31 the same year.

At Moose Lake, Dec. 24, 1881, Benson Willet was shot and Win. Coffey, James Coffey, John O. Begna and Antoine Chicoa were arrested. They were dismissed.

Frank O'Donnell assaulted Nile Hoff, Nov. 23, 1882, and got six months for it.

Matt Clark struck John Finlayson with a slug shot in the summer of 1883,

but the records show no disposition of the case.

Capt. Leon tried to shoot P. J. Smith June 22, 1883. No record of conviction. James Troy tried to kill his daylight through Tom McLaughlin Sept. 1, 1883, and wasn't punished.

Wm. Varley went for Ed Lynch with a revolver, Sept. 16, 1883.

Fred Austin's shot at Ben Garry with a revolver, Aug. 1, 1883, resulted in murder.

Peter Erickson and Gust Lindquist tried to kill Sam Wilson with a knife at Fish's camp, Feb. 21, 1884, and got five years for it.

Edward A. Nute attacked Alex Raynor with a knife at Two Harbors, April 3, 1884, and was given four years.

Barney Lynch paid \$50 for assaulting Pat Shanahan at Duluth, with a revolver, May 17, 1884.

Thomas A. Whittaker had a little "difficulty" with C. P. Byam about May 5, 1884.

Burgis Burtsilo was charged with the murder of Peter Franzia at Tower, Sept. 1, 1884, and was acquitted.

Edward Manning slashed at Thomas Kelly with a knife in Duluth Sept. 3, 1884.

Capt. F. A. Bishop ran the steamer Mary Martini into a little pleasure boat and Isador Plumard was thereby drowned May 14, 1884.

Frank Henry assaulted C. A. Carlson with a pistol and tried to hold him up totally, Aug. 23, 1884.

Dominick Marin used Geo. Washington's favorite weapon on Joseph Lutes, Sept. 30, 1884.

George Curtis got eight months for using a knife on Charles Teske, at Breit's Inn, April 21, 1884.

Oscar Boehm shot at Mrs. Frankenstien in Duluth, Oct. 12, 1884, and his punishment is not at all definite.

R. H. Doran was charged with dangerous assault on Thos. Devine at Duluth Oct. 18, 1884.

Barnard Lynch had a revolver threatening with John Martin, Oct. 11, 1884.

John Waisenau and John Norlund killed Joseph Blair with a club near Tower, Nov. 29, 1884. Waisenau was hung by Sheriff McQuade Aug. 28, 1885. Both were found guilty.

Robert Strickland shot and killed John Darby at Floodwood, Feb. 21, 1885.

Wesley Gould, as principal, and W. M. Boutot, as abettor, were charged with a dangerous assault with a piece of timber on Charles Coppey near Lakeview, Sept. 22, 1885. Both were found guilty.

John Kajander used a gun on Andrew Swanson, May 11, and was indicted, and on May 27, 1886, Benjamin Symmes turned a like weapon on John Hilkey, Tower, and got three years for it.

John Lahti murdered his wife, Oct. 10, 1886, on Main Street, Third floor.

John Abraham Nemo tried to kill Sam Owen, at Tower, in a similar way. Their sentences, if any, are not known.

Joseph Blair (with several aliases) tried to carve Frank Nomski with a knife Nov. 30, 1884. His disposition is not recorded.

Herman and August Diederich used their guns on Albertina Volske at Fond du Lac, Jan. 29, 1885.

Maurice Mayer tried to cut a suit of clothes off of Bruce Emtz, Diederich's attorney.

Wm. Sauer shot Swan Algren with a gun and killed him July 4, 1885, but there is no further record of the case.

In the autumn of 1885, Alvin Kuchte and George Schwartz with a knife, and on Oct. 30, 1885, Robert McClellan with a pistol, shot at each other.

John Lahti assaulted Maxine Tornberg with a knife at Mesabi, Third floor, and was fined \$100, or given ninety days imprisonment.

Jos. Hort went for John Buchanan with a pistol at Duluth, Feb. 24, 1892, but was not guilty.

Clark Winchell used a loaded weapon on A. R. Palmer at Tower, May 1, 1892, but was not indicted.

John Hynes chopped his alleged wife Hynes with a hatchet and wounded her with a hammer, May 18, 1892, at Duluth. He went to Stillwater for 2 years and 7 months.

Michael Wallace shot and killed Joseph Lawrence at Ely, June 29, 1892, but was not guilty.

Charles Chapman, a resident of Tower, hacked at Charles Freeman with a knife, Nov. 10, 1895. John Hogan and Frank Gorby, two more of Tower's people, cut Andrew Caffaro with knives Dec. 19, 1896, and the two each received a six-months jail sentence.

John Hodge threatened to kill somebody July 13, 1896, and her sentence was suspended.

Eric Lahti murderously assaulted Charles Woods at Duluth Dec. 13, 1896, and got three years for his misdeed.

Wm. Sauer was charged with "assaulting" Woods Dec. 27, 1896, but the records don't say who or where.

Anton Olson tried to cut a lung out of Bob Benson at Duluth July 13, 1897, but the plucky Bob pulled him in, yet the charge against him was dismissed.

John Olson was fined \$100 for pounding Al Wilson with an iron bar at Duluth April 4, 1897.

John Bowens used a razor on Thomas Taylor at Duluth, April 10, 1897, and had two years allowed him for contumacy.

John Brown killed Morrill Butters with a billiard cue in a Thomson saloon on March 3, 1897, and was found not guilty.

John Olson tried to cut a lung out of Bob Benson at Duluth July 13, 1897, but the plucky Bob pulled him in, yet the charge against him was dismissed.

John Puglisi was killed by Hattie Russell at Duluth March 13, 1898, and her story of wrongs left her ancestral home.

James Hayes was charged with a murderous intent to kill M. E. Chambers at Fond du Lac, Nov. 13, 1898.

William Goettling attempted a murder March 27, 1898, and became insane and died in a asylum.

Chester K. Jackson and James Ruttee were concerned in the Riskey murder Oct. 31, 1898, the former was dismissed and the latter did two years at Stillwater.

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Frank Alger shot, and killed Michael Shannon in Lake County, Jan. 5, 1898. His self defense was alleged and he was discharged.

William Woolcott who used a revolver at Duluth, Bradford at Tower, Feb. 27, 1898, got 5 years at Stillwater.

Ed. Stacy and George Bassett, a brace of Cloquet assaulters who tried to kill

SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1893.

FIVE OCLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

## FOOLED THE CHAPPIES

A Duluth Man Relates Interesting and Amusing Anecdotes Concerning the Famous Lily Langtry.

How He Hoodwinked Some of the Poor Dudes and Mamas Who Were Crazy Over Her.

An Interesting Story as to How a Duluth Alderman Lost His Iron Range Annual Pass.

A Select coterie of the Independent Order of Sons of Ease had just finished discussing the young women with legs apparently wooden who excused themselves with a select coterie of turkey carving, that dog commenced to whisk about my heels and tug at my trousers, completely upsetting my gravity, and likewise bad in Cobert's "Gentlemen Jack."

"Speaking of actresses," remarked Mr. George Potter, a member of the Duluth dry goods force, as he puffed his Missouri meerschaum, "I was almost a neighbor to Mrs. Langtry long before she was known to fame and notoriety. It was away back in the early part of the '70s when I was a boy in London attending school at Petersham, where I was then residing quietly and happily with her husband at Twickenham, while my home was just across the Thames at King's Lynn, in the famous Twickenham Ferry. I used to pass her frequently when she was out walking or driving. She then had not acquired a worldwide name resulting from her favor of His Royal Highness, Prince of Wales, nor was she an exceedingly beautiful woman and was therefore not to be recognized as such."

"Langtry put up at my hotel and as there was a laundry in connection, it secured her patronage. Then commenced the rush. Large sums were given for any pieces of undress or semi-undress garments of late decorated and embroidered garment, with plenty of neckroom and abbreviated sleeves, were in the greatest demand, but anything in the shape of underwear was acceptable at good figures. I took the hint and made due preparation."

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## AT THE PLAYHOUSES

Maude Granger to Present "The Fringe of Society" at the Lyceum the Coming Week.

Lieut. R. E. Peary, the Great Arctic Explorer, to Lecture at the Temple Tuesday Evening.

Two Fine Sopranos and Conscious Artists, How They Started and What They Have Done.

Next week's chief theatrical attraction will be Maude Granger the emotional actress who appears at the Lyceum in a new play, "The Fringe of Society," on Saturday evening. Miss Granger was here about a year ago and produced "Inherited." At the Temple "Ben Hur" will be produced again on Monday evening. On Tuesday evening Lieut. R. E. Peary, the noted Arctic explorer will narrate his adventures and experiences. On Friday evening "Kathleen Mavourneen" will be produced for the benefit of the pro-cathedral by local talent.

This week the Temple has been dark. The Lyceum presents "The Fringe of Society" to its patrons getting fairly good houses. The Temple has very little coming until the end of the month when "The White Squadron," "Uncle Tom's Cabin" and Lewis Morris will come all in one week.

A FAMOUS EXPLORER.

Lieut. R. E. Peary Will Lecture at the Temple on Tuesday.

On Tuesday evening Lieut. R. E. Peary will lecture at the Temple under the auspices of Palestine Lodge A. F. & A. M.

Nov. 20, 1892, the secretary of the navy granted a three years' leave of absence to Lieut. R. E. Peary, U. S. N., to head another expedition to the Arctic regions for the object of which was the mission of the northern coast lines of Greenland. As Lieut. Peary's purpose is to fit out and make this expedition at his own expense, he has arranged a lecture tour designed for that purpose. The supreme test of human skill and endurance is the Arctic region, where the elemental forces of nature, and the man who meets and conquers these in their domain not only allies himself in a very profound way to the past of human achievement, but is sure of the plaudits of the world. It is particularly desired to impress the general education, superintendent of schools, teachers and all interested in educational work, as well as the great value of a lesson in geography of Lieut. Peary's work. Descriptions of studies of life in the land of ice, his pictures taken along the line of his 1300 mile journey with his team of Eskimos pulling their great loads, waiting for the dinner bell—all shown on the canvas distinct and lifelike. This will be the description of the remarkable journeys by Lieut. Peary and Astrup across the trackless ice cap of Greenland to Independence bay, a point upon the eastern coast of Greenland, nearer the pole than any place upon that side of the country even approached by man, and thence back to McMurdo Sound.

Lieut. Peary has a good voice and good command of language. The lecture is illustrated throughout by stereopticon views of the Arctic regions, showing the character of the country as well as the manners and customs of the natives. These views were taken by Lieut. Peary himself.

### "ROMEO AND JULIET."

The Travesty Club Will Go to Superior on Wednesday Evening.

The Travesty club of Duluth, which produced the musical burlesque of "Romeo and Juliet" at the Lyceum with such great success a short time ago, have been invited by the Superior Choral union to give the travesty in Superior and next week they will appear at the Grand. The Travesty will be given in the same used in the production here and will present the burlesque in the same elaborate manner. A large party will go over from Duluth and the fact that the Choral union, an organization of which Superior may well be proud, has taken the music of the Travesty as their own.

Dr. C. S. Putnam, of Superior, will take the part of Romeo and A. W. Little the part of Mercutio. These will be the only changes from the former cast. G. V. Quilliar, Jr. and Ernest Hanegan will assume their respective roles of Nurse and Apothecary respectively.

### Maud Granger.

The Lyceum will be occupied next Saturday evening by Maude Granger in her latest play "The Fringe of Society," an adaptation of one of Dumas French plays translated into English. She has the best during the past three months. The original piece ran 700 nights in Paris and no doubt has many elements of success. Miss Granger is said to have engaged a special company for this production and will no doubt give a splendid performance.

### "KATHLEEN MAVORNEEN."

"Kathleen Mavourneen" will be produced at the Temple on Friday next, St. Patrick's day, for the benefit of the pro-cathedral. This beautiful Irish drama was introduced in the autumn of last year by practically the same cast as will present it this time and the very high praise which was accorded it then will be equally deserved on this occasion. Some changes have been made in the cast, but they are not important.

### TWO FINE SOPRANOS.

Helen Lamont and Carrie Hun-King Are Both Original Favorites.

Nearly every person in the United States who takes any interest in comic opera has seen and heard Helen Lamont, the well known prima donna, at some time or other.

Miss Lamont was born in Washington. Her family name was La Mon. She gave evidence of the possession of an excellent voice even in childhood, but she had no idea of becoming a professional singer. She studied three years with Barilli, brother of

the great Patti, and made her debut on the stage, when she was 25 years old.

Professor Sousa of the Marine band had charge of the affair, and it was upon his recommendation that John A. MacCaull offered her a position in "The Mikado." She accepted, and it was with this excellent company that she received the training which fitted her for the more important work that she has since done.



HELEN LAMONT.

While on a visit to New York and still under contract with MacCaull, Geraldine Ulmer, the prima donna of Stetson's company, which was singing "The Mikado" at the New York Casino, became ill, and Miss Lamont temporarily assumed her role of Yum Yum. Later she became a regular member of Stetson's company, and when Miss Ulmer went to Europe Miss Lamont was promoted to creating the character of Rose Maybath in "Ruddigore." She then left Stetson and took out a company of her own under that manager's name.

She next secured the traveling rights to New York Casino, and there she made a name of her own with a very expensive company, so expensive in fact that while good business almost universally prevailed preliminary loss resulted. She was afterward at the head of a summer company in Philadelphia, and for several summers has been very successful, and for several seasons has been a regular fixture in the city, with a company organized by herself. Her plans for the future have not been definitely decided upon, although she has received several excellent offers.

Miss Lamont was married some years ago to Charles MacCrae, a Scotchman, who is a nephew of Dr. Bathsheba, the celebrated divine. She has one child. Miss Lamont is a woman of queenly carriage and handsome face.

Miss Carrie Hun-King, as she is known professionally, is one of the well known American singers who has found that there is more money in concert than in opera.

She was born in Dover, N. H., but was raised in Haverhill, Mass. It was there that she met and married C. Dustin Hinckley, a man who had just returned from Germany, whether he had gone to complete his medical studies. Her name was Wiggin.

Mrs. Hinckley early took an interest in music, and received a thorough training under the best masters in Boston. While she was singing in amateur opera Max Strakoff offered her an engagement, which she accepted, to travel with his grand English opera company. She sang with this company in Arthur, "The Queen Girl," and made her debut in "Carmen" and the tenor primo roles of several other operas. In the same organization, which was as strong perhaps as any that ever toured the United States, were Signor Brignoli, Minnie Hawk, Zelma Seguin and several others who have since become famous.



CARRIE HUN-KING.

Mrs. Hinckley then retired from the operatic stage and has since devoted her time to singing in various amateur societies singing leading soprano parts in some of the best church choirs in New York city. She is a member of the Philharmonic society and English Ballad company, both of New York, where Mrs. Hinckley now resides.

On account of the division of her surname for professional purposes Mrs. Hinckley has been frequently referred to as being of Chinese extraction. This mistake has caused her no little amusement, for it is well known that she can sing in half a dozen languages, including Chinese.

Mrs. Hinckley is fond of dress, home decoration, horses and dogs. She has persistently refused numbers of excellent offers to return to grand opera, because they all involved travelling and she憎恶 travelling.

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# Get A HOME

— In the Heart of the City.

Buy a Lot In Duluth, at Village Prices!

Why put your money in a savings bank when you can buy a fine Lot, convenient to an Electric Car Line, only Ten Minutes Ride from the heart of the city For \$225 and make 100 per cent within a year.

## CASH PAYMENT, \$30,

Balance in monthly or yearly payments to suit purchaser.

FOR THE BEST BARGAIN

Ever offered at the Head of the Lakes, call on the

## Highland Improvement Co.,

ROOM 1, LYCEUM BUILDING.

\$30

\$30

### MAGAZINES IN MARCH

A Glance at the Interesting and Well Selected Contents of the Leading American Periodicals.

The Century Has a Graphic Account of Taking of Napoleon to His Island Home.

Some of the Younger Magazines Displaying a Vigor and Enterprise That Has Stirred All.

The Century for March contains a unique feature in an account from the manuscript of Capt. Thomas Ussher, R. N., of "Napoleon's Deportation to Elba," in which is given a familiar account of all the circumstances of the trip, and a careful report of Napoleon's frank comments on men and events. The article is preceded by a portrait and a short sketch of Capt. Ussher, who was the officer in charge of the transport. The magazine has an appropriate engraving from the bas-relief of Napoleon by Boizot, which was the property of Joseph Bonaparte, and is now in the possession of the Pennsylvania Historical Society. Napoleon's portraits in British and French on the supposed invasion of England, are particularly interesting. The paper bears evidence of being a careful contemporary record, and has accordingly historical value as well as popular interest.

A paper by Professor Edward Lewis Curtis, of Yale university, on "The Present State of Old Testament Criticism," being an expert treatment of current questions, will be read with lively interest in connection with recent heresy trials. Another article, the subject of a paper by Henry J. Fuller, author of "The Chevalier de Pensiervari," which, without being a set description of the abbey, gives the reader a definite idea of various aspects of the history of the abbey. Mr. Fuller agrees at some length with Farrat's suggestion of an American Westminster abbey, and the pictures by Pennell are characterized by the artist's blending of architectural accuracy with artistic feeling.

H. E. Krehbiel, musical critic of the New York Tribune, supplements the article on Liszt by Saint-Saens in the February number with a short sketch of M. Saint-Saens himself, which is illustrated by a full-page portrait. It will be worth while to follow him. Farrat is expected to take a prominent part in the musical program of the World's fair. The "Letters of Gen. and Senator Sherman" are continued, dealing in the present number with financial and other matters relating to the closing of the war. Gen. Sherman speaks with great frankness and familiarity of Grant, of the burning of Columbia, and of various topics connected with his own personality, while Senator Sherman writes chiefly of political matters, with brotherly

admonitions in regard to the revolt against Andrew Johnson.

Owing for March is an excellent number containing many interesting articles of fiction, sport and travel, and as usual carries fine illustrations. The contents are as follows: "Chasers and Chasing in Ireland," by Capt. T. Blackwell; "Shooting in Japan," by S. Hartman; "The Flagellante's Sin," by Ernest M. Reuter; "A Fisherman through the Ice," by Ed W. Sandy; "Elder Shooting in Cape Breton," by W. H. Mac; "Lent's 'World Tour' Awhirl"; "Track Athletes at Yale," by S. Scoville Jr.; "Through Darkest America" (concluded), by Mrs. K. White; "Yachting Around San Francisco Bay," by W. H. Mac; "The Royal Artillery Guard of Ohio" by Lieut. W. H. C. Bowen, U. S. A.; "Harry's Career at Yale" (concluded), by John Seymour Wood; "A Dog's Ghost," by Geoff; "The Tell-tale Mirror," by Herman Kave; "A Glimpse of the Northland," by F. Houghton, and the usual editorials, poems, records, etc.

In the Popular Science Monthly for March, Professor C. Hanford Henderson completes his illustrated account of "The Glass Industry," describing the gradual advance of glassmaking in America from 1800 to the present time. A strange change of life and colors times is depicted by Col. A. B. Ellis's paper on "White Slaves and Bond Servants in the Plantations." An explanation of "The Decrease of Rural Population" is given by John C. Rose. Under the title "Agricultural Education," Professor Clarence M. Weed describes, with illustrations, the operations of spraying fruit trees with insecticides and fungicides. Grant Allen's study of "The Social Life of the Tree Worshippers" is continued in this number. Edith Sellers tells "The Story of a Colony of Epileptics," which gives excellent testimony to the beneficial effect of steady training in nervous diseases. The Brooklyn Club Association, a society for the study of social problems by scientific methods, is described by Dr. Lewis G. James, its president.

Other articles are "Notes on Palaeopathology," by Dr. R. W. Shufeldt; "The Schiele Monument at Stockholm," by Pope Leo XIII; "An Illustrated Sketch of Robert Hare," with portrait. In the editor's table, "The Everlasting Ghost," "A Shattered Argument," and "Stoves without Flues" are dealt with.

The most striking article in the Illustrated News for March 4 is devoted to Pope Leo XIII's visit, and a masterly portrait of the leading figure in European diplomatic circles, bringing out the salient features of a policy which has raised the tottering throne of Peter to the apex of power. The vigorous and profound knowledge displayed in this article mark it as the work of a writer of no mere pretensions. It plays throughout the characteristics of the student and the thinker, and the puzzle for the public to solve is: Who is the author?

The Cosmopolitan offers \$100, in four prizes of \$100, \$200, \$100, and \$100 respectively, to be given for water color drawings, which shall be chosen by a committee from such drawings as may be submitted by the artists of the United States or Europe on or before 12 o'clock on Dec. 1, 1893. The subjects are to be selected from the life of Christ, taking those scenes of his life which best illustrate the lessons of love, patience, humility and forbearance, with fidelity, as far as may be, to the actual surroundings and conditions of the period.

The premium should be calculated for the artist's reward, in the Cosmopolitan, in size five by eight inches. The subjects to be suitable, as far as possible, for use in stained glass for church or cathedral. The originals for which prizes are awarded will become the property of the Cosmopolitan, and the drawings should be shipped securely packed and addressed: "Submitted to Art Committee, Cosmopolitan Magazine, Eighth Avenue and Eleventh street, New York," and in the upper left-hand corner, "Not to be opened before first day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-three."

Worthington's Magazine for March is a royal number. Evidently this vigorous young magazine is growing and thriving, since though exceptionally bright from the start, each number steadily gains in interest, attractiveness and popularity. In addition to the varied tastes and requirements of the American family at home, proves its ability to give valuable points to many an older and more experienced periodical.

One number opens with a superbly illustrated article upon "The Chicago Women's Club," written by Sara A. Underwood, one of its prominent literary members. It is of timely interest to all progressive people in these close-of-the-century days, aptly called in Victor Hugo, "The Woman Era." Besides the various methods of work, educational, social, philanthropic and reformatory, many pleasant personal items are given for the study of social problems by special lines of activity and usefulness.

The article is lavishly illustrated with views of rooms and buildings occupied by the club, the Woman's Temple, (W. C. T. U.) and porches, and greatly to the interest and value of the paper. The thousands of club women, and members of the W. C. T. U. all over the United States will find this article of great interest, as depicting one of the most striking signs of the times—the active part that women are taking, with courage, energy and wisdom, in the most important practical forms of the world's work.

Mr. Howells is most certainly to be congratulated upon the vicinity of his residence, the cleverness of his association with which he is depicting the Bohemian artist life of New York city in his latest novel, "The Coast of Bohemia." This charming story is one of the most noticeable features of the March number of the Ladies' Home Journal. Miss Dickens' reminiscences of her famous father are made particularly interesting by some touching illusions to his visit to the United States.

Miss Harriet Ogden Morison, the American expert on ecclesiastical em-

broideries, contributes several original designs for Advent Lenten church services, as well as several designs for liturgical vestments. Edward W. Boggs discusses the problem "Does Poetry Pay?" and John Lambert Payne gives a delightful essay on "The Secret of Happy Marriages." Mrs. Hamilton Mott gives in detail a description of "An Afternoon with the Monarchs of the Monarchs," and information may be gleaned by intending hostesses. Lucy Hamilton Hooper contributes a sketch of "The First Lady of France," Madame Carnot, and Grace Bassett is equal in happy in her delineation of "The Author of 'The Scarlet Letter'." Women who know little of the exigencies of business life, and women who have money to invest, will find the articles on "Bank Rules and Requirements," "Investment in Stocks and Bonds," of great value. A full page of reminiscence is in full page of Palmer Cox's mimetic "Brownies," and young people with a trio of "Games For March Evenings." A dainty love story, "Between Love and Death," by Sara Par, illustrated by Alice Barber Stephen, and Mrs. Mallon's illustrated pages of "Special Styles in Bodices" and "Dainty Models in Knitting."

The Parasol discusses "The Division of the Family Income," and Miss Hooper talks intelligently of "Pressing of Unusual Figures." Ebenezer E. Rexford tells of the care of "Greenhouse and Window Plants," and the author of "How to Train the Children" is to be congratulated for "Before They Go," and Maude Haywood of "Modeling in Clay." Altogether, the March Journal, with its artistic cover, and its admirable contents, cannot fail to please the reader. The Ladies' Home Journal is published by the Curtis Publishing company, of Philadelphia, for 10 cents per number and \$1 per year.

The March number of "Tales From Town Topics," which is No. 7 of the series, shows no abatement of vivacious stories, and the new prize novelties that started the series, entitled "The Queen of the King," written by Adrian Shaw Van Westrum, is particularly thrilling and successful piece of fiction. It is the story of a foreign adventurer, who attempts to win the hand of a rich American heiress, but is balked in the game just on the eve of victory. The game is a shooting match, and is marked by strong character drawing and dramatic action. The collection of short stories, sketches, poems and witicism is as sparkling and spicy as one could wish. Altogether, "Tales From Town Topics," No. 7, is a readable and clever book that all smart people must enjoy. Town Topics, 21 West Twenty-third street, New York.

It is interesting to note the broad and popular side of Prof. Judson's reform. One might suspect that he is a Republican in politics, but he is almost wholly free from bias. He has a warm side for Mr. Blaine, particularly for the broad conceptions and aims of Mr. Blaine's latter years. Prof. Judson gives great emphasis to the present significance of the Monroe doctrine, and nothing could be more timely than his discussion of this subject. His tribute to the late Justice Lamar is one which that distinguished statesman's friends will appreciate, and with good reason. Upon the whole, Mr. Judson's

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## HEARD ON THE TRAIN.

Bill Nye Writes About the Hard Lot of a Lecturer and Relates Some Stories.

The Yarn Spun by a Lawyer on His Way to Catch Tarpon in Florida.

How a Dutchman Earned a Home Which a Land Shark Was Trying to Steal.

In the past week we have been traveling through frost and snow and tears and cold sheets up to our armpits. Let those who like this style of business help themselves to it. I do not wonder that English lecturers like Dr. Joseph Parker after a few faintlike leaps from Minneapolis to Memphis adjourn and go back to England, where you can lecture in London one evening and take breakfast in Paris the next morning if you wish.



TWO MEN TO MAKE LAUGHS.

Here one tears himself away from an audience that has just learned to love him, and changing his evening dress in the cabin, his way to the 10:10 train rides till 2:30 a.m., gets out at a station where there is a well and a liberty pole and waits two hours for the freight on which he rides all day, eating what the engineer doesn't want, and at 7 o'clock he drops fainting into the arms of an old acquaintance who wants to take him out to his country home in a cutter. The thermometer is 20° cold, or at least it would be 20° if it had not been for the wind for three weeks and caused to be cold.

The manager advertises 200 lamps in two hours," and before it is given a picture of the two men who are to practice them. It is made on the spot just before the curtain goes up.

For another, a lawyer on the way to catch tarpon in Florida, goes down there every winter after Christmas, and lets the warm breezes blow the tobacco smoke and country air and the odor of the jinnyroot out of his clothes.

He was telling about fighting an election return a few years ago in his state. He was sent by the county attorney to get hold of the matter, for he was sure the count was fraudulent, yet did not see how.

The lawyer went up to the county seat and asked to see the returns. The count had been close. Both had been defeated by a majority of 55 votes, and this majority was in one of the cities. The lawyer, Mr. Paine, had to face the fact that that preained. It was East Jasperville. The figures were O. K. as made by the county board, though a great error had been made the other way by the precinct in its count.

Then the lawyer asked for the bag containing the ballots. It was brought to him with the ballots still in it. The county board had only cut open the bottom, leaving the seal of the top undisturbed. The ballots had been recomputed by the board, and found correct, with enough extra ballots to defeat Box.

But the seal was evidently intact. The mouth of the bag was closed and a ridge of dark green wax run over it along the fold or lap of the envelope.

It was pretty clear that, whether there was fraud or not, it was past the detection of the human eye.

In the evening, however, the lawyer asked the local attorney some questions and had the express agent come over to the house for awhile.

Next day the trial began. The usual business had been gone through with. Each lawyer had said "I object" a number of times to make time, the court had overruled the objection, and the attorney had asked that the objection be noted, together with the ruling of the court.

Finally, after all the questions had been asked, and the lawyer was about to rest, he called the express agent and had the ballot bag and seal examined. Then the lawyer cleared his throat and said:

"Mr. Garman, state your business."

"I am an express agent in this town."

"State, if you please, if you have had any experience in sealing and unsealing express packages."

"Yes, sir. I have done that sort of work for 20 years, more or less."

"And you sometimes have to seal a package and then reseal it? How do you do it?"

I plow a furrow with a hot, pointed instrument along the sealed line of the envelope, and before the tools cool I pull it apart. Then after I have examined the contents to see if they are all right I close the envelope exactly as it was and run a little wax in the furrow I made so as to round it out, and there is your package again all right."

"Are there other agents who do this?"

"There are. It is generally understood among them, but it is considered best not to give it out to the public for obvious reasons. We generally confine it to our own matters—that is, express matters of the company and not the public's business."

"Examine this envelope and see if it has been tampered with."

After examining it he answered:

"Yes, it has."

"Come over to the light and state to the jury how it has been monkeyed with, please."

"Well, it has been unsealed in the way I spoke of, and then a wax seal lighter has been used to fill up the furrow. Besides," said he, "the original wax was put on by heating it over a candle, while the other job was done by an artificer with an electric lamp."

"Then the jury themselves could see it and the tallowy surface of the old sealing. It was clear enough, so that the clerk's count was thrown out, and Box was elected."

Afterward it was learned that the East Jasperville express agent had for \$50 gone in over the transom and changed the returns of East Jasperville as above and resold the bag, so that only the genuineness of the lawyer had found him out.

This should teach us that when we enter politics we had better forget the teachings we received at our mother's knee and lead a life of sin as soon as we can get at it."

"Tell me another," exclaimed two or three voices in the smoking car as half a dozen bright, young commercial men gathered around the old man's seat.

"Well," says he, looking at his watch, "I guess go back very soon to where my wife is in the other car. She always claims that I get into a hard gang as soon as I've got a nice settled in a car and then go and desert her, she says, to smoke and tell stories, and then I come back and sit facing her four minutes till she goes to sleep, and then I go back again to where the men folks are."

"I could tell you a little experience I have which I failed to take my fee."

"What is it?"

"I guess—well, I'll tell you."

and brought suit for title or to eject Mr. Schwartz from the land so that he could cut it up into lots and sell homes for \$300 to \$500 each out of it."

"It seems that the land was in the shape of a fatiron. He had a rude map of it. When he went up there on the lake, he was a fisherman, and his wife did sewing, so that they had a little money aside. One day a kind friend told Schwartz that this 30 or 40 acres was for pre-emption and he could get it at government price, so he took the money and bought the land, but by means of ignorance and carelessness of some one else, it was not duly recorded.

"Now, the shark had started out for it and said that he had money enough to wear out the old man, also that the old man could show no title."

"Schwartz told the lawyer that he could show undisputed possession of the land for 25 years anyhow, and also told the whole history of their simple lives up there on the sandy shores of the lake."

"The lawyer got the whole case, set up uninterrupted possession and had the boundaries supported with a legal survey. The surveyor came back with the same outlines substantially, with locality of house, barn, meadow, and in one corner facing the lake the word "grave."

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"Now, the shark had started out for it and said that he had money enough to wear out the old man, also that the old man could show no title!"—Exchange.

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## CO-OPERATIVE STORE

Mrs. Mendenhall Continues a Review of Mrs. Peirce's Work on the Features of Co-operation.

An Interesting Criticism on the Many Who Are Self-Sacrificing in an Unwise Manner.

A Great Housekeeping Revolution Said to be Necessitated by the Spirit of the Age.

Mrs. Pierce's remarks on her co-operative store rule that "all transactions must be strictly cash." All services to be voluntary except bookkeeping and portage, which must be paid, until success is secured. The store to be open only twice a week at first. The business to be managed by an executive committee of not less than nine or more than thirteen, elected by the members. The members to hold monthly, and the managers weekly business meetings, at which the treasurer shall always exhibit the state of finances. The only kind of co-operative store," she continued, "advocate as the basis for co-operative housekeeping is the Rochdale store, which is at present a retail store, and accumulates profit for its members. The celebrated aristocratic co-operative stores of London, which sell at cost, could not possibly serve as the foundation of co-operative housekeeping.

"The members, to avoid expense of much book-keeping must keep their own account, and other ticked up a face value corresponding to the amount of the purchase money, which they at stated intervals return to the store as evidence to be then and there recorded on their own pages of the amount of the purchases.

"Friends must be credited in proportion to purchases. Profits should not be drawn out, but lent to the association, without interest until the store is stocked and there is sufficient surplus to rent some adjoining room, and fit it up for a shop. Now, the bakery is a success financially and in quality of product must another department be attempted. After that open a meat, soup and vegetable kitchen.

"A last but indispensable element of success is applied in itself. It is the members who do not co-operate, give their store their faithful custom it cannot live. Every device must be employed, at the start, to keep down expenses and to increase profits, until the business is learned. The salaries of the officers must be the reward of their success, and every man, woman and child of men, lies in union, and their weakness, and any wrongs that as a class they may suffer, result from this state of disintegration, of absolute practical separation from each other, in which they have been living since, not they, but their 'lords and masters' began to have a history."

"It is extremely ignorant and over-worked English artisans—of Rochdale who toiled twelve hours a day could open a store, and make a success of it in the course of time.

"Now, as everybody knows, it is always twenty-five or fifty bright American girls between 15 and 25, with their whole time at their disposal, do as much? Educated girls should go every morning to their business of earning their daily bread as regularly as do the educated young men, and the result of the work of these girls, on leaving school, and college, would gladly go thus to their daily work if they were any work provided appropriate for them to do, instead of spending their priceless years of health, strength, hope, spirit, vigor, elasticity and freshness of mind, and a freedom from matrons to do the most abominable loafing, and causing young men to fear taking them in marriage, lest they be a life long burden.

"Educated woman is essentially a fastidious and dainty creature. Her father, brother and husband do no such manual labor. As their education is what appropriateness, then, is there in their doing it? And since that is the only work the domestic circle offers her, is it any wonder that it is so repulsive to her that she considers not having to do it a blessing? Every educated girl between 15 and 25, with her whole time at her disposal, do as much? Educated girls should go every morning to their business of earning their daily bread as regularly as do the educated young men, and the result of the work of these girls, on leaving school, and college, would gladly go thus to their daily work if they were any work provided appropriate for them to do, instead of spending their priceless years of health, strength, hope, spirit, vigor, elasticity and freshness of mind, and a freedom from matrons to do the most abominable loafing, and causing young men to fear taking them in marriage, lest they be a life long burden.

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We can easily discover others' errors of judgment. Let us look at our own, "Know thyself." The mother, who loves her child so well that she humors it, in trying to make it happy, when she ought to teach it self control and love for others, is "not a good mother."

Man is a headstrong boy, but found a miserable ending because a mother loved him "not wisely, but too well."

We must sacrifice wisely, and love wisely.

My heart ached for an old woman; the only support, unfailing, for a family of six who had lost their father.

She was in constant pain, and I was considering finding someone to care for her.

"My husband is 74; blind in one eye, and has Bright's disease. He was a good man to work, when he was able.

My oldest boy is good when sober, and brings his mother home when he gets so noisy and bad when drunk. The other day I had to knock him down with a boot. I locked him up in his room; we were afraid of him. His brother, in the night, tried to keep him quiet, but I could not let him go, because he was afraid two brothers were struggling together. The other son has softening of the brain, and gets cunning and dangerous; my girl is delicate and going to school, she helps all she can. I have this leg," which she showed me, swollen, ulcerated, and asteriated, when she came to see me. I was afraid to sleep at night, with it, but I have to be on my feet taking care of my house, and it was neat and clean, even to bedding, "and attending to my business, too. I am 65. I used to be such a tender mother, and a good housekeeper. I sometimes think I cannot bear longer, but some days make me feel don't, and happiness for myself," she pathetically ended. "I only want to make my family happy and comfortable."

I thought her self-sacrificing enabling, but I said, "You get worse, yet you 30-year-old drunken mother, and so by you, or he must not kill you, when he will have no faithful servant and mother; you must have a chance to live."

It is right to take care of the drunken and the brain-unfeeling, but it comes a time when one must see whether an evil is benefit or evil to another. Then must come firmness to hold even pity and love in check, and often it is regeneration. We say the surgeon's knife is cruel, but what horrible death might sometimes come with it.

The first great demand of every kind of successful co-operation is self-sacrifice. Where self-sacrifice is mutual, will be successful "co-op" in any kind of effort. To conduct co-operative stores

by executive committees of which members are all equally responsible was one of the great discoveries of the Rochdale system. It was overlooked by the Cambridge co-operative housekeepers, for their sole responsible officer was their treasurer, Miss Kate Field's Co-operative Dressmaking association overlooked it, for that was managed by Miss Field herself, and others two highly paid assistants. Had Miss Field been one of an unpaid managing committee of twelve New York ladies, it would have been a brilliant success.

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